could not 'scape so neither, for looking about me fora Guide to carry me home again, I was arrested by one of the Dead; a good proper Fellow, only he had a pair of Ram's-horns on his Head; And I was about to falute him for Aries in the Zodiac: But when I faw him plant himfelf just before me, with his best Leg forward, ffretching out his Arms, clutching his Fifts, and looking as four as if he would have eaten me without Mustard; Doubtless (faid I) The Devilis Dead, and this is He. No, no, cry'd a By-stander This is a Man: Why then (faid I) he's Drunk, I perceive, and Quarrelfome in his Ale, for here's no body has touch'd him. With that, as he was just ready to fall on, I stood to my Guard, and we were arm'd at all points as like, only he had the odds of the Head-piece. Now, Sirrah, (fays he) Have at ye, Slave that you are, to make a Trade of defaming perfons of Honour. By the Death that commands here, I'll ha' my Revenge, and Turn your This infolent Language stirr'd my Skin over your Ears. Choler, I confess, and fo I call'd to him; Come, come on, Sirrah ; A little neaver yet, and if ye have a mind to be twice kill'd, I'll do your business: Who the Devil brought this Cornuto hither to trouble me? The word was no fooner out, but we were immediately at it, Tooth and Nail, and if his Horns had not been flatted to his Head, I might have had the worst on't. But the whole Ring prefently came in to part us, and did me a fingular kindness in't, for my Adversary had a Fork, and I had none. As they were Staving and Tayling; you might have had more Manners (cry'd one) than to give fuch Language to your Betters, and to call Don Diego Moreno Cuckold. And is this that Diego Moreno, then, faid I? Rascal that he his, to charge me with abusing Persons of Honour. A Scoundrel (faid I) that 'tis a shame for Death to be feen in's company, and was never fit for any thing in his whole life, but to furnish Matter for a Farce. And that's my Grievance, Gentlemen, (quoth Don Diego) for which with your Leave, he shall give me satisfaction. I do not stand upon the matter of being a Cuckold, for there's many a brave Fellow lives in Cuckolds-Row. But why does he not name others as well as me? As if the Horn grew upon no bodies Head but mine: I'm fure, there are Others that a thousand times better deserve it; I hope be cannot fay that ever I gor'd any of my Superiors, or that my being Cornuted has rais'd the Price of Post-Horns, Lanthorns, or Pocket-Inkhorns. Are not Shoeing-horns and Knifebandles, as cheap now as ever? Why must I walk the Stage then more than my Neighbours? Beyond question, there never liv'd a more peaceable Wretch upon the face of the Earth, all things confider'd, than my felf. Never Los end 3, the Second

was Man freer from Jealoufie, or more careful to flep afide at the time of Visit: For I was ever against the spoiling of fport, when I could make none my felf. I confess, I was not fo charitable to the Poor as I might have been; the truth of it is, I watch'd them as a Cat would do a Mouse, for I did not love them. But then in Requital. I could have out-fnorted the feven Sleepers, when any of the better fort came to have a Word in private with my Wife. The short on't is, We agreed bleffedly well together, she and I; for I did whatever she would have me ; and the would fay a thousand and a thousand times, Long live my poor Diego, the best condition'd, the most complaisant Husband in the World; whatever I do is well done, and he never so much as opens his Mouth good or bad. But by her leave, that was little to my Credit, and the Jade when the faid it, was beside the Cushion. For many and many a time have I faid. This is Well, and That's Ill. When there came any Poets to our House, Fidlers or Morice-Dancers, I would fay, This is not well. But when the rich Merchants came, Oh very good, would I fay, this is as well as well can be. Sometime we had the hap to be visited by some Pennyles Courtier, or Low-Country Officer perchance; then should I take her alide, and rattle her to ome Tune: Sweet-heart, would I fay, Pray'e, What ha' we to do with these Frippery Fellows, and Damme Boys? shake them off, I'd advise ye, and take this for a Warning. But when any came that had to do with the Mint or the Exchequer, and spent freely, (for lightly come, lightly go) I marry, my Dear, (quoth 1) there's nothing to be loft by keeping fuch Company. And where's the hurt of all this now? Nay on the Contrary, my poor Wife enjoy'd her felf happily under the protection of my Shadow, and being a Feme Coverte, not an Officer durft come near her. Why thould this Buffoon of a Poetaster now make me still the ridiculous Entertainment of all his Interludes and Farces, and the Fool in the Play? By your Favour (quoth I) we are not yet upon even Terms; and before we part, you shall know what 'tis to provoke a Poet. If thou wert but now alive, I'd Write the to Death, as Archilocus did Lycambes. And I'm refolv'd to put the History of thy Life in a Satyr, as sharp as Vinegar, and give it the Name of the Life and Death of Don Diego Moreno. It shall go hard (quoth he') but I'll prevent that, and so we fell to't again, Hand and Foot, till at length the very fancy of a Scuffle wak'd me, and I found my felf as weary as if it had been a real Combat. I began then to reflect upon the Particulars of my Dream, and to consider what Advantage I might draw from it; for the Dead are past fooling, and Those are the foundest Counsels, which we receive from such as advise us without either Passion or Interest. The end of the Second Vision. THE

THE

THIRD VISION,

OF

The LAST JUDGMENT.



OMER makes JUPITER the Author or Inspirer of Dreams; especially the Dreams of Princes and Governors: And if the matter of them be Pious and Important. And it is likewise the Judgment of the Learned Properties, That Good Dreams came from above, have their weight, and ought not to be slighted. And tru-

ly I am much of his Mind, in the case of a Dream I had the other Night. As I was reading a Discourse touching the End of the World, I stell asleep over the Book, and Dreamt of the Last Judgment. (A Thing which in the House of a Poet is scarce admitted, so much as in a Dream.) This fancy minded me of a Passage in Claudian; That all Creatures dream at Night of what they have heard and seen in

the Day: As the Hound dreams of Hunting the Hare.

Methought I faw a very handsome Youth towring in the Air, and sounding of a Trumpet; but the forcing of his Breath, did indeed take off much of his Beauty. The very Marbles, I perceived, and the Dead obey'd his Call; for in the same moment the Earth began to open, and fet the Bones at Liberty, to feek their Fellows. The first that appear'd , were Sword-Men; As Generals of Armies, Captains, Lieutenants, Common-Soldiers; who supposing that it had founded a Charge, came out of their Graves, with the same Briskness and Resolution, as if they had been The Mifers put their going to an Affault, or a Combat. Heads out, all Pale and Trembling, for fear of a Plunder. The Cavaliers and Good Fellows believed they had been going to a Horse-Race, or a Hunting-Match. And in fine, though they all heard the Trumpet, there was not any Creature knew the meaning of it (for I could read their Thoughts by their Looks and Gestures.) After this there appear'd a great many Souls; whereof fome came up to their their Bodies; though with much Difficulty and Horror: Others ftood wondring at a distance, not daring to come near so hideous and frightful a Spectacle. This wanted an Arm, That an Eye, Tother a Head. Upon the whole, though I could not but simile at the prospect of so strange a variety of Figures; yet was it not without just matter of Admiration at the All-powerful Providence, to see Order drawn out of Consission, and every part restor'd to the right Owner. I dreamt my self then in a Courch-yard, and there, methought, divers that were loth to appear, were changing of Heads; and an Asturney would have Demurr'd, upon Pretence, that He had got a Soul was none of his Own, and that his Body and Soul were not fellows.

At length, when the whole Congregation came to understand, that This was the Day of Judgment, it was worth the while, to observe what shifting and shussling there was among the Wicked. The Epicure and Whoremaster would not own their Eyes, nor the Standerer his Tongue, because they'd be fure to appear in Evidence against them. The Pick-Pockets ran away as hard as they could drive from their own Fingers. There was one that had been Embalm'd in Egypt, and flaying for his Tripes, an Old Ufurer ask'd him, if the Bags were to rife with the Bodies? I could have laugh'd at this Question, but I was presently taken up with a crowd of Cut-purfes, running full speed from their own Ears (that were offer'd them again) for fear of the fad Stories they expected to hear. I faw all this from a convenient Standing; and in the Instant, there was an Outcry at my Feet, Withdraw, Withdraw. word was no sooner given, but down I came, and immediately a great many Handsome Ladies put forth their Heads, and call'd me Clown, for not paying them that Respect and Ceremony which belong'd to their Quality (now you must know that the Women stand upon their Pantoffles, even in Hell it felf.) They feem'd at first very Gay and Frolick; and truly, well enough pleas'd to be feen naked, for they were clean skin'd and well made. But when they came to understand that this was the Great Day of Account, their Consciences took Check, and all the Jollity was dash'd in a moment: Whereupon they took to a Valley, miserably Listless, and out of Humour: There was One among the reft, that had had Seven Husbands, and promis'd every one of them never to marry again, for the could never love any thing else she was fure: This Lady was casting about for Fetches, and Excuses, and what Answer the should make to that Point. Another that had been as common as Ratcliffe High-Hay, Would neither Lead nor Drive, and stood Humming and Hawing a good while, pretending

the had forgot her Night-Geer, and fuch Fooleries; but fpite of her Heart, she was brought at last within fight of the Throne; where she found a World of her old Acquaintance that she had carry'd part of their way to Hell; who had no fooner fet Eye on her, but they fell a Pointing and Hooting, fo that she took up her Heels, and herded her self in a Troop of Serjeants. After this, I saw a many People driving a Physician along the Bank of a Riyer, and these were only such as he had unnecessarily dispatcht before their time. They follow'd him with Cries of Justice, Justice, and forc'd him on toward the Judgin ment-Seat, where they arriv'd in the end with much ado. While this pass'd, I heard, methought, upon my Lefthand, a Padling in the Water, as if one had been Swimming; And what should this be, but a Judge in the middle of a River, washing and rinfing his hands over and over. I ask'd him the meaning of it; and he told me, That in his Lifetime he had been often dawb'd in the Fift, to make the business slip the better, and he would willingly get out the Grease before he came to hold up his Hand at the Bar. There follow'd next a Multitude of Vintners and Taylors, under the Guard of a Legion of Devils, arm'd with Rods, Whips, Cudgels, and other Instruments of Correction: And these counterfeited themselves Deaf, and were very loath to leave their Graves, for fear of a worse Lodging. As they were paffing on, up ftarted a little Lawyer, and ask'd whither they were going? They made Answer, That they were going to give an account of their Works. With that the Lawyer threw himfelf flat upon his Belly in his Hole again. If I am to go downward at last, (says he) I am thus much onward on my way. The Vinter sweat as he walk'd, till one drop follow'd another; That's well done; cry'd a Devil at's Bellow, to purge out thy Water, that we may have none in our Wine. There was a Taylor Wrapt up in Sarcenets, Crook-finger'd, and Baker-legg'd, spake not one word all the way he went, but Alas! Alas! how can any Man be a Thief that dies for want of Bread? But his Companions gave him a Rebuke for difcrediting his Trade. The next that appeared were a Band of High-way Men, following upon the heels one of another, in great Distrust and Jealousy of Thieves among themselves. These were setch'd up by a Party of Devils in the turning of a hand, and lodg'd with the Taylors: For (faid one of the Company) your Highway-Man is but a Wild Taylor. They were a little Quarrelfome at first, but in the conclusion, they went down into the Valley and Kennel'd quietly together. After these came Folly with her Gang of Poets, Fidlers, Lovers and Fencers; The People of all the World

World, that Dream the least of a Day of Reckoning: These were disposed of among the Hangmen, Jews, Scribes and Philosophers. There were also a great many Solicitors, wondring among themselves, that they should have so much Conscience when they were Dead, and none at all Li-

ving. In fine, the Word was given, Silence,

The Throne being Erected, and the Great Day come: A Day of Comfort to the Good, and of Terror to the Wicked. The Sun and the Stars waited on the Fcot-stool; the Wind was still; the Water quiet; the Earth in Suspense and Anguish for fear of her Children: And in brief, the whole Creation was in Anxiety and Diforder. The Righteous they were employ'd in Prayers and Thanksgivings; and the ungodly in framing of Shifts and Evafions, to Extenuate their Pains. The Guardian Angels were at hand on the one fide, to acquit themselves of their Duties and Commissions: And on the other side. were the Devils hunting for more matters of Aggravation and Charge against Offenders. The Ten Commandments had the Guard of a Narrow Gate, which was fo ferait, that the most mortify'd Body could not pass it, without leaving a good part of his Skin behind him.

On one Hand there were in Multitudes; Diffraces, Misfortunes, Plagues, Griefs and Troubles; All in a Clamour against the Physicians. The Plague confess'd indeed, that the had ftruck many; but 'twas the Dottor did their builnefs. Melancholy and Difgrace faid the like; and Misfortunes of all forts made open Protestation, that they never brought any Man to his Grave, without the Helpand Advice of a Doctor. So that the Gentlemen of the Faculty were call'd to Account for those they had kill'd. They took their Places upon a Scaffold, with Pen, Ink, and Paper about them; and still as the Dead were call'd, some or other of them answered to the Name, and declared the Year and Day, when such a Patient passed through his

Hand.

They began the Inquiry at Adam, who, methought, was feverely handled about an Apple. Alas! (cry'd Judas that was by) if that were such a fault, what will become of me that fold and betray'd my Lord and Mafter? Next came the Patriarchs, and then the Apostles, who took their Places by St. Peter. It was worth the noting, that at this Day there was no Distinction between Kings and Beggars, before the Judgment Seat. Herod and Pilate, fo foon as they put out their Heads, found it was like to go hard with them. My Judgment is just (quoth Pilate.) Alack! (cry'd Herod) What have I to trust to; Heaven is no place for me, and in Limbo I should fall among the Innocents I have Murther'd; fo that without more ado, I must e'en

take

take up my Lodging in Hell: The common Receptacle of

Notorious Malefactors.

There came in immediately upon this, a kind of a fowre rough-hewn Fellow; Look ye (fays he) itretching out his Arm, here are my Letters. The Company wonder'd at his humour, and askt the Porter, What he was? Which he himfelf over-hearing, I am (quoth he) a Master of the Noble Science of Defence: And plucking out several feal'd Parchments; These (said he) are the At-testations of my Exploits. At which word, all his Testimonials fell out of his Hand, and a Couple of Devils would fain have whipt them up, to have brought them in Evidence against him at his Tryal; but the Fencer was too nimble for them, and took them up himself. which time, an Angel offer'd him his Hand to help him in; but he, for fear of an Attack, leapt a step backward, and with great Agility, alonging withal. Now, (fays he) if ye think fit, I'll give ye a Taste of my Skill. The Company fell a Laughing, and this Sentence was Past upon him; That fince by his Rules of Art, he had occasioned so many Duels and Murthers; He should himself go to the Devil by a Per-pendicular Line. He pleaded for himself, that he was no Mathematician, and knew no such Line; but while the word was in his Mouth a Devil came up to him, gave him a turn and a half, and down he tumbled.

After him, came the Treasurers, and such a Cry following them, for Cheating and Stealing, that some said the Thieves were coming; others faid no; and the Company was divided upon't. They were much troubled at the Word, Thieves, and defir'd the benefit of Council to plead their Caufe. And very good reason (said one of the Devils) Here's a discarded Apostle that has Executed both Offices, let them take him; where's Judas? When the Treafurers heard that, they turn'd aside, and by chance, spy'd in a Devil's Hand, a huge Roll of Accusations ready drawn into a formal Charge against them. With that, one of the boldest among them: Away, away, (cry'd he) with these Informations; We'll rather come to a Fine and Compound, though it were for Ten or Twenty Thousand Years in Purgatory. Ha! Ha! (quoth the Devil, a cunning Snap that drew up the Charge,) if ye are upon those Terms, ye are hard put to't. Whereupon the Trea-Surers, being brought to a forc't put, were e'en glad to make the best of a bad Game, and follow the Fencer.

These were no sooner gone, but in came an unlucky Pastry-Man; they ask'd him, if he would be try'd. That's e'en as't hits; (faid he.) At that word, the Devil that manag'd the Cause against him, prest his Charge and laid it home

home to him, that he had put off Cats for Hares; and fill'd his Pyes with Bones, instead of Flesh; and not only so, but that he had fold Horfeflesh, Dogs and Foxes, for Beef and Mutton. Upon the Islue, it was prov'd against him, that Noah never had fo many Animals in his Ark, as this poor Fellow had put in his Pyes, (for we read of no Rats and Mice there) fo that he e'en gave up his Cause, and went away to fee if his Oven were hot. Next, came the Philosophers with their Syllogifms, and it was no ill Entertainment, to hear them Chop Logick, and put all their Expositulations, in Mood and Figure. But the pleasantest People in the World were the Poets, who infifted upon it, that they were to be try'd by Jupiter: And to the Charge of Worshipping false Gods, their answer was, that through them they wor shipt the True One, and were rather mistaken in the Name than in the Worship. Virgit had much to say for himself, for his Sicelides Musa; but Orpheus interrupted him; who being the Father of the Poets, defired to be heard for them all. What He? (cry'd one of the Devils) Yes; for teaching that Boys Were better Bedfellows than Wenches; but the Women had Comb'd his Coxcomb for him, if they could have catcht him. Away with him to Hell once again, then they cry'd, and let him get out now if he can. So they all filld off, and orpheus was their Guide, because he had been there once before. So foon as the Poets were gone, there knockt at the Gate a Rich Penurious Chuff; but 'twas told him, that the Ten Commandments kept it, and that he had not kept them. It is impossible, (quoth he) under favour, to prove that ever I broke any One of them. And so he went to justifie himself from point to point: He had done this and that; and he had never done that nor t'other; but in the end, he was deliver'd over to be rewarded according to his Works. And then came on a Company of House breakers. and Robbers: So dextrous, fome of them, that they fav'd themselves from the very Ladder. The Scriveners, and Atturneys, observing that; Ah! Thought they, if we could but pass for Thieves now! And yet they set a Face good enough upon the business too: Which made Judas and Mahomet hope well of themselves; for (said they) if any of these Fellows come off, there's no fear of us: Whereupon they advanc'd boldly, with a Resolution to take their Tryal; which fet the Devils all a Laughing. The Guardian-Angels of the Scriveners, and Atturneys, mov'd that the Evangelists might be of their Council, which the Devils oppos'd; for, (faid they) we shall infift only upon the matter of Fath, and leave them without any possibility of Reply, or Excuse. We might indeed content our selves with the bare proof of what they are; for 'tis Crime enough

that they are Scriveners and Atturneys. With that, the Scriveners deny'd their Trade, alledging that they were Secretaries, and the Atturneys call'd themselves Solicitors. All was faid in effect, that the Case would bear; but the beit part of their Plea was Church-member-ship. And in fine, after several Replications and Rejoynders, they were all fent to Old Nick; fave only two or three that found Mercy. Well (cry'd one of the Scriveners,) This 'tisto keep lesud Company! The Devils called out then, to clear the Bar, and faid they should have occasion for the Scriveners themfelves, to enter Protestations in the Quality of Publick Notaries, against lawless and disorderly People: But the poor Wretches it feems, could not hear on that Ear. To fay the Truth, the Christians were much more troublesome than the Pagans, which the Devils took exceeding Ill; but they had this to fay for themselves, that they were Christened when they were Children, so that 'twas none of their Fault, and their Parents must answer for't. Judas and Mahomet took fuch Courage, when they faw two or three of the Scriveners, and Atturneys fav'd, that they were just upon the point of Challenging their Clergy; but they were prevented by the Doctor I told you of, who was fet first to the Bar, in Company with an Apothecary, and a Barber, when a certain Devil, with a great Bundle of Evidences in his Hand, inform'd the Court, that the greatest part of the Dead there present, were sent thither by the Dostor then at the Bar, in Confederacy with his Apothecary, and Barber, to whom they were to acknowledge their Obligation for that fair Affembly. An Angel then interpoling for the Defendant, recommended the Apothecary for a Charitable Person, and one that Physick'd the Poor for nothing: No matter for that, (cry'd the Devil) for I have him in my Books, and am able to prove, that he has killed more People with two little Boxes, than the King of Spain has done with Two thousand Barrels of Powder, in the Low Country Wars. All his Medicines are corrupted, and his Compositions hold a perfect Intelligence with the Plague: He has utterly un-peopled a couple of his Neighbour Villages, in a matter of three Weeks time. The Doctor he let fly upon the Pothecary too, and faid he would mantain against the whole College, that his Prescriptions were according to the Dispensatory: And if an Apothecary would play the Knave, or the Fool, and put in This for That, he could not helpit. So that withoutany more Words, the 'Pothecary was put to the Summer-falt, and the Doctor and Barber were brought off, at the Intercession of St. Cosimus and St. Damian.

After these, came a Dapper Lawyer, with a Tongue steep'd in Oyl, and a great Master of his Words and Actions; a most exquisite Flatterer, and no man better skill'd in the Art of moving the Passions than himself; or more ready at bolting a lucky Precedent at a dead lift; or at making the best of a bad Cause; for he had all the shifts and starting holes in the Law at his Finger's ends: But all this would not ferve; for the Verdict went against him, and he was Order'd to pay Cofts. In that Instant, there was a Discovery made of a Fellow that hid himself in a Corner, and look'd like a Spy; They ask'd him, what he was? He made answer, an Empyrick; What (faid a Devil) my Old Friend Ponteus: Alas! Alas! Thou hadit Ten thousand times better be in Covent-Garden now, or at Charing-Cross; for upon my word thou't have nothing to do here, unless, perhaps, for an Oynment for a Burn, or fo; and fo Pontaus went his way. The next that appear'd were a Company of Vintners, who were accused for Adulterating, and Mingling Water with their Wines. Their Plea was, that in Compensation they had furnish'd the Hospitals with Communion-Wine that was Right, upon Free-Coft; but this Excuse fignify'd as little, as that of the Taylors there prefent, who fuggested that they had cloth'd fo many Fryars Gratis; and fo they were dispatch'd away together. After these, follow'd a number of Banquiers, that had turn'd Bankrupt, to cozen their Creditors; who finding there several of their old Correspondents, that they had reduced to a Morfel of Bread, began to treat of Composition: But one of the Devils prefently cry'd out, All the rest have had enough to do to answer for themselves; but these People are to reckon for other Men's scores, as well as their own. And hereupon, they were forthwith fent away to Pluto with Letters of Exchange; but as it happen'd at that time, the Devil was out of Cash.

After this, enter'd a Spanish Cavalier, as Unright, as Juftice it self. He was a matter of a Quarter of an Hour in his Legs, and Reverences, to the Company. We could see no Head he had, for his Prodigious starch'd Russ thood staring up like a Turkey-Cocky-Tail, and cover'd it. In sine, it was so santastick a Figure, that the Porter was gaping at it, a good while, and ask'd if it were a Man, or no? It is a Man, (quoth the Spaniard) upon the Honour of a Cavalier, and his Name is Don Pedro Rhodomomodolo, &c. He was so long a telling his Name and Titles, that one of the Devil's burst out a Laughing in the middle of his Pedigree, and demanded, What he would be at? Glory, (quoth he) which they taking in the worse Sense, for Pride, sent him away immediately to Luci'er. He was a little severe

upon his Guides, for difordering his Maffachoes, but they help'd him prefently to a pair of Beard-Irons, and all was

well again.

In the next place, came a Fellow weeping and wailing: but my Maiters, (fays he) my Caufe is never the worie for my Crying; for it I would stand upon my Merits, I could tell ye that I have kept as good company, and had as much to do with the Saints as another Body. What have we here (cry'd one) Dioclesian or Nero? For they had enough to do with the Saints, though 'twere but to Perfecute them. But upon the Upshot, what was this poor Creature, but a finall officer, that fwept the Church. and dusted the Images and Pictures. His Charge was for flealing the Oyl out of the Lamps, and leaving all in the dark : pretending that the Owls and Jack-daws had drunk it up. He had a Trick too of Clothing himself out of the Church-Habits, which he got new-dy'd; and of Crumming his Porrage with confecrated Bread, that he Itole every Sunday. What he faid for himself, I know not; but he had his Mittimus, and took the Left-hand way at parting.

With that a Voice was heard, Make way there, clear the Passage: And this was for a Berry of handlom, buxom, Bono Roba's in their Caps and Feathers, that came Dancing, Laughing, and Singing of Ballads and Lampoons, and as merry as the Day was long. But they quickly chang'd their Note; for so soon as ever they saw the hideous Looks of the Devils, they fell into violent fits of the Mother; beating their Breaffs, and tearing their Hair with all the Horror and Fury imaginable. There was an Angel offer'd in their favour, that they had been great Frequenters of our Lady's Chapel: Yes, ves, (cry'd a Devil) less of her Chapel, and more of her Virtue, would have done well. There was a notable Whipster among the rest, that confess'd, the Devil had reason. And then her Tryal came on, for making a Cloak of a Sacrament; and only marrying, that the might play the Whore with Privilege, and never want a Father for her Bastards. It was her fortune alone to be condemn'd; and going along, Well! she cry'd, If I had thought 'twould have come to this, I should ne'er have troubled my felf with so many Masses.

And now, after long waiting, eame Judas and Mahomet upon the Stage, and to them Jack of Leyden: Up comes an Officer, and ask'd which of the three was Judas? I am he, quoth Jack of Leyden. Nay, but I am Judas, cry'd Mahomet. They're a couple of Lying Rascals, says Judas himself, for I am the Man, only the Rogues make use of my Name to save their Gredit. 'Tis true, I fold my Master once, and the World has been ever since the better for't: But

thefe

these Villains sell him and themselves too, every hour of the Day, and there follows nothing but Misery and Confusion. So they were all three packt away to their Dis-

ciples.

The Angel that kept the Book, found that the Serjeants and Remembrancers were to come on next; whereupon they were call'd, and appear'd: But the Court was not much troubled with them; for they confess'd Guilty at first word, and so were ty'd up without any more ado.

The next that appear'd was an Afrologer, loaden with Almanacks, Globes, Afrolabes, &c. making Proclamation as loud as he could bawl, that there must needs be a gross mistake in the reckoning; for Saturn had not finish'd his Course, and the World could not be yet at an end. One of the Devilsthat saw how he came provided, and look'd upon him as his own already: A provident Slave, (quoth he) I warrant him, to bring his firing along withhim. But this I must needs tell ye (says he to the Mathematician,) 'Tis a strange thing, ye should create so many Heavens in your Life, and go to the Devil for want of One after your Death. Nay for Going (cryed the Astrologer) ye shall excuse me; but if you'll carry me, Well and good. And immediately Order was given to carry him away and pay the Porter.

Hereupon methought, the Court rose; the Throne vanished; the Shadows and Darkness withdrew; the Air sweetned; the Earth was covered with Flowers; the Heavens clear; And then I waked; not a little satisfyed to find that after all this, I was still in my Bed, and among the Living. The Use I made of my Dream was this; I betook my self presently to my Prayers, with a firm Resolution of changing my Life, and putting my Soul into such a Frame of Piety and Obedience, that I might attend the coming of the Great Day with Peace and Comfort,

The End of the Third Vision.



THE

FOURTH VISION,

OF

LOVING FOOLS.



BOUT four a Clock in a Cold Frosty Morning, when it was much better being in a Warm Bed, with a good Bedsellow, than upon a Biere in the Courch-Tard; as I lay advising with my Pillow, Tumbling and Tosling a Thousand Love-Toys in my Head, I pass'd from one Fancy to a-

nother, till at last, I fell into a slumber; and there appear'd the Genius of Difabuse; Laying before me all the Follies, and Vanities of Love; and supporting her Opinions with great Authorities, and Reasons. I was carry'd then (methought I knew not how) into a fair Meadow: A Meadow, pleafant and agreeable infinitely beyond the very Fictions of your half-witted Poets, with all their farfetch'd Gilding, and Enamellings; for a Paper of Verses is worth nothing with them, unless they force Nature for't, and Rifle both the Indies. This Delicious Field was water'd with two Riv'lets; the One Bitter, the Other Sweet; and yet they mingled their Streams with a pretty kind of Murmur, equal perhaps to the best Musick in the World. The use of these Waters was, (as I observ'd) to temper the Darts of Love; for while I was upon the Prospect of the Place, I faw feveral of cupid's little Officers, and Subjects, dipping of Arrows there, for their Entertainment and Ease. Upon this, I fancy'd my self in one of the Gardens of Cyprus, and that I faw the very Hive, where the Bee liv'd, that stung my Toung Master, and occasion'd that Excellent Ode which Anacreon has written upon the Subject. The next thing I cast my Eye upon, was a Palace, in the midst of the Meadow; a Rare piece, as well for the Structure, as Design. The Porches were of the Doric Order, excellently wrought; And the Pedestals, Bases, Columns Cornishes, Capitals, Architraves, Freezes, (and in short the whole Front of the Fabrick) was beautified with Imaginary Trophies.

Trophies, and Triumphs of Love, in Half Relief, which as they were intermixt with other fantaftick Works and Conceits, carry'd the Face of several little Histories, and gave a great Ornament to the Building. Over the Porch, there was in Golden Letters, upon Black Marble this Inscription.

This is call'd Fool's Paradife, From the Loving Fools that dwell in't: Where the Great Fools Rule the Less, The Rest Obey, and all do well in't.

The Finishing, and Materials were pleasant to Admiration. The Portal spacious; the Doors always open, and the House free to all Comers, which were very many; the Porter's place was fupply'd by a Woman; Exquisitely handsom, Both for Face and Person; Tall, Delicately shap'd, and fet off with great Advantages of Dress and Fewels. She was made up in fine, of Charms, and her Name (as I understood) was Beauty. She would let a Man in to fee the House for a Look; and that was all I paid for my Passage. In the first Court, I found a many of both Sexes, but fo alter'd in Habit and Countenance, that they could scarce know one another. They were sad, pensive; and their Complexions tainted with a yellow Paleness (which Ovid calls Cupid's Livery.) There was no talk of being True to Friends; Loyal to Superiors; and Dutiful to Parents: But Kindred did the Office of Procurers; and Procurers were call'd Cousins. Wives lov'd their Husbands She-Friends, and Husbands did as much

for Them, in loving their Gallants.

While I was upon the Contemplation of these Encounters of Affection, there appear'd a strange Extravagant Figure, but in the likeness of a Humane Creature. It was noither perfectly Man, nor perfectly Woman, but had indeed a Resemblance of Both. This Person I perceiv'd was ever bufy, up and down, going and coming; befet all over with Eyes and Ears, and had one of the Craftiest distrustful Looks (methought) that ever I faw. And withal, (as I observ'd) no small Authority in the Place, which made me enquire after this Creature's Name and Office. My Name (quoth she, for now it prov'd to be a Woman) is Jealousy, and methinks you and I should be better acquainted; for how came you here elfe; However for your Satisfaction, you are to understand that the greater part of the Diftemper'd People you fee here, are of my bringing; and yet I am not their Physician, but their Tormentor; and serve only to Aggravate and Imbitter their Misfortunes. If you would know any thing farther of the House, ne ver ask me, for 'tis Forty to One I shall tell you a Lycs Lye; I have not told you half the Truth even of my felf, and to deal plainly with you, I am made up of Inventions, Artifice, and Imposture: But the good Old Man that walks there is the Major Domo, and will tell you all, if you will

but bear with his flow way of Discourse.

Thereupon I went to the Good Man, whom I knew prefently to be Time: And dehr'd him to let me look into the feveral Quarters and Lodgings of the House, for there were some Fools of my Acquaintance there I'd sain Viiit; He told me that he was at present so busy about making of Candles, Cock-broths, and Gellies for his Patients, that he could not stir; but yet he directed me where I might find all those I enquired for, and gave me the freedom of the

House to walk at pleasure.

I pass'd out of the First Court, into the Maid's Quarter, which was the very strongest part of the whole Building; and fo't had need; for divers of the Toung Wenches were fo Extravagant and Furious, that no other place would have held them. (The Wives and Widows were in another Room apart.) Here ye shall have One sobbing and raging with fealousy of a Rival. There Another flark mad for a Husband, and inwardly bleeding because she durst not discover it. A Third was writing of Letters all Riddle and Mystery, Mending and Marring, till at last the Paper had more blots than whole words in it. Some were practifing in the Glass the Gracious Smile, the Rowl of the Eye, the Velvet Lip, &c. Others again were in a Diet of Oatmeal, Clay, Chalk, Coal, Hard Wax, and the like. Some were conditioning with their Servants for a Ball or a Serenade, that the whole Town might ring of the Address. Yes, yes, they cry'd, You can go to the Park with This Lady, and to a Play with That Lady, and to Banstead with Tother Lady, and Spend whole Nights at Beste or Ombre withmy Lady Pen-Tweezel; but by my Troth, I think you are asham'd to be seen in My Company. Some I faw upon the very point of Sealing and Delivering. I am thine (cries one) and Thine alone, or let all the Devils in Hell. &cc. But be fure you be constant. If I be not (fays he) let my Soul, &cc. and the filly Jade believes him. In one Corner ye shou'd have them praying for Husbands, that they might the better love at Random: In another, nothing would please them but to be Marry'd Men's Wives, and this Disease was look'd upon as a little Desperate. Some again stood ready furnish'd with Love-Letters and Tickets to be cast out at the Window, or thrust under the Door, and these were look'd upon not only as Fools but Beafts.

I had feen as much already as I defir'd; for I had learn'd of Old, that He that keeps fuch Company, feldom comes off without a foruseh'd Face: But it he miffes a Mistress, he gots a Wife,

and stands condemn'd to a Repentance during Life, without Redemption, unless One of the Two dies. For Women in the Case are worse than Pyrats; a Gally Slave may compound for his Freedom, but there's no thought of Ransom in Case of Wedlock. I had a good mind to a little Chat with some of them, but (thought I) they'll fancy I'm in Love with them. And so I c'en marched off into the

Marry'd Quarter.

Where there was such Ranting, Damning, and Tearing, as if Hell had been broke loofe. And what was all This? but a Number of Women that had been lock'd up and shackl'd by their Husbands, to keep them in Obedience, and had now broken their Prifons, and their Chains, and were grown ten times madder than before. Some I faw Careffing and Cokefing their Husbands, in the very moment they defign'd to betray them. Others were picking their Husbands Pockets to pay now and then for a By-Blow. Some again were upon a Religious point, and all upon the Humour (forfooth) of Pilgrimages and Lectures; when alas! they had no other buliness with the Altars or Churches, than a Sacrifice to Venus or a Love-meeting. Divers there were that went to the Bath; but Bathing was the least part of the Errand; Others to confession, that mistook their Martyr for their Confessor: Some to be Reveng'd of Jealous Husbands, were refolving to do the thing they fear'd; and pay them in their own Coin. Others were for making fure afore-hand by way of Advance; for that's the Revenge, they fay, that's as sweet as Muscadine and Eggs. One was Melanchely for a Delay; Another for a Defeat; a Third is preparing to make her Market at a Play. There was one among the rest, was never out of her Coach; and asking her the Reason, she told me, she lov'd to be Jolted. In this Crow'd of Women, you must know that there were no Wives of Ambassadors, Soldiers, or Merchants that were abroad upon Commission; for fuch were consider'd in effect as single Women, and not allow'd as Members of this Commonwealth.

The next Quarter was that of the Grave and Wife; the Right Reverend Widows; Women in appearance of Marvellous feverity and referve, and yet every one of them had her weak fide, and ye might read her Folly and Distemper through her Disquise. One of them I saw crying with one Eye for the Loss of one Husband, and laughing with tother upon him that was to come next. Another, with the Ephessan Matron, was folacing her felf with her Gallant, before her Husband was thorough cold in the Mossib; considering, that he that dy'd half anhour ago, is as dead as William the Conqueror. There were several others paising to and again quite out of their mourners, that look'd so demurely (I warrant ye) as is Buster.

would not have melted in their Mouths, and yet Apostate Widows (as I was told) and there they were kept as strictly, as if they had been in the Spanish Inquisition. Some were laving Wagers, whose mourning was most A-la-. mode, and best made; or whose Peak or Veil became her Beft: And fetting themselves off with a Thousand tricks of Ornament and Dress. The Widows I observ'd that were marching off, with the mark out of their Mouths, were hugely concern'd to be thought Toung, and ftill talking of Masques, Balls, Fiddles, Treats, Chanting and figging to every Tune they heard, and all upon the Hoyty-Toyty, like mad Wenches of Fifteen. The Tounger, on the other fide, made use of their time and took pleasure while twas to be had. There were two of the Religious strain; a People much at their Beads, and in private; and these were there in the Quality of Love-Hereticks, or Platonicks, and under the Penance of perpetual Abstinence from the Flesh they lov'd best (which is the most Mortifying Lent of all other.) Some that had skill in Perspective, were before the Glass with their Boxes of Patch and Paint about them; Shadowing, Drawing out, Refreshing, and in short Covering and Palliaring all the Imperfections of Feature and Complexion, every one after her own Humour. Now these Women were absolutely insufferable; for they were most of them old and Head-strong, having got the better of their Husbands, fo that they would be taking upon them to domineer here, as they had done at home; and indeed, they found the Master of the College enough to do.

When I had tir'd my felf with this Variety of Folly and Madness, I went to the Devotes; where I found a great many Women and Girls that had Cloyfered up themselves from the Conversation of the World; and yet were not a jot soberer than their Fellows. These one would have thought might have been easily cur'd, but many of them were in for their Lives, in despite of either Counselor Physick. The Room where they were was Barricado'd with strong Bars of Iron; and yet when the Toy took them, they'd make now and then a Sally: For when the Fit was upon them, they'd own no Superiour but Love, come what would on't in the Event. The greater part of these good People, were Writing of Tickets and Dispatches, which had still the fign of the Cross at the Top, and Satan at the Bottom, concluding with this, or some such Postcript; I commend this Paper to your Difcretion. The Fools of this Province would be Twatling Night and Day; and if it happen'd that any one of them had talk'd her felf a weary, (which was very rare) the would prefently take upon her very gravely to admonish the Reit, and read a Lecture of Silence to the Company .-There: C 3

There were some that for want of better Entertainment fell in Love with one another; but these were look'd upon as a fort of Fops and Ninnys, and therefore the more favourably us'd; but they'd have been of another mind, if

they had known the Cause of their Distemper.

The Root of all these several Extravagancies was Idleness, which (according to Petrarch's Observation) never fails to make way for wantonness. There was one among the Rest, that had more Letters of Exchange upon the Credit of her insatiable Defires, than a whole Regiment of Banquiers. Some of them were fick of their Old Visiter, and call'd for a Fresh. man. Others, by Intervals, I perceiv'd had their wits about them, and contented themselves discreetly with the Physician of the House. In short it e'en pity'd my Heart to fee fo many poor People in fo fad a Condition, and without any hope of Relief, as I gather'd from him that had them in care: For they were still Puddering and Royling their Bodies; and if they got a little Ease for the present, they'd be down again, as foon as they had taken their Medicine.

From thence I went to the Single Women (fuch as made Profession never to marry) which were the least Outra-gious, and discompos'd of all; for they had a thousand ways to Laythe Devil as well as to Raife him. Some of them liv'd like Common High-way-Men, by Robbing Peter to Pay Paul : and stripping honest Men to cloath Rascals, which is (under favour) but a lewd kind of Charity. Others there were, that were absolutely out of their seven Senses, and as mad as March-Hares for This Wit, and T'other Poet, that never fail'd to pay them again in Rhimes and Madrigals, With Ruby Lips, Pearly Teeth: So that to read their Verfes, a Man would fwear the whole Woman to be directly Pe-

trify'd.

Of Saphir fair, or Cristal clear. Is the Forehead of my Dear, &c.

I faw one in Confultation with a Cunning-Man to know her Fortune: Another dealing with a Conjurer for a Philtre or Drink, to make her Belov'd. A Third was daubing and patching up an Old ruin'd face, to make it fresh and young again: But she might as well have been washing of a Blackmore to make him white. In fine, a world there were, that with their borrow'd Hair , Teeth , Eyes, Eye-brows , look'd like fine folks at a distance, but would have been left as Ridiculous, as Afop's (row, if every Bird had fetch'd away his own Feather. Deliver me (thought I, fmiling and shaking my Head) if this be Woman.

And so I stept into the Men's Quarter, which was but next Door, and only a thick Wall between. Their great Mifery was, that they were deaf to good Advice, obstinately hating and despiting both Physick, and Physician: For if they would have either quitted, or changed, they might have been Cared. But they chose rather to Dye; and though they saw their Error, would not mend it. Which minded me of the Old Rhime:

Where Love's in the Case, The Doctor's an Ass.

Thefe Fools-male were all in the fame Chamber: and one might perfectly read their Humour, and Distemper, in their Looks and Gestures. Oh! how many a Gay Lad did I fee there, in his Point Band, and Emboider'd Vest, that had not a whole Shirt to his Back! How many Huffs and High-boys that had nothing elfe in their Mouths, but the Lives and Fortunes they'd fpend in their fiveet Ladies Service! That would yet have run Five Miles on your Errand, to have been treated but at a Three-penny Ordinary? How many a Poor Devilthat wanted Bread, and was yet troubled with the Rebellion of the Flesh? Some there were, that spent much time in fetting their Perruques, ordering the Mustache, and dreffing up the very Face of Lucifer himfelf for a Beauty: (The Woman's Privilege, and in truth an Encroachment, to their prejudice.) There were others, that made it their Glory to pass for Hettors; Sons of Priam; Brothers of the Blade; and talk'd of nothing but Artacques, Combats, Reverses, Stramazons, Stroccados: Not considering that a naked Weapon is present Death to a timorous Woman. Some were taking the Round of their Lady's Lodgings, at Midnight, and went to Bed again as wife as they rose. Others fell in Love by Contagion, and meerly converfing with the Infected. Some again went Post from Church to Chapel, every Holyday, to hunt for a Mistress; and so turn'd a Day of Rest into a Day of Labour. Ye might fee others, skipping continually from House to House, like the Knight upon a Chefs Board, Without ever catching the (Queen or) Dame. Some, like crafty Beggars made their Case worse than 'twas: And others, though 'twere ne'er so bad, durst not so much as open their Mouths. Really it griev'd me for the poor Mutes, and I wish'd with all my Heart, their Mistreffes had been Witches, that they might have known their Meaning by their Mumping; but they were lost to all Counsel, so that there was no adviling them. There was another fort of Elevated and Conceited Lovers: And these, forsooth, were not to be satisfied without the Seven Liberal Sciences, and the Four Cardinal Virtues, in the shape of a Woman; and their Case was desperate. The next I observ'd, were a Generation of modest Fools. Fools, that past under the Notion of People dissident of themselves. They were generally Men of good Understanding, but for the most part, Tourger Brothers, of Low Fortunes, and such as for want of wherewithal togo to the Price of bigher Amours, were fain to take up with ordinary Stuff, that brought them nothing in the end, but Beggery and Repentance. The Husbands, I perceiv'd, were horribly surious, although in Manacles and Shackles. Some of them less their own Wives, and fell upon their Neighbours. Others to keep the good Women in Awe and Obedience, would be taking upon them, and playing the Tyrants; but upon the Upshot they sound their militake; and that though they came on as serve as Lyons, they went off as tame as Muttons. Some were making Friendships with their Wives She-Cousins and agreeing upon a Cross-Cossiping, whoever should have the first

Child.

The Widowers that had bit of the Bridle, past from place to place, where they staid more or less, according to their Entertainment, and so were in effect, as good as marry'd, for as long, or as little while as themselves pleas'd. These liv'd lingle, and spent their time in Visiting, first one Friend, then another. Here they fell in Love, there they kindled a featoufy, which they contracted themselves in one place, and cur'd it in another. But the Miracle was, that they all knew, and confest themselves a Company of Mad Fools, and yet continued fo. Those that had skill in Mufick, and could either Sing or Fiddle, made use of their Gifts, to pur the filly Wenches that were but half Mop'd before, directly out of their Wits. They that were Poetical, were perpetually hammering upon the Subjects of Cruelty and Disappointment. One tellshis good Fortune to another that requites him with the story of his Bad. They that had fet their Hearts upon Girls, were Beating the Streets all Day, to find what Avenues to a Lady's Lodgings at Night. Some were Tampering and Careffing the Chamber-maid, as the ready way to the Mistress. Others chose rather to put it to the push, and attempt the Lady her felf. Some were examining their Pockets, and taking a view of their Furniture; which confifted much in Love-Letters, delicately feal'd up with perfum'd Wax, upon Raw Silk; and a thoufand pretty Devices within all wrapt up in Riddle, and Cypher. Abundance of Hair Bracelets, Lockets, Pomanders, Knots of Ribband, and the like. There were others, that were call'd the Husband's Friends, who were ready upon all occasions to do this, and to do that Kindness for the Husband. Their Purse, Credit, Coach and Horses, were all at his fervice: And in the mean time, who but they to Gallant the Wife? To the Park, the Garden, a Treat, or a Comedy : Where

Where forty to one, by the greatest good Luck in the World, they stumble upon an Aunt, an old House-keeper of the Family, or some such Reverend Goer-between, that's a Well-willer to the Mathematicks; she takes the hint, performs the good Office, and the Work is done.

Now there were two forts of Fools for the Widows; the one was Belov'd, and the other not; the latter were content to be a kind of Voluntary Slaves, for the compassing their ends: But the other were the happier: for they were ever at perfect Liberty to do their pleasure, unless some Friend or Child of the House perchance came in, in the mischievous Nick, and then in case of a little Colour more than ordinary, or a tumbled Handkercher, 'twas but changing the Scene, and struggling for a Paper of Verses, or some fuch business, to keep all in Countenance. Some made their Affaults both with Love and Money, and they seldom fail'd; for they came doubly arm'd; and your Spa-

nish Pistols are a fort of Battery hardly to be resisted.

I came now to reflect upon what I had feen; and as I was walking (in that Meditation) toward another Lodging, I found my felf ('ere I was aware) in the first Courts again; where I enter'd, and in it I observ'd new Wonders : I faw that the Number of the Mad-Fools increas'd every moment; although time (Iperceiv'd) did all that was possible to recover them. There was Jealous; tormenting even those that were most consident of the Faith of what they lov'd. There was Memory Rubbing of old! Sores. There was Understanding lock'd up in a dark Cellar :: And Reason with both her Eyes out. I made a little Pause, the better to observe these Varieties and Disguises. And when I had look'd my felf a weary, I turn'd about and fpy'd a Door; but so narrow, that it was hardly passable; and yet strait as it was, divers there were that Ingratitude and Infidelity had fet at Liberty; and made a shift to get through. Upon which Opportunity of returning, I made what hafte I could to be one of the first at the Door, and in that instant my Man drew the Curtain of my Bed, and told me the Morning was far gone. Whereupon I wak'd, and recollecting my felf, found all was but a Dream. The very fancy however of having spent so much time in the Company of Fools and Madmen, gaveme some disorder, but with this comfort, that both sleeping and waking, I had experimented Paffionate Love to be nothing elfe but a meer Frenzy and Folly.

The End of the Fourth Vision.

THE

FIFTH VISION,

O. F

The WORLD.



T is utterly impossible for any thing in this World to fix our Appenies and Defires, but they are still slitting and restless like Pilgrims; delighted and nourish'd with Variety: Which shews how much we are mistaken in the Value and Quality of the things we Covet. And

hence it is, that what we pursue with the greatest delight and passion imaginable, yields us nothing but Satiety and Repentance in the Possession: yet such is the power of these Appetites of ours, that when they call and command, wo follow and obey; though we find in the end, that what we took for a Beauty upon the Chase, proves but a Carcass in the Quarry; and we are sick on't as soon as we have it. Now the World that knows our Palate and Inclination, never fails to feed the Humour, and to stater, and entertain us with all forts of Change and Novelty; as the most certain Method of gaining upon our Affections.

One would liave thought, that these Considerations might have put sober Thoughts and Resolutions in my. Head, but it was my Fate to be taken off in the very middle of my Morality and Speculations; and carry'd away from my self by Vanity and Weakness, into the wide World, where I was for a while after, not much unsatisfy'd with my. Condition. As I past from one place to another, several that saw me (I perceiv'd) did but make sport with me: For the farther I went, the more I was at a loss in that Labyrinth of Delusions. One while, I was in with the Sword-men, and Bravoes; up to the Ears in challenges, and Quarrels; and never without an Arm in a Scart, or a broken Head. Another Fit, I was never well, but either at the Fleece Taven; or Bear at Bridge-Foot, stuffing my Guts with Food and Tipple, till the Hoops were ready to burst. Beside twenty other Entertainments that I

found?

found, every jot as extravagant as these, which to my great trouble and admiration, left me not fo much as one

moment of Repose.

As I was in one of my unquiet and penfive Moods; fome body call'd after me, and pluckt me by the Cloak: Which prov'd to be A Person of a Venerable Age, his Cloaths miserably poor and tatter'd, and his Face just as if he had been trampled upon in the Streets, which did not yet hinder, but that he had still the Air and Appearance of one that deserv'd much Honour and Respect. Good Father, (faid I to him) why should you envy me my Enjoyments? Pray'e let me alone, and do not trouble your felf with me or my doings. You're past the Pleasure of Life your self, and can't endure to see other People merry that have the World before them. Confider of it; you are now upon the point of leaving the World, and I am but newly come into't. But 'tis the trick of all Old Men to be carping at the actions of their Juniors. Son (faid the Old Man, finiling) I shall neither hinder, nor envy thy Delights, but in pure pity I would fain reclaim thee. Dost thou know the price of a Day, an Hour, or a Minute? Did'ft ever examine the value of Time? If thou, had'ft, thou would'ft employ it better; and not cast away so many blessed Opportunities upon Trisles; and so eafily and infentibly part with so inestimable a Treasure. What's become of thy past hours? Have they made thee a promise to come back again at a Call, when thou hast need of them? Or, can'f thou hew me which way they went! No no; They are. gone without Recovery; and in their flight, methinks, . Time feems to turn his Head, and laugh over his Shoulder in derision of those that made no better Use of him, when they had him. Do'it thou not know, that all the minutes of our Life, are but as fo many Links of a Chain that has Death at the end on't? and every moment brings thee nearer thy expected End; which perchance, while the word is speaking, may be at thy very Door: And doubtless at thy rate of living, it will be upon thee before thou art aware. How stupid is he, that Dies while he lives, for fear of Dying! How wicked is he that lives, as if he should never Dye: and only fears Death when he comes to feel is ! which in too late for comfort, either to Body or Soul: And he is certainly none of the Wisest that spends all his. Days in Lewdness and Debauchery, without considering, that of his whole Life, any minute might have been his last,

My Good Father (faid I) I am beholding to you for your excellent Discourses; for they have deliver'd me out of the Power of a thousand frivolous and vaint Affections, that had taken possession of me. But who

are you, I pray'e? And what is your Buliness here? My Poverty and these Rags, quoth he, are enough to tell ye that I am an honest Man; a Friend to Truth, and one that will not be Mealymouthed, when he may speak It to the Purpose. Some call me the Plain- Dealer; others, the Undeceiver General. You fee me all in Tatters, Wounds, Scars, Bruifes. And what is all this. but the Requital the World gives me for my Good Counsel, and Kind Vifits? And yet after all this endeavour to get thut of me; they call themselves my Friends: Though they curse me to the Pit of Hell, as soon as ever I come near them; and had rather be hang'd, than spend one Quarter of an Hour in my Company. If thou haft a mind to fee the world I talk of, come along with me, and I'll carry thee into a place, where thou shalt have a full Profpect of it; and without any inconvenience, see all that's in't; or in the People that dwell in't; and look it through and through. What's the Name of this place? quoth I. It is call'd, faid he, The Hypocrites Walk; and it croffes the World from one Pole to t'other. It is large and populous; for I believe there's not any Man alive, but has either an House or a Chamber in't. Some Live in't for altogether; Others take it only in Passage: For there are Hypocrites of feveral forts; but all Mortals have, more or lefs, a Tang of the Leaven. That Fellow there in the Corner, came but tother day from the Plow-Tail, and would now fain be a Gentleman. But had not he better pay his Debts and walk alone, than break his Promises to keep a Lacquey? There's another Rascal that would fain be a Lord; and would venture a Voyage to Venice for the Title, but that he's better at building Castles in the Air, than upon the Water. In the mean time he puts on a Nobleman's Face and Garb; he Swears and Drinks like a Lord, and keeps his Hounds and Whores, which 'tis fear'd in the end, will devour their Master. Mark now that piece of Gravity and Form; he walks ye fee, as if he mov'd by Clock-work; his words are few and low; he makes all his Answers by a Shrug or a Nod. This is the Hypocytic of a Minister of State; who with all his commerseit of Wisdom, is one of the veriest Noddies in Nature.

Face about now, and mind those decrepid Sots there, that can scarce lift a Leg over a Threshold, and yet they must be dring their Hair, colouring their Beards, and playing the Young Fools again, with a thousand Hobby-Horse Tricks, and Antick Dress. On the other side, ye have a Company of sily Boys taking upon them to govern the World under a Vizor of Wissom and Experience. What Lord is that (said 1) in the Rich Cloaths there, and the fine Laces? That Lord (quoth he) is a Taylor, in his Holy-day-cloaths; and if he were now upon his Shop-board, his own Scisser and Needles would

hardly

hardly know him. And you must understand, that Hypocrifie is so Epidemical a Disease, that it has laid hold of the Trades themselves, as well as the Masters. The Cobler muit be faluted, Mr. Translator; the Groom na mes himself Gentleman of the Horse; the Fellow that carries Guts to the Bears. writes. One of his Majesty's Officers. The Hangman calls himfelf a Minister of Justice; the Mountebank, an Able Man; A Common Whore passes for a Courtisan. The Bawd acts the Puritan: Gaming Ordinaries are call'd Academies; and Bawdy Houses. Places of Entertainment. The Page Stiles himself the shild of Honour; and the Foot-boy calls himself, my Lady's Page: and every Pick Thank, names himself a Courtier. The Cuckold-Maker palies for a fine Gentleman; and the Cuckold himself, for the best natur'd Husband in the World! And a very As, com mences Master-Doctor. Hocus Pocus Tricks, are call'd Slight of Hand; Luft, Friendship; Usury, Thrift; Cheating is but Gallantry; Lying wears the Name of Invention: Malice goes for Quickness of Apprehension; Cowardice, Meekness; of Nature; and Rashness carries the Countenance of Valour. In fine, this is all but Hypocrify and Knavery in a Difguise; for nothing is call'd by the right Name. Now there are beside these, certain General Appellations taken up, which by long Ufage, are almost grown into Prescription. Every little Whore takes upon her to be a great Lady; every Gown-man, to be a Counsellour; every Huff, to be a Soldar; every Gay thing to be a Cavalier; every Parish-Clerk to be a Dollor; and every Writing-Clerk in the Office, must be called Mr. Secretary.

So that the whole World, take it where your will, is but a meer Juggle; and you will find that Wrath, Gluttony, Pride, Avarice, Luxury, Murther, and a thousand other heinous Sins , have all of them Hypocrify for their Source , and thither They'll return again. It would be well (faid 1) if you could prove what you fay; but I can hardly fee, how fo great a Diversity of Waters should proceed from one and the same Fountain: I do not wonder (quoth he) at your Distrust, for you are mistaken in very good Company, to fancy Contrariety in many things, which are in effect, fo much alike. It is agreed upon both by Phile-Sophers and Divines, that all Sins are evil; and you must allow, that the Will embraces or pursues no Evil, but under the Resemblance of Good: Nor does the Sin lie in the Representation, or Knowledge of what is Evil, but in the Confent to it. Which Confent it felf is finful, although without any Subfesquent Aft: It's true, the Execution ferves afterward for an Aggravation, and ought to be confider'd under many Differences and Distinctions. But in fine, evident it is, that the Willentertains no Ill, but under the shape of some Good. What do

do ye think now of the Hypocrite, that cuts your Throat in his Arms, and Muthers you, under pretence of Kindness? What is the Hope of an Hypocrite? says Job. He neither has nor can have any: For he is Wicked as he is an Hypocrite; and even his best Actions are worth nothing, because they are not what they seem to be. So that of all Sinners he has the most to answer for. Other Offenders sin only against God; but the Hypocrite sins with Him, as well as against Him, making use of his holy Name as a Cloak and Countenance for his Wickedness. For which reafon, our Blessed Saviour, after many affirmative Precepts deliver'd to his Disciples, for their Instruction, gave only this Negative, Be not sad as the Hypocrites: Which lays them open in sew words; And he might as well have said,

Be not Hypocrites, and ye shall not be wicked.

We were now come to the Place the Old Man told. me of, where I found all according to my expectation, and took the higher Ground, that I might have the better Prospect of what past. The first remarkable thing I faw was a long Funeral Train of Kindred, and Guefts, following the Corps of a deceas'd Lady, in company with the Disconsolate Widower; who march'd with his Chin upon his Breaft; a fad and a heavy Pace: Muffled up in a Mourning Hood, enough to have ftifled him, with at least ten yards of Cloath upon his Body, and no less in his Train. Alack, Alack! cry'd I, that ever I should live to see so dismal a Speciacle! Oh Bleffed Woman! How did this Husband love Thee in thy Life-time, that follows thee with this infinite Faith and Affection even to thy Grave? And happy the Husband doubtless, in a Wife that deserv'd this Kindness! And in fo many tender Friends and Relations, to take part with him in his Sorrows. My Good Father, let me intreat you to observe this doleful Encounter. With that (shaking his Head and smiling) My Son, quoth he, Thou shalt by and by perceive, that all is nothing in the World but Vanity, Imposture, and Con-Arain; and I will shew thee the Difference between Things themselves, and their Appearances. To see this Abundance of Torches, with the Magnificence of the Ceremony and Attendance, One would think there should be some mighty matter in the business: But let me affure thee, that all this Pudder comes to no more, than much ado about nothing. The Woman was Nothing (effectually) even while she liv'd; The Body now in the Coffin, is somewhat a Less Nothing: And the Funeral Honours, which are now paid her, come to just Nothing too. But the Dead it feems must have their Vanities, and their Holy-days, as well well as the Living. Alas! What's a Carkas? but the most edious fort of Putrefaction? A corrupted Earth; fit neither for Fruit nor Tillage. And then for the fad Looks of the Mourners: They are only troubled at the Invitation; and would not care a pin, if the Inviter, and Body too were both at the Devil. And that you might fee by their Behaviour, and Discourses; for when they should have been Praying for the Dead, they were Prating of her Pedigree, and her last Will and Testament. I'm not so near a-kin (favs one) but I might have been spar'd; and I had twenty other things to de. Another should have met Company at a Tavern; A third at a Play. A fourth mutters that he is not placed according to his Quality. Another cries out, A Pox of your meetings. where there is nothing stirring but Worms-meat. Let me tell ve farther, that the Widower himself is not griev'd as you imagine for the Dead Wife; but for the Damn'd Expence in Blacks, and Scutcheons, Tapers, and Mourners; and that she was not fairly laid to Rost, without all this ado: For He perfuades himfelf, that she might have found the way to her Grave without a Candle. And fince she was to Dye, 'tis his opinion, that she should have made quicker work on't: For a Good Wife, is (like a Good Christian) to put her Conscience in order betimes, and get her gone, without lingring in the Hands of Doctors, Apothearies, and Surgeons, to murther her Husband too. Or (to fave Charges) she might have had the Discretion to have dy'd of the Plague, which would have flav'd off Company. This is the Second Wife, he has already turn'd over, and (to give the Man his Due) He has had the Wit to fecure himself of a Third, while This lay on her Death-Bed. So that his Case is no more than Chopping of a cold Wife for a Warm one, and He'll recover this Affliction I warrant ye.

The Good Man, methought, fpoke wonders; and being thoroughly convinc'd of the danger of trusting to Appearances, I took up a Resolution, never to conclude upon any thing, though never so Plausible, without due Examination, and Enquiry. With that, the Funeral Vanish'd, leaving Us behind; and for a Farewel, This Sentence. I am gone before; you are to follow; and in the mean time, to accompany others to their Graves, as you have done Me; and as I, when time was, have attended many others, with as little Care and

Devotion as your selves.

We are taken off from this Meditation, by a Noise we heard in a House behind Us; were we had no sooner fet Foot over the Threshold, but we were entertain ned with a Confort of Six Voices, that were Set and Tun'd to the Sighs and Greans of a Woman newly become a

Widow.

Widow. The Paffion was acted to the Life; but the Dead little the better for't. They would be ever and anon Clapping and Wringing of their Hands; Groaning and Sighing as if their Hearts would break. The Hangings, Pictures, and Furniture, were all taken down and remov'd; The Rooms hung with Black, and in one of them lay the poor Disconsolate, upon a Couch with her Condoling Friends about her. It was as Dark as Pitch. and fo much the better, for the Parts they had to play; for there was no discovering of the Horrid Faces, and Strains they made, to fetch up their Artificial Tears and Lamentations. Madam (favs one) Tears are but thrown away. and really the Grief to see your Ladyship in this Condition . has made me as lost a Woman to all thought of Comfort as your felf. I befeech you, Madam, chear up; (cries another, with almost as many Sighs as Words) your Husband's e'en happy that he is out of this miserable World. He was a good Man, and now he finds the sweet on't. Patience, Patience, Dear Madam, (cries a Third) 'tis the Will of Heaven, and there's no contending. Do'ft talk of Patience (fays she) and no Contending? Wretched Creature that I am! to outlive that Dear Man! Oh that that Dear of Husband of mine ! Oh that I should ever live to fee. this Day! and then the fell to Blubbering, Sobbing; and Raving a thousand times worse than before. Alas! Alas! who will trouble himself with a poor Widow! I have never a Friend left to look after me; what shall become of me!

At this Paufe came in the Chorus, with their Nafe-Infruments; and there was fuch Blowing, Snobbing, Snivelling, and throwing Snot about, that there was no enduring the House; and all this you must know, serv'd them to a double purpose; that is to fay, for Physick and for Complement: For it past for the Condoling Office, and purg'd their Heads of Ill humours all under One. I could not chuse but compassionate the poor Widow; a Creature forfaken of all the World; and I told my Guide as much; and that a Charity (as I thought) would be wellbestow'd upon her. The Holy Writ calls them Mutes; according to the Import of the Hebrew, in regard that they have no body to speak for them. And if at any time they take heart to speak for Themselves, They had e'en as good hold their Tongues, for no body minds them. Is there any thing more frequently given in Charge throughout the whole Bible, than to Protett the Fatherless, and Defend the Cause of the Widow? As the highest and most necessary point of Christian Charity; in regard that they have neither Power nor Right to defend themselves. Does not Job in the depth of his Mifery, and Difgraces; make Choice to clear himself toward the Widow, upon

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his Expostulations with the Almighty? If I have caused the Eves of the Widow to fail (or consum'd the Eyes of the Widow: after the Hebrew) fo that it feems to me, beside the general Duty of Charity, We are also bound by the Laws of Honour and Generofity to affift them: For the poor Souls are fain to Plead with their Eyes, and Beg with their Eyes, for want of either Hands or Tongues to help themselves. Indeed you must pardon me (my good Father, faid I) if I cannot hold any longer from bearing a part in this Mournful Confort, upon this fad Occasion. And is this (quoth the Old Man) the Fruit of your boafted Divinity? To fink into Weakness and Tears, when you have the greatest Need of your Resolution and Prudence! Have but a little Patience, and I'll unfold you this Mystery; though (let me tell ye) 'Tis one of the hardest things in Nature, to make any Man as wife as he should be, that conceits himself wise enough already. If this Accident of the Widow had not happen'd, we had had none of the fine things that have been started upon't: For 'tis Occasion that awakens both our Virtue and Philosophy; and 'tis not enough to know the Mine where the Treasure lies, unless a Man has the skill of Drawing it out, and making the best of what he has in his Possession. What are you the better, for all the Advantages of Wit and Learning, without the faculty of reducing what you know, into apt and proper Applications?

Observe me now, and I will shew you, that this Widow that looks as if the had nothing in her Mouth, but The Service of the Dead, and only Hallelujahs in her Soul; That This Mortify'd piece of Formality, has green. Thoughts, under her black Viel; and brisk Imaginations about her in despite of her Calamiy and Misfortune. The Chamber you fee is dark; and their Faces are muffled up in their Funeral Dreffes. And what of all this? When the whole course of their Mourning is but a Thorough-Cheat. Their Weeping fignifies Nothing more, than Crying at fo much an hour; for their Tears are Hackney'd out, and when they have wept out their Stage, they take up, and are quiet. you would relieve them, leave them to themselves; and affoon as your Back is turn'd, you shall have them Singing, and Dancing, and as merry as Greeks: For take away the Spectators, their Hypocrify is at an End, and the Play is done: And now the Confident's Game begins. Come, come, Madam, 'faith we must be merry, (cries one) we are to live by the Living, and not by the Dead. For a Bonny Toung Widow ar you are, to lie whimpering away your Opportsnities, and lose so many brave Matches! There's you know who, I dare swear, has a Months Mind to you; By my Troth I would

you were in Bed together, and I'd be hang'd, if you did not find One Warm Bed-fellow worth twenty Cold ones. Really, Madam, (cries a second) she gives you good Counsel, and if I were in your place, I'd follow it, and make use of my Time. 'Tis but One Lost, and Ten Found. Pray'e tell me, Madam, if I may be so bold, What's your Opinion of that Cavalier that was here Testerday? Certainly he has a great deal of Wit; and methinks, he's a very handsom, proper Gentleman. Well! If that Man has not a strange Passion for you, I'll never believe my Eyes again for his sake: and in good Faith, if all Parties were agreed, I would you were e'en well in his Arms the Night before to morrow. Were it not a burning shame to let such a Beauty lie fallow? This fets the Widow a Pinking and Simpering like a Fur mety-Kettle; at length fhe makes up the pretty little Mouth, and fays, 'tis somewhat of the soonest to talk of those Affairs; but let it be as Heaven pleases. However, Madam, I am much beholden to you for your Friendly Advice. You have here the very bottom of her Sorrow: She has taken a second Husband into her Heart, before her first was in his Grave. I should have told you that your right Widow Eats and Drinks more the first Day of her Widowhood, than in any other of her whole life: For there appears not a Vifuant, but prefently out comes the Groaning Cake; a Cold Bak'd meat, or some Restorative Morsel or other to Comfort the Afflicted; and the Cordial Bottle must not be forgotten, neither, for Sorrow's Dry. So to't they fall, and at every Bit or Gulp, the Lady Relief, fetches ye up a heavy Sigh, pretends to chew false, and makes protestation that for her part she can taste nothing; she has quite lost her Digestion; and has such an Oppression in her Stomach, that she dares not eat any more, for fear of over-charging Nature. And in truth, (fays she) how can it be otherwise, since (Unhappy Creature that I am!) He is gone that gave the Relish to all my Enjoyments? But there is no recalling him from the Grave, and so no Remedy but Patience. By this time, you fee, (quoth the Old Man) whether your Exclamations were Reasonable or no.

The words were hardly out of his Mouth, when hearing an uproar in the Street among the Rabble we look'd out to fee what was the matter. And there we faw a Catchpole, without either Hat or Band, out of Breath, and his Face all Bloody, crying out, help, help, in the King's Name; stop Thief, stop Thief: And all the while running as hard as he could drive, after a Thief that made away from him, as if the Devil had been at his Breech. After him, came an Atturney, all dirty; a World of Papers in his Hand: an Inkborn at his Girdle; and a Crowd of Nashy People about him; and down he fat himself just before us, to write somewhat

upon his Knee. Bless me (thought I) how a Cause prospers in the Hand of one of these Fellows; for he had fill'd his Paper in a Trice. These Catchpoles (said I) had need to be well paid, for the Hazards they run to secure us in our Lives and Fortunes; and indeed they deferve it. Look how the poor Wretch is Torn, Bruis'd, and Batter'd, and all this for the Good and Benefit of

the Publick.

Soft and fair, quoth the Old Man; I think thou would'st never leave Talking, if I did not stop thy Mouth sometime. You must know, that He that made the Escape, and the Catchpole, are a couple of Ancient Friends, and Pot-Companions. Now the Catchpole quarrels the Thief, for not giving him a fnip in the last Booty; and the Thief, after a great struggle, and a good lusty Rubber at Cuffs, has made a shift to save himself. You'll fay the Rogue had need of good Heels to out-run this Gallows Beagle; for there's hardly any Beaft will outstrip a Bayliff that runs upon the view of a Quarry. So that there's not the least thought of a publick Good in the Catchpole's Action; but meerly a Profecution of his own Profit, and a spite to fee himfelf Chous'd. Now if the Catchpole, I confess, without any private Interest, had made this Attempt upon the Thief, (being his Friend) to bring him to Justice, it had been well, and yet take this along with you: It is as natural to let slip a Serjeant at a Pick-pocket, as a Grey-hound at a Hare. The Whip, The Pillory, The Axe, and the Halter make up the best part of the Catchpole's Revenue. These People are of all forts the most odious to the World; and if Men in Revenge would refolve to be Virtuous, though but for a year or two, they might starve them all. It is in fine an Unlucky Employment, and Catchpoles as well as the Devils themselves, have the Wages of Termentors.

I hope, faid I to my Guide, that the Atturneys shall have your good Word too. Yes, yes, ye need not doubt it (said the Old Man) for your Atturney and your Catchpoles, always hunt in Couples. The Atturney draws the Information, and has all his Forms ready, so that 'tis no more then, but to fill up the Blanks, and away to the fayl with the Delinquent: If there be any thing to be gotten 'tis not a half-penny matter, whether the party be guilty or innocent: Give but an Atturney, Pen, Ink, and Paper, and let Him alone for Witnesses. In case of an Examination, he has the Grace not to insist too much upon plain and naked Truth; but to set down only what makes for his Purpose, and then when they come to signing, to read over in the Deponent's sinse, (for his Memory is good)

what he has written in his own: And by this Means, the Caufe goes on as he pleafes. To prevent this Villany, it were well, if the Examiners were as well fower to Write the Trush, as the Witnesses are to Speak it. And yet there are some honest Men of all forts but among the Atturners: The very Calling, does by the honest Catchpoles, Marghal's Men, and their Fellows, as the Sea by the Dead: It

fay what's this? it Spews them up again.

The good Man would have proceeded, if he had not been taken off by the Ratling of a Gilt Coach, and a Courtier in it, that was blown up as big as Pride and Vanity could make him. He fate stiff, and upright, as if he had fwallow'd a stake; and made it his Glory to shew himself in that Posture: It would have hurt his Eves to have exchang'd a Glance with any thing that was Vulgar, and therefore he was very sparing of his Looks. He had a deep Lac'd Ruff on, that was right Spanifi; which he wore Erett, and fiff flarch'd, that a Man would have thought he had carry'd his Head in a Paper Lanthurn. He was a great Studyer of Ser-Faces; and much affected with looking Politick and Big; but for his Arms and Body, he had utterly loft, or forgotten the Use of Them: For he could neither Bow, not move his Hat to any Man that faluted him; no, nor fo much as turn from one fide to the other, but fate as if he had been Box'd up, like a Bartholomew-Baby. After this Magnificent Statue, follow'd a fwarm of Gawdy Butterfly-Lacquies: And his Lordship's Company in the Coach, was a Buffoon, and a Parafite. Oh bleffed Prince! (faid 1) to live at this Rate of Ease, and Splendor, and to have the World at Will! What a glorious Train is that! Beyond all doubt, there never was a great Fortune better bestow'd. With that, the Old Man took me up, and told me, that the Judgment I had made upon this Occasion, from one end to the other, was all Dotage, and Mistake; fave only, when I faid he had the World at Will; And in that (fays he) you have reason: for what is the World, but Labour, Vanity, and Folly; which is likewise the Composition, and Enter-tainment of this Cavalier.

As for the Train that follows him; let it be Examin'd, and My Life for Yours you shall find more creditors in't, than Servants: These are Banquiers, Jewellers, Seriveners, Brokers, Mercers, Drapers, Taylors, Vintners; and these are properly the Stays, and Supporters of this Animated Machine. The Money, Meat, Drink, Robes, Liveries, Wages; All comes out of their Pockets; they have his Honour for their Security; and must content themselves with Promises,

miles, and fair Words, for full Satisfaction, unless they had rather have a Footman with a Cudgel for their Pay-mafter. And after all, if this Gallant were taken to shrift, or that a Man could enter into the Secrets of his Conscience, I dare undertake, it would appear that He that digs in a Mine for his Bread, lives Ten thousand times more at Ease, than the other; with Beating of his Brains, Night and Day, for new Shifts,

Tricks, and Projects, to keep himself above Water.

Observe his Companions now : His Fool, and his Flatterer. They are too hard for him ye fee; and Eat, Drink, and make Merry at his Expence. What greater Mifery, or Shame in the World, than for a Man to make a Friendship with such Rascals, and to spend his Time, and Estate, in so Brutal, and Insipid a Society! It costs him more (beside his Credit) to maintain that Couple of Coxcombs, than would have bought him the Conversation of a Brace of Grave and Learned Philosophers. But will ye now see the bottom of this Scandalous and Dithonourable Kindness; My Lord (fays the Buffoon) You were most infallibly wrapt in your Mother's Smock: for let me be _____if you have not fet all the Ladies about the Court Agog. The very Truth is (cries the Paralite) all the rest of the Nobility look like Corn-Cutters to ye: and indeed, where-ever you come, you have fill the Eyes of the whole Company upon you, Go to, go to, Gentlemen (fays my Lord) you must not flatter your Friends. This is more your Courtefy than my Defert; and I have an Obligation to you for your Kindness. After this manner, these Asses Knab and Curry one another, and play the Fools

The Old Man had his words yet between his Teeth, when there past just by us a Lady of Pleasure, of so ex-cellent a shape and Garb, that it was impossible to see her, without a Passion for her, and no less impossible to look upon any thing else so long as she was to be seen. They that had feen her once, were to fee her no more; for the turn'd her Face still to New-comers. Her Motion was graceful and free; one while she'd stare ye full in the Eyes, under colour of opening her Hood, to fet it in better Order. By and by, she'd steal a Look at ye with one Eye, and a fide Face, from the Corner of her Vizor; like a Witch that's afraid to be known when the comes from a Catterwall; And then out comes the Delicate Hand, and discovers the more delicious Neck, and Breafts, to adjust the Handkercher or the Scarf; or to remove some other Grievance that made her Ladyship uneasy. Her Hair was most artificially diffees'd into careless Rings; and the best Red and White in Nature was in her Cheeks; if that of her Lips

Lips and Teeth did not exceed it. In a word, all she look'd upon were her own; and this was the Vision for my Money, from all the rest. As she was marching off, I could not chuse but take up a Resolution to follow her. But my Old Man laid a Block in the way, and stopt me at the very starting; which was an Affront to a Man that was both in Love, and in Haste, that might very well stir his Choler. My Officious Friend, (said I) He that does not love a Woman, suche a Sow: And questionless, he must be either Blind or Barbarous, that's Proof against the Charms of so Divine a Beauty. Nor would any but a Sot, let slip the blessed Opportunity of so fair an Encounter. A Handsom Woman! Why, What was she made for, but to be lov'd? And he that has Her, has all that's Lovely or Defirable in Nature. For my own part, I would renounce the World for the Fellow of her, and never delire any thing either Beyond her, or Beside her. What Lightning does she carry in her Eyes! What Charms, and Chains in her Looks, and Motions, for the very Souls of her Beholders! Was ever any thing fo clear as her Forehead? Or fo black as her Eye-brows? One would swear, that her Complexion had taken a Tincture of Vermilion and Milk: And that Nature had brought her into the World with Pearl, and Rubies in her Mouth. To fpeak all in little, she's the Master-piece of the Creation, worthy of Infinite Praise, and Equal to our largest Defires, and Imaginations.

Here the Old Man cut me fhort, and bad me make an end of my Discourse; for thou art, said He, a Man of much Wonder, and small Experience, and deliver'd over to the Spirit of Folly and Blindness: Thou hast thy Eyes in thy Head, and yet not Brain enough to know either why they were given thee, or how to use them. Underitand then that the Office of the Eye, is to fee; but 'tis the Privilege of the Soul, to Distinguish and Chuse; whereas you either do the contrary, or elfe nothing, which is worfe. He that trusts his Eyes, exposes his Mind to a Thousand Torments and Confassions: He shall take Clouds for Mountains; Strait for Crooked, one Colour for Another, by reafon of an Undue distance, or an indispos'd Medium. We are not able sometimes to say which way a River runs, till we throw in a Twig, or Straw to find out the Current. And what will you fay now, if this prodigious Beauty, your new Mistress, prove as gross a Cheat, and Imposture, as any of the rest? She went to Bed last Night as Ugly as a Witch; and yet this Morning the comes forth in your Opinion, as Glorious as an An-

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gel. The Truth of it is, she hires all by the Day; and if you did but see this Puppet taken to pieces, you would find her little else but Paint and Plaister. To begin her Anatomy at the Head. You must know that the Hair she wears, is borrow'd of a Tire-Woman, for her own was blown off by an Unlucky Wind from the Coast of Naples. Or if the has any left, the keeps it private, as a Memorial of her Antiquity. She is beholden to the Pencil, for her Eyebrows, and Complexion. And upon the whole matter, the is but an Old Picture refresht. But the wonder is, to fee a Picture, with Life, and Motion; unless perchance she has got the Necromancer's Receipt, that made himself young again in his Glass Bottle. For all that you fee of her that's Good, comes from Diftil'd Waters, Effences, Powders, and the like; and to fee the Washing of her Face would fright the Devil. She abounds in Pomanders, Sweet-Waters, Spanish Pockets, Persum'd Drawers; and all little enough to quality the Poysonous Whiffs the fends from her Toes, and Arm-Pits, which would otherwise out-itink Ten thousand Pole-Cats. She cannot chuse but Kis well, for her Lips are perpetually bath'd in Oyl and Grease. And he that Embraces her, shall find the better half of her, the Taylors, and only a stuffing of Cotton, and Canvas to Supply the Defects of her Body. When the goes to Bed, the puts off one half of her Person with her Shoes. What do you think of your ador'd Beauty now? Or have your Eyes betray'd ye? Well, well; confess your Error and mend it: And know that (without more Descant upon this Woman,) 'tis the Delign and Glory of most of the Sex to lead tilly Men Captive. Nay, take the best of them, and what with the Trouble of Getting them, and the Difficulty of Pleafing them, he that comes off best, will find himself a Loser at the foot of the Account. I could recommend you here to other Remedies of Love, inseparable from the very Sex, but what I have faid already, I hope will be sufficient.

The End of the Fifth Vision.

THE

SIXTH VISION, Of Hell.



EING one Autumn, at a Friend's House in the Country, (which was indeed a most delicious Retreat) I took a walk one Moon-light Night into the Park; where all my past Visions came fresh into my Head again, and I was well enough pleas'd with the Meditation.

At length, the Humour took me to leave the Path, and go farther into the Wood: What Impulse carry'd me to this, I know not. Whether I was mov'd by my good Angel, or some higher Power; but so it was, that in half a quarter of an Hour, I found my self a great way from Home, and in a Place where 'twas no longer Night; with the pleasantest Prospect round about me that ever I saw since I was born. The Air was Calm and Temperate; and it was no small Advantage to the Beauty of the Place, that it was both Innocent and Silent. On the one Hand, I was entertain'd with the Whispering of the Trees; the Birds Singing all the while either in Emulation, or Requital of the other Harmonies. And now, to shew the Instability of our Affections, and Desires, I was grown weary even of Tranquillity it felf, and in this most agreeable Solitude, began to long for Company.

When in the very inftant (to my great wonder) I diffeover'd two Paths issuing from one, and the same beginning; but dividing themselves forwards, more and more, by Degrees, as if they liked not one another's Company. That on the Right-hand was Narrow almost beyond imagination; and being very little frequented, it was so over-grown with Thorns and Brambles; and so Stony withal, that a Man had all the Trouble in the World to get into't. One might see however, the Prints and Marks of several Passengers, that had rub'd through, though with exceeding Difficulty; for they

had

had left pieces of Heads, Arms, Legs, Feet, and many of them their whole Skins behind them. Some we faw yet upon the way, pressing forward, without ever so much as looking back; and these were all of them Palefacd, Lean, Thin, and Miserably Mortified. There was no passing for Horse-Men; And I was told that St. Paul him-self, left his Horse, when he went into't. And indeed, there was not the footing of any Beaft to be feen. Nei-ther Horse, nor Mule; nor the Track of any Coach or Chariot. Nor could I learn that any had past that way in the Memory of Man. While I was bethinking my felf of what I had feen, I fpy'd at length, a Begger, that was Resting himself a little to take Breath; and I ask'd him what Inns or Lodging they had upon that Road? His Answer was, That there was no stopping there, till they came to their Journey's End. For this (faid he) is the way to Paradife; and what should they do with Inns or Taverns, where there are fo few Passengers? Do not you know that in the Course of Nature, to Dye, is to be Born; to Live, is to Travel; and the World is but a great Inn, after which it is but one Stage, either to Pain or Glory. And with these words he March'd forward, and bad me God b'w'ye; telling me withal, That it was time loft to linger in the way of Virtue, and not fafe to entertain such Dialogues as tend rather to Curiofity, than Instruction. And so he pursued his Journey, stumbling, tearing his Flesh, and Sighing, and Groaning at every step; and Weeping, as if he thought to soften the Stones with his Tears. This is no way for me, thought I to my felf, and no Company neither: for they are a fort of Beggerly, Morose People, and will never agree with my Humour. So I drew back, and struck off into the Lefthand way.

And there I found Company Enough, and Room for more. What a World of Brave Cavaliers! Gilt Coaches, Rich Liveries, and Handsom, Lively Lasses, as Glorious as the Sun! Some were Singing, and Lamphing; others Tickling one another, and Toying; some again, at their Cheese-Cakes and China-Oranges; or appointing a Set at Cards: So that taking all together, I durst have sworn I had been at the Park. This minded me of the Old saying, Tell me thy company, and Pl tell thee thy manners? And to save the Credit of my Education, I put my self into the Noble Mode, and Jogg'd on. And there was I at the first Dash up to the Ears in Balls, Plays, Masquerades, Collations, Dalliances, Answers, and as full of Joy as my Heart could hold.

It was not here, as upon t'other Road, where Folks went Bare-foot and Naked, for want of Shoe-makers, and D. Taylors:

Taylors: For here were enow, and to spare; beside Mercers, Drapers, Jewellers, Bodice-makers, Perugue-makers, Milliners, and a French Ordinary at every other Door. You cannot imagine the Pleasure I took in my New Acquaintance; and yet there was now and then, some Justling and Diforder upon the way: Chiefly between the Physi. cians upon their Mules, and the Infantry of the Lawyers, that march'd in great Bodies before the Judges, and contefted for Place. But the Physicians carry'd it, in favour of their Charter, which gives them Privilege to Study, Practife, and Teach the Art of Poysoning, and to read Lectures of it in the Universities. While this point of Honour was in difpute, I perceiv'd divers crofling from one way to the other, and changing of Parties. Some of them stumbled, and Recover'd; others fell downright. But the pleafantest Gambol of all, was that of the Vintners. A whole Litter of them tumbled into a Pit together, one over another; but finding they were out of their Ele-ment, they got up again as fait as they could. Those that were in the Right-hand way, which was the way of Paradife or Virtue, advanc'd very heavily, and made us Excellent Sport. Prethee look what a Friday-face that Fellow makes! cries one, Hanghim, Prick Ear'd Cur, fays another; Dam' me, cries a Third, if the Rogue be not Drunk with Holy-Water: if the Devil had raked Hell, he could not have found such a Pack of Ill-look'd Rascals, fays another. Some of them ftopt their Ears, and went on without minding us. Others we put out of Countenance, and they came over to And a Third fort came out of pure Love to our Company.

After this, I observ'd a great many People afar off in a By-Path, with as much Contrition and Devotion in their Looks and Gestures, as ever I saw in Men: They walk'd shaking their Heads; and lifting up their Hands to Heaven; and they had most of them large Ears, and to my Thinking Geneva Bibles. These, thought I, are a People of fingular Integrity, and Strictness of Life, above their Fellows; but coming nearer, we found them to be Hypocrites; and that though they'd none of our Company upon the Road, They would not fail to meet us at our fourney's End. Fasting, Repentance, Prayer, Mortification, and other Holy Dinies. which are the Exercise of Good Christians, in Order to their Salvation, are but a kind of Probation to these Men, to fit them for the Devil. They were followed by a Number of Devotes, and Holy Sifters, that kifs'd the Skirts of their Garments all the way they went; but whether out of Zeal, Spiritual, or Natural, is hard to fay; and undoubted-Iv, fome Women's Kiffes are worfe than Judas's. For though

his Kifs was Treacherous in the Intention, it was Right yet in the Application: But this was one Judas Kiffing another; which makes me think there was more of the Flesh, than of the Spirit in the Case. Some would be drawing a Thred now and then out of the Holy-Man's Garment, to make a Relique of: Others would cut out large Snips, as if they had a mind to fee them Naked. Some again defir'd they would remember them in their Prayers; which was just as much as if they had commended themselves to the Devil by a Third Person. Some pray'd for good Matches for their Daughters : Others, begg'd Children for themselves: And sure the Husband that allows his Wife to ask Children Abroad, will be fo Civil as to take them Home, when they are given him. In fine, these Hypo. crites may for a while perchance Impose upon the World, and Delude the Multitude; but no Mask, or Difguise is proof against the All-piercing Eye of the Almighty. There are, I must confess, many Religious, and Godly Men, for whose Persons and Prayers, I have a great Ex fleem. But these are not of the Hypocrite's Humour, to build their Hopes and Ambition upon Popular Applause, and with a Counterfeit Humility, to proclaim their Weakness, and Unworthiness; their Failings; yea, and their Transgressions in the Market-place; All which indeed is but a True feft; for They are really what they fay, though they would not be thought fo.

of Christians; but they had neither the Wit, nor the Honesty of Pagans. For they content themselves with the Pleasures of this Life, because they know no better: But the Hypocrite, that's instructed both in Life Temporal, and Eternal, lives without either Comfort in the One, or Hope in the Other; and takes more pains to be Danmid, than a Good Christian does to Compass his Salvation. In short, we went on our way in Discourse. The Rich follow'd their Wealth, and the Poor the Rich; begging there, what Providence had deny'd them. The Simborn and Obstinate went a way by Themselves; for they would hear no Body that was wifer than themselves, but ran huddling on, and press fill to be foremost. The Magistrates drew after them, all the Solicitors, and Asturneys. Corrupt Judges were carry'd away by Passon and Asturneys. Corrupt Judges were carry'd away by Passon and Asturneys. And Vain, and Ambitious Primers, trail'd along with them, Principalities and Common-wealths.

There were a world of Gergy upon this Road too. And I faw one full Regiment of Soldiers there, which would have been brave Fellows indeed, if they had but been half for

These went apart, and were look'd upon to be neither Fish, nor Flesh, nor Good Red-herring. They wore the Name

good at Praying, and Fighting, as they were at Swearing Their whole Discourse was of their Adventu es. How D 2 Narrowly Narrowly they came off at fuch an Affault; What Wounds they received upon t'other Breach; and then what a Destruction they made at such a time of Mutton and Poultry. But all they said came in at one Ear, and went out at t'other. Don't you remember, Sirrab, says one, how we claw'd it away at such a place! Tes, ye Damn'd Rogue you, cries t'other, when you were so Drunk you took your Aunt for the Bawd. These, and such as these, were the

only Exploits they could truly brag of.

While they were upon these Glorious Rhodomantades, certain generous Spirits from the Right hand way, that knew what they were, by the Boxes of Pass-ports, Testimonials, and Recommendations they wore at their Girdles, cry'd out to them, as if it had been to an Attacque: Fall on, Fall on, my Lads, and follow me. This, this is the Path of Honour: and if you were not Poultrons, you would not quit it for fear of a hard March, or an ill Lodging. Courage, Comerades, and be affur'd, that this Combat well fought, Makes all your Fortunes, and Crowns you for ever. Here ye shall be sure both of Pay, and Reward, without casting the Issue of all your Hazards and Hopes upon the Empty Promises of Princes. How long will ye pursue this Trade of Blood and Rapine? and accustom your Ears, and Tongues to the Tragical out-cries of Burn, No Quarter, Kill, or Dye. It is not Pay, or Pillage, but Virtue that's a Brave Man's Recompence. Trust to her, and she'll not deceive ye. If it be the War, ye Love, Come to us: Bear Arms on the Right-fide, and we'll find you work. Do not you know that Man's Life is a Warfare? That the World, the Flesh, and the Devil, are Three vigilant Enemies? And that it is as much as his Soul is worth to put himself, but for one Minute, out of his Guard? Princes tell ye, that your Bloods, and your Lives are Theirs; and that to shed the One, and lose the Other, in their Service, is no Obligation but a Duty. You are still however to look to the Cause. Wherefore turn Head, and come along with us, and be happy. The Soldiers heard all this with exceeding Patience, and Attention: But the Brand of Cowardice had fuch an effect upon them, that without any more ads, like Men of Honour, they presently quitted the Road; Drew, and as bold as Lyons, charg'd headlong into a Tavern.

After this, we faw a great Troop of Women upon the Highway to Hell, with their Bags, and their Fellows at their Heels, ever, and anon, Hunching, and Jufling one another. On the other fide, A number of Good People, that were almost at the End of their Journey, came over into the uwong Road; for the Right-hand Way, growing Easter, and Wider towards the End, and that on the Left-hand, on the Contrary, Narrower, they thought they had been out of their Way, and so came in to Ds; as many of Ours went

Over

over to Them, upon the fame Mistake. Among the rest, I faw a great Lady, without either Coach, Sedan, or any living Creature With her, foot it all the way to Hell; which was to me fo great a Wonder, confidering how the had liv'd in the World, that I prefently look'd about for a Publick Notary, to make an Entry of it. The Woman was in a most miserable pickle; and I did not know what Defign she might drive on, under that Disguise; but finding never a Notary, or Register at hand, though I mist my particular Aim, yet I was well enough pleas'd with it; for I took it then for Granted, that I was in my ready way to Heaven. But when I came afterward to re-flect upon the Crosses, Assistions, and Mortifications, that lie in the way to Paradife: And to consider, that there was Nothing of That upon this Road: but on the contrary, Laughing, Singing, Frolicking, and all manner of Jolity: This I must confess, gave me a Qualm, and made me a little doubtful whither I was going.

But I was quickly deliver'd of that Doubt, by a Gang of Marry'd Men, that we overtook with their Wives in their Hands, in Evidence of their Mortifications: My Wife's my Witness (cries one) that every Day fince I Marry'd her has been a Fasting-day to me; to Pamper her with Cock-Broth, and fellics. And my Wife knows how I have humbled my Body by Nakedness; for I have hardly allow'd my felf a Rag to my Back-side, or a Shoe to my Foot, to maintain her in her Coach, Pages, Gowns, Petty Coats, and Jewels: So that upon the matter, I perceive an Unlucky hit with a Wife, gives a Man as much Right to the Catalogue of Martyrs, as if he had ended his Days at the Stake.

The Mifery these poor Wretches endur'd, made me think my felf in the Right again; till I heard a Cry behind me, Make way there, Make way for the Pothecaries. Bless me, thought I, If They be here, we are certainly going to the Devil. And so it prov'd; for we were just then come to a little Door, that was made like a Mouse-Trap, where 'twas easy to get in, but there was no get-

ting out again.

It was a strange thing, that scarce any Body so much as Dreamt of Hell, all the way we went; and yet every Body knew where they were, as foon as they came there, and cry'd out with one Voice, Miserable Creatures! we are Dann'd, we are Dann'd. That word made my Heart ake; And is it come to that, faid I! Then did I begin with Tears in my Eyes, to reflect upon what I had left in the World : As my Relations, Friends, Ladies, Mistresses; and in fi.e, all my Old Acquaintance: When with a heavy Sigh, looking behind me, I faw the greater part of them Posting after me. It gave me, methought, some Comfort,

that I should have so good Company; vainly imagining, that even Hell it self might be capable of some

Relief.

Going farther on, I was gotten into a Crowd of Taylors. that stood up sneaking in a Corner, for fear of the Devils. At the first Door, there were Seven Devils taking the Names of those that came in , and they ask'd me Mine, and my Quality, and fo they let me pass. But examining the Taylors, These Fellows (cry'd one of the Devils) come in fuch Shoals, as if Hell were made only for Taylors? How many are they? (faid another) Answer was made, about a Hundred. About a Hundred? They must be more than a Hundred, says t'other. if they be Taylors; for they never come under a Thousand or Twelve Hundred strong: And we have so many here already, I do not know where we shall 'stow them. Say the word, my Masters, Shall's let them in or no? The poor Prick-Lice were damnd'ly ftartled at that, for fear they should not get in: But in the End, they had the Favour to be admitted. Certainly, faid I, thefe Folks are but in an ill Condition, when 'tis a Menance for the Devils themselves to refuse to receive them: Thereupon a Huge Overgrown, Club-footed, Crump Shoulder'd Devil, threw them all into a deep Hole. Seeing fuch a Monster of a Devil, I ask'd him, how he came to be fo deform'd: And he told me, he had spoil'd his Back with Carrying of Taylors: For, said he, I have been formerly made use of as a Sumpter to setch them; but now of late they save me that labour, and come fo falt of themselves, that 'tis one Devil's Work to dispose of them. While the Word was vet speaking, there came another Glut of them; and I was fain to make way, that the Devil might have Room to work in, who pil'd them up, and told me, they made the best Fewel in Hell.

I pass'd forward then into a little Dark Aller, where it made me start to hear one call me by my Name, and with much ado, I perceiv'd a Fellow there all wrapt up in Smoak and Flame. Alas! Sir, says he, Have you forgotten your Old Bookseller in Pope's-head Alley? I cry thee Mercy, good Livewell, quoth I, What! Art thou here? Its, Its, Sir, (says he) 'tise'entoo true. I never dreamt it would have come to this. He thought I must needs pity him, when I knew him: But truly I reflected rather upon the Justice of his Punishment. For in a word, his Shop was the very Mint of Herefy, Schism, and Sedition. I put on a Face of Compassion however, to give him a little Ease, which he took hold of, and vented his Complaint. Well so (says He) I would my Father had made me a Hangman when his made me a Stationer; for we are call'd to Account for

Other Men's Works, as well as for our own. And one thing that's cast in our Dish, is the selling of Translation to Dog-cheap, that every Sot knows now as much, as would formerly have made a Passable Dostor; and every Nasty Groom, and Roguy Lacquey is grown as familiar with Homer, Virgil, Ovid, as if 'twere Robin the Devil; The Seven Champion; Or a piece of George Withers. He would have talk'd on, if a Devil had not stopt his Mouth with a Whist from a Rowle of his own Papers, and choakt him with the Smoak on't. The Pestilent Fume would have dispatch'd me too, if I had not got presently out of the reach on't. But I went my way, saying this to my self; If the Bookseller be thus Criminal, What will become of

the Author!

I was deliver'd from this Meditation, by the rueful Groans, of a great many Souls that were under the Lash, and the Devil Tyrannizing over them with Whips and Scourges. I ask'd what they were? and it was told me, that there was a Plot among the Hackney-Coachmen to exhibit an Information against the Devils, for taking the Whip out of their Hands, and fetting up a Trade they had never ferv'd to, (which is directly contrary to Quinto Elisabetha.) Well, faid I: But why are these tormented here? With that an Old Sowr-look'd Coach-man took the Answer out of the Devil's Mouth, and told me; that it was because they came to Hell a Horseback, which they pretended, was a Privilege that did not belong to Rogues of their Quality. Speak Truth, and be Hang'd, cry'd the Devil; and make an honest Confession here. Say, Sirrah, How many Bawdy Voyages have you made to Hackney? How many Night's have you stood Pimping at Mary-bone? How many Whores and Knaves have you brought together? And how many Lyes have you told, to keep all private, fince you first set up this Scandalous Trade? There was a Conchman by, that had ferv'd a Judge, and thought 'twas no more for his Old Master to fetch a Rascal. out of Hell, than out of Newgate; which made this Fellow stand upon his Points, and ask the Devil how he durit give that Language to fo Honourable a Profession; for (favs he) Who wears better Cloaths than your Coachmen? Are not we in our Velvets, Embroideries, and Laces? and as Glorious as: so many Phaetons? Have not our Masters reason to be good to us, when their Necks are at fake, and their Lives at our Mercy? Nay, we Govern those, many times, that Govern Kingdoms; and a Prince is in almost as much Danger of his Coachman, as of his Phy-Scian. And there are, that understand it too, and Themselves, and Us; and that will not flick to trust their Coach-men as far as they would do their Confessors. There's no Absurdity in the Comparison; for if They know some of their Privacies, We know

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more; yes, and perhaps more than we'll speak of. What have we here to do, cry'd a Devil that was ready to break his Heart with Laughing? A Coach-man in his Tropes and Figures? An Orator instead of a Waggoner? The Slave has broke his Bridle, and got his Head at Liberty. and now he'll never have done. No, why should he? (fays another that had ferv'd a great Lady more ways than One) is this the best Entertainment you can afford your Servants? your daily Drudges? I'm fure we bring you good Commodity, well Pack'd; well Condition'd; well Perfum'd; Right, Neat and Clean: Not like your City-ware, that comes dirty to you, up to the Hocks; and yet every Draggle-Tail'd Wench, and Ship-kennel, shall be better us'd than We. Ah! the Ingratitude of this place! If we had done as much for fomebody elfe, as we have done for you, we should not have been now to feek for our Wages. When you have nothing elfe to fav, you tell me that I am punish'd for carrying the Sick, the Gouty, the Lame, to Church, to Mass; or some stragling Virgins, back again to their Cloufter: Which is a damn'd Lye; for I am able to prove, that all my Trading lay at the Play Houses, Bawdy-Houses, Taverns, Balls, Collations: Or else at the Tour. a-la-Mode, where there was still appointed some After-meeting; to treat of certain Affairs, that highly import the Interest and Welfare of your Dominions. I have indeed carry'd my Mistress fometimes to the Church-Door, but it fignify'd no more than if I had carry'd her to a Conventicle; for all her Business there, was to meet her Gallant, and to agree when they Should meet next; according to the Way of Devotion now in Mode. To conclude; it is most certain, that I never took any Creature (knowingly) into my Coach, that had fo much as a good Thought. And this was so well known, that it was all one, to ask, If a Lady were a Maid; or if she had ever been in my Coach. If it appear'd the had; He that Marry'd her, knew before-hand, what he had to trust to. And after all this, ye have made us a fair Requital. With that the Devil fell a Laughing, and with five or fix twinging Jerks, half flay'd the poor Coach-man; fo that I was e'en glad to retire; in pity partly to the Coach-man, and partly to my felf; for the Currying of a Coach-man, is little better than the turning up of a Dunghil.

My next Adventure was into a Deep Vault, where I began immediately to shudder, and my Teeth chatter'd in my Head. I ask'd the meaning of it; and there came up to me a Devil, with Kip'd Heels, and his Toes all Morrify'd; and told me that That Quarter was allotted to the Buffons and Drolls, which are a People (says he) of so start of the conceipt, and so cold a Discourse, that we are fain to

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Chain, and Lock them up, for fear they should spoil the Temper of our Fire. I ask'd if a Man might see them. The Devil told me yes, and shewed me one of the lewdest Kennels in Hell. And there were they at it, pecking at One another, and nothing but the same Fooleries over and over again, that they had practis'd upon Earth. Among the Bussons, I saw divers that pass'd here in the World for Men of Honesty, and Honour: Which were in, as the Devil told me, for Flattery; and were a fort of Busson, that goes betwint the Bark and the Tree. But, why are they condemn'd? said I. The Other Bussons are condemn'd (quoth the Devil) for want of Favour; and These, for having too much, and abusing it. You must know they come upon us, still at Unawares; and yet they find all things in Readiness; the Cloath laid, and the Bed made, as if they were at Home. To say the Truth, we have some fort of Kindness for them; for they save us a great deal of Trouble in Tormenting One Another.

of Trouble in Tormenting One Another.

Do you see him there? That was a Wicked and a Partial Judge?
And all he has to say for himself, is, that he remembers the time when he could have broke the Neck of Two Homes Causes, and He put them only out of Joint. That Good-iellow there, was a cereles Husband, and him we lodge too with the Bussian. He sold his Wise's Portion, Wise and all, to please his Companions; and turn'd both into an Annuity. That Lady there (though a great one) is sain to take up too with the Bussian, for they are both of a Humour: What They do with their Talk, She does with her Body, and seasons it to all Appetites. In a word, you shall find Bussian in all Conditions; and in effect, there are nigh as many, as there are Men and Women; for the whole World is given to Jeering, Slandering, Backbiting; and there are more

Natural Buffons than Artificial.

At my going out of the Vault, I faw a matter of a Thouland Devils following a Drove of Paftry-men, and Breaking their Heads as they pass'd along, with Iron-Peels. Alack; cry'd one of them, that was yet in a whole Skin, it is hard the Sin of the Flesh should be laid to our Charge, that never had to do with Women. Impudent Nast Rascals, (quoth the Devil) Who has deserv'd Hell, if They have not? How many Thousand Men have these Slovens poyson'd, with the Grease of their Heads, and Tallow, instead of Mutton Sewet? With Snot-Pies for Marrow? and Flies for Currants? How many Stomachs have they turn'd into I sals with Dogs-slesh, Horse slesh, and other Carrienthat they have put into them? And do these Rogues complain (in the Devils Name) of their Sufferings! Leave your Bawling, ye Whelps (says he) and know, that the Pain you endure, is nothing to that of your Torraentors.

And for your part (lays he,) to me, (with a fow'r Look) because you are a Stranger, you may go about your bufiness; but we have a Crow to pluck with these Fellows, before

we part.

I went next down a pair of Stairs into a huge Cellar. where I faw Men Burning in unquenchable Fire; and one of them Roaring, Cry'd out, I never over fold: I never fold, but at Conscionable Rates; Why am I punished thus? I durst have fworn it had been Judas; but going nearer to him, to see if he had a Read Head, I found him to be a Merchant of my Acquaintance, that dy'd not long fince. How now, Old Martin, (faid I) Art thou there? He was dogged, because I did not call him Sir, and made no Anfwer. I faw his Grief, and told him how much he was to blame, to cherish that Vanity even Hell, that had brought him thither. And what do you think on't now? (faid I) Had not you better have Traded in Blacks than Christians? Had not you better have contented your felf with a little boneftly got, than run the Hazard of your Soul for an Estate: and have gone to Heaven a Foot, rather than to the Devil on Horseback? My Friend was as mute as a Fish; whether out of Anger, Shame, or Grief, I know not. And then a Devil in Office took up the Discourse. These Pick-pocket Rognes (fays he) Did they think to Govern the World with their own Weights and Measures, in Secula Seculorum? Methinks, the Blinking, and false Lights of their Shops, should have Minded them of their Quarter, in the Other World, aforehand. And 'tis all a Cafe, with Jewellers, Goldsmiths, and Other Trades, that ferve only to Flatter and Bolfter up the World in Luxury, and Folly. But if People would be wife, these Youths should have little enough to do. For what's their Cloth of Gold, and Silver, their Silks, their Diamonds, and Pearl, (which they fell at their own Price) but matter of meer Wantonness, and Superfluity: These are they that inveigle ve into all forts of Extravagant Expences, and fo ruin ye Infenfibly, under colour of Kindness, and Credit. For they fet every thing at double the Rate; and if you keep not touch at your Day, your Persons are Imprison'd; your Goods seiz'd; and your Estates extended. And they that helpt to make you Princes before, are now the forwardest to put you into the Condition of Beggers.

The Devil would have talk'd on, if I had given him the Hearing; but there was such a Laugh set up on one side on me, as if they would all have split; and I went to see what the matter was; for 'twas a strange thing, methought, to hear them so merry in Hell. The but ness was, there were Two Men upon a Scassold, in Gentile Habits, Gaping as loud as they could Bawl. One

of them had a great Parchment in his Hand, difplay'd a with divers Labels hanging at it, and feveral Seals. thought at first it might have been Execution-day, and took the Writing for a Pardon or Reprieve. At every word they spoke, a matter of Seven or Eight Thousand Devils burst out a Laughing, as they would have crackt their Sides. And This again made me think, it might be some Fack-pudding, or Mountebank, shewing his Tricks, or his Attestations? with his Congregation of Fools about him. But nearer hand, I found my Mistake; and that the Devil's Mirth made the Gentlemen angry. At last I perceiv'd that this great Earnestness of theirs was only to make out their Pedigree, and get themselves past for Gentlemen; the Parchment being a Testimonial from the Herald's Office, to that Purpose. My Father (fays he with the Writing in's Hand) bore Arms for his Majesty in many Honourable Occasions of Watching and Warding; and has made many a Tall Fellow speak to the Constable, at all Hours of the Night. My Uncle was the first Manthat ever was of the Order of the Black-Guard: And we have had Five brave Commanders of our Family, by my Father's fide, that have ferv'd the State in the Quality of Marsbal's Men, and Turn-Keys, and given his Majesty a fair Accompt of all the Pris'ners committed to their Charge. And by my Mother's fide, it will not be deny'd, but that I am honourably descended: For my Grandmother was never without a Dozen Chamber-Maids, and Nurses in Family. It may be 'twas her Trade (quoth the Devil) to procure Services and Servants, and confequently to deal in that Commodity. Well, well, (faid the Cavalier) she was what she was; and I'm sure I'll tell you nothing but Truth. Her Husband wore a Sword, by his Place; for he was a Deputy-Marshal; and to prove any self a Man of Honour, I have it here in Black and White, under the Seal of the Office. Why must I then be Quarter'd among a Pack of Rascals? My Gentleman Friend, (quoth the Devil) your Grandfather wore a Sword, as he was Ufher to a Fencing School; and we know very well what his Son, and Grand-child can pretend to. But let that pass; you have led a Wicked and Infamous Life, and spent your Time in Whoring, Drinking, Blaspheming, and in Lewd Company; and do you tell us now of the Privileges of your Nebility? Your Testimonials, and the Seal of the Office? A Fart for your Privileges, Testimomials, Office and all. There is no Honour, but Virtue. And if your Children, though they had a Scoundrel to their Father, should come to do Honourable and Worthy things, we fhould look upon them as Perfons Sacred, and D 6

and not dare to meddle with them. But talking is time lost; You were ever a Couple of pitiful Fellows, and your Tails scarce worth the Scalding. Have at ye, (says he) and at that word, with a huge Iron Bar he gave him such a Salute over the Buttocks, that he took Two or Three turns in the Air, Heels over Head, and dropt at last into the Common-Shoar; where never any Man

as yet found the Bottom.

When his Companion had feen him Cut that Caper: This Usage (says he) may be well enough for a Parchment Gentleman: But for a Cavalier of my Extraction, and Profession, I suppose you'll Treat him with somewhat more of Civility and Respect. Cavalier (quoth the Devil) if you have brought no better Plea along with you, than the Antiquity of your House, you may e'en follow your Comerade, for ought I know; for we find very few Ancient Families, that had not some Oppressor or Vsurper for their Founder; and they are commonly continued by the same means they were begun. How many are there of our Titular Nobility, that Write Noble, purely upon the Account of their Violence and Injustice? Their Subjects and Tenants, what with Impositions, hard Services, and Rackt Rents: Are they not worse than Slaves? If they happen to have any thing Extraordinary; As a Pleafant Fruit, a Hand-Iom Colt; A Good Cow; and that the Landlord, or his Sweet Lady take a liking to it, they must either submit to part with it Gratis, or elfe take their Pay in foul Language, or Bastinadoes. And 'tis well if they 'scape so: For many times when the Sign's in Gemini; their Wives and Daughters go to Pot, without any Regard of Laws either Sacred or Prophane. What Damn'd Blasphemies and Imprecations do they make use of to get Credit with a Mistress or a Creditor, upon a Faithless Promise! How intolerable is their Pride, and Infolence, even towards many Confiderable Officers, both in Church and State! for they behave themselves as if all People below their Quality and Rank in the World, were but as so many Brutes, or worse. As if Human Blood were not all of a Colour: As if Nature had not brought them into the World the Common Way, or Moulded them of the fame Materials with the meanest Wretches upon the Earth. And then for fuch as have Military Charges and Commands; How many Great Officers are there, that without any Confideration of their Own, or their Prince's Honour, fall to Spoil and Pillage; cozening the State with false Musters, and the Soldiers of their Pay; and giving them instead of their Due from the Prince, Liberty of taking what is not their Due from the People ple; forcing them to take the Bread out of the poor Labourer's Mouths, to fill their own Bellies, and protecting them when they have done, in the most Execrable Outrages imaginable? And when the poor Soldier comes at last to be dismist, or disbanded; Lame, Sick, Beggerly, Naked almost, and Enraged; with Nothing left him to trust to, but the Highway to keep him from starving; What Mischief is there in the World, that these Men are not the cause of? How many good Families are utterly ruin'd, and at this Day in the Hospital, for trusting to Their Oaths and Promises? And becoming bound for them for vait Sums of Money to maintain them in Tipple, and Whores, and in all forts of Luxury and Riot? This Rhetorical Devil would have faid a Thousand times more, but that his Companions call'd him off, and told him they had business elswhere. The Cavalier hearing that, My Friend (faid he) your Morals are very good; but yet with your favour, all Men are not alike. There's never a Barrel better Herring, (faid the Devil) You are all of ye tainted with Original Sin; and if you had been any better than your Fellows, you had never been fent hither. But if you are indeed to Noble, as you fay, you're worth the Burning, if 'were but for your Ashes. And that you may have no Cause of Complaint, you shall fee, we'll Treat you like a Person of your Condition. And in that Instant, Two Devils presented themfelves; the One of them Bridled and Saddled; and the other doing the Office of the Squire; holding the Stirrup, with his Left-Hand, and giving the Gentleman a Lift into the Saddle with the other. Which was no fooner done, but away he went like an Arrow out of a Bow. I ask'd the Devil then into what Country he carry'd him. And he told me, Not far: For 'twas only matter of Decorum, to fend the Nobility to Hell a Horseback. Look on that fide now, fays he, and fo I did; and there I saw the poor Cavalier in a huge Furnace, with the first Inventers of Nobility, and Arms: As Cain, Cham, Nimrod, Esan, Romulus, Tarquin, Nero, Caligula, Domitian, Heliogabalus; and a world of other brave Fellows, that had made themselves famous by Usurpation, and Blood. The Place was a little too hot for me, and fo I retir'd, meditating on what I had heard; and not a little fatisfied with the Discourse of so learned a Devil. Till that time, I took the Devil for a Notorious Lyar; but I find now that he can speak the Truth too, when he pleases; and I would not for all I am worth, but have heard him Preach.

Denot on this burney loads

When I was thus far, my Curiofity carry'd me still farther; and within Twenty Yards, I came to a huge Muddy Stinking Lake, near twice as big as that of Genera; and heard in't so strange a Noise, that I was almost out of my Wits, to know what it was. They told me, that the Lake was stor'd with Douegnas, or Gowvernante, which are turn'd into a kind of Frogs in Hell, and perpetually Drivelling, Sputtering and Croaking. Methought the Conversion was apt enough; for they are neither Fish, nor Flesh, no more than Frogs; and only the lower Parts of them are Man's-Meat, but their Heads are enough to turn a very good Stomach. I cou'd not but Laugh to see how they Gaped, and stretch out their Legs as they swam, and still as we came near, they'd

Scud away and Dive.

This was no place to fray in, there was fo Noysome a Vapour; and I struck off upon the Lest-hand; where I faw a Number of Old Men, Beating their Breasts, and Tearing their Faces; with bitter Groans, and Lamentations. It made my Heart ake to fee them, and I ask'd what they were? Answer was made, That I was now in the Quarter of the Fathers that Damn'd Themselves, to Raise their Posterny; which were called by some, The Unadvised. Wretch that I am! (cry'd one of them) the greatest Penitent that ever liv'd, never suffer'd the Mortification I have endur'd; I have Watch'd; I have Fasted; I have scarce had any Clothes to my Back; My whole Life has been a Restless Course of Torment, both of Body and Mind: And all This, to get Money for my Children; that I might fee them well Marry'd; Buy them Places at Court, or procure them fome other Preferment in the World: Starving my felf in the Conclusion, rather than I wou'd lessen the Provi-sion, I had made for my Posterity. And yet notwithstanding this my Fatherly Care, I was fcarce sooner Dead, than forgotten: And my next Heir buried me without Tears, or Mourning; and indeed without so much as paying of Legacies, or Praying for my Soul: As if they had already received certain Intelligence of my Damnation. And to aggravate my Sorrows, the Prodigals are now squandering and consuming that Estate, in Gaming, Whoring, and Debauches, which I had ferap'd together by fo much Industry, Vexation, and Oppression, and for which I suffer at this Instant such Insupportable Torments. This should have been thought on before (cry'd a Devil) for fure you have heard of the Old Saying, Happy is the Child whose Father goes to the Devil. At which word, the Old Mifers brake out into fresh Rage and Lamentation, Tearing their Flesh with Tooth and Nail, in forueful a manner, that I was no longer able to endure Spectacle. A litA little farther, there was a Dark Hideous Prison, where I heard the Clattering of Chains; the Crackling of Flames; the Slapping of Whips; and a confused out-cry of Complaints. I ask'd what Quarter this was, and they told me it was the Quarter of the Oh that I Hads? What are those, said I? Answer was made, that they were a Company of Brutish Sots, so absolutely deliver'd up to Vice, that they were damn'd insensibly, and in Hell before they were aware. They are now restesting upon their Miscarriages and Omissions, and perpetually crying out; Oh that I had Examin'd my Conscience! Oh that I had frequented the Sacraments! Oh that I had Humbled my self with Fassing, and Prayer! Oh that I had serv'd God as I ough! Oh that I had Visited the Sick, and Reliev'd the Poor! Oh that I had set a Watch before

the Door of my Lips!

I left these late Repentants, (as it appear'd) in Exchange for worfe, which were shut up in a Base Court, and the Nastiest that ever I saw. These were such as had ever in their Mouths, God is merciful, and will pardon me. How can this be, (faid I) that these People should be Damn'd? When Condemnation is an Act of Justice, not of Mercy. I perceive you are fimple, (quoth the Devil) for half these you fee here, are condemn'd with the Mercy of God in their Mouths: And to Exlpain my felf, Confider I pray'e, how many Sinners are there, that go on in their Ways, in spite of Reproof, and good Counsel? and still this is their Answer; God is merciful, and will not damn a Soul for so fmall a Matter. But let them talk of Mercy, as they please; fo long as they perfift in a Wicked Life, we are like to have their Company at last. By your Argument (said I) there's no trusting to Divine Mercy. You mistake me (quoth the Devil) for every good Thought, and Work, slows from that Mercy, But this I fay : He that perseveres in his Wickedness, and makes use of the Name of Mercy, only for a Countenance to his Impieties, does but mock the Almighty, and has no Title to that Mercy. For 'tis vain to expect Mercy from above, without doing any thing in order to it. It properly belongs to the Righteous, and the Penitent? And they that have the most of it upon the Tongue, have commonly the least thought of it in their Hearts: And 'tis a great Aggravation of Guilt, to' Sin the more, in Confidence of an abounding Mercy. It is true, that many are receiv'd to Mercy, that are utterly unworthy of it; which is no wonder, fince no Man of himself can deserve it: But Men are so Negligent of feeking it betimes, that they put that off to the last, which should have been the first part of their business; and many times their Life is at an end, before they begin their Repentance. I did not think fo Damn'd a Doctor could have made fo good a Sermon. And there I left him

I came next to a Noisom Dark hole, and there I faw a Company of Dyers, all in Dirt and Smoak, intermixt with the Devils; and so alike, that it would have posed the fubtilest Inquisitor in Spain, to have faid, which were the

Devils, and which the Dyers.

There flood at my Elbow, a strange kind of Mungrel Devil, begot betwixt a Black and a White; with a Head fo bestuck with little Horns, that it look'd at a Distance like a Hedg-hog. I took the boldness to ask him, where they Quarter'd the Sodomites, the Old Women, and the Cucholds. As for the Cuckelds (faid he) they are all over Hell, without any certain Quarter, or Station: and in Truth, 'tis no easy matter to know a Cuckold from a Devil; for (like kind Husbands) they wear their Wive's Favours still, and the very same Head-pieces in Hell, that they wore living in the World. As to the Sodomites, we have no more to do with them, than needs must; but upon all occasions, we either Fly, or Face them; for if ever we come to give them a Broad-fide, 'tis Ten to One but we get a hit betwixt Wind and Water; and yet we fence with our Tails, as well as we can, and they get now and then a Flap o'er the Mouth into the Bargain. And for the Old Women, we make them stand off; for we take as little Pleasure in them, as you do: And yet the Jades will be perfecuting us with their Passions; and ye shall have a Bawd of Five and Fifty, do ye all the Gamboles of a Girl of Fifteen. And yet after all this, There's not an Old Woman in Hell; for let her be as Old as Pauls; Bald, Blind, Toothless, Wrinkled, Decrepit: This is not long of her Age, she'll tell you, but a Terrible fit of Sickness last year, that fetcht off her Hair, and brought her so low, that she has not yet recover'd her Flesh again. She lost her Eyes by a hot Rheum: utterly spoil'd her Teeth with Cracking of Peach-Stones, and Eating of Sweet-meats, when she was a Maid. And when the weight of her Years has almost brought both ends together; 'tis nothing, she'll tell ye, but a Crick she has got in her Back : And though she might recover her Touth again, by confessing her Age, she'll never acknowledge it.

My next Encounter was, a Number of People making their moan, that they had been taken away by Sudden Death. That's an Impudent Lye (cry'd a Devil) faving this Gentleman's presence, for no Man dies suddenly. Death Surprizes no Man, but gives all Men Sufficient Warning and Notice. I was much taken with the Devil's Civility, and Difcourfe; which he purfu'd after this manner. Do ye com-

plain