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## THE

## VISIONS

OF
DOM FRANCISCO DE
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V I L L E G A S \text {, }
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Knight of the Order of St. James.

## Made Englifh BY

$\operatorname{Sir} R O G E R$ L'E STR $A N G E$, Kt.
The Eleventh Edition, Corrected.

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L O N D O N,
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Printed by $W$.b. for Richard Sabre near Gray's-Inn-Gate in Holbourn, 1715 .
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## TO THE

## READERS, Gentle and Simple.



HIS Preface is meerly for Fa-fhion-fake, to fill $a$ fpace, and pleafe the Stationer; who fays, 'tis neither $u f u a l$ nor handfome, to leap immediately from the Title-Page to the Matter. So that in Jhort, a Preface ye bave, together with the Reafon of it, both under One: but as to the Ordinary Mode and Pretence of Prefaces, the Tranflator defires to be Excus'd: For be makes a Confcience of a Lye, and it were a damn'd one, totell ye, that he has publijbt This either to Gratify the Importunity of Friends, or to Oblige the Publick; or for any other Reafon of a bundred, that are commonly given in excufe of Scribling. Not but that he loves his Friends as well as any Man, and has taken their Opinion along with him. Nor, but that he loves the Publick too, (as many a Man does a Coy Miftrefs that has made bis Heart ake.) But to pafs from what had no effect upon him in this Publication, to that which over-rul'd bim in it. It was pure Spite. For he has had hard Meafure among the

Phyficians,

## PREFACE.

Phyficians, the Lawyers, the Women, © co. and Dom Francifco de Quevedo, in Englift, Revenges him upon all his Enemies. For it is a Satyr, that taxes Corruption of Manners, in all forts and degrees of People, without reflecting upon particular States or Perfons. It is full of Sharpness and Moralivy; and has found fo good Entertainment in the World, that it wanted only Englifh of being baptized into all Chriftian Languages.


## THE

## FIRSTVISION,

OF THE

## Algouazil (or Catchpole)

## ${ }^{P}$ O

 OING t'other Day to hear Mafs at a Convent in this Town, the Door it feems was fhut, and a World of People preffing and begging to get in. Upon Enquiry What the Matter was; they told me of a Demoniae to be exorcifed; (or difpoffeft) which made me put in for one, to fee the Ceremony, though to little Purpofe; for when I had half fmothered my felf in the Throng, I was e'en glad to get out again, and bethink my felf of my Lodging. Upon my way homeward, at the Streets-end, it was my fortune to meet a familiar Friend of mine of the fame Convent, who told me as before. Taking notice of my Curiofity, he bad me follow him; which I did, 'till with his Paffe-par-tout, he brought me through a little back-door into the Church, and fo into the Veftry: Where we faw a wretched kind of a dog-look'd Fellow, with a Tippet about his Neck, as ill-ordered as you'd wifh; his Cloaths all in tatters, his Hands bound behind him, roaring and tearing after a mof hidcous manner. Blefs me, quoth $I_{\text {, }}$ (crofling my felf) what have we here ? This (fays the good Father who was to do the Feat) is a Man that's poffeft with an Evil Spirit. That's a damn'd Lye, (with refpect of the Company, cryed the Devil that tormented him) for this is not a Man poffeft with a Devil, but a Devil poffeft with a Man; and therefore you fhould do well to have ar care what you fay; for it is moft evident, both by the Queftion and Anfwer, that you are but a Company of Sots. You muft underitand, that we Devils, never enter into the Body of a Catchpole, but by force, and in fpight of our Hearts; and therefore to fpeak properly, you are tofay, this is a Devil catchpol'd, and not a Cathpole bederil'd.

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And, to give you your Due, you Men can deal better with ws Devils, than with the Catchpoles; for We flye from the Crofs; whereas They make we of it, for a Cloak for their Villany.

But though we differ thus in our Humours, we hold a very fair Corsefpondence in our offices; If we draw Men into Fudgment and Condemnation, fo do the Catcbpoles; we pray for an increafe of Wickednefs in the World, fo do they; nay and more zealoufly than we; for they make a Livelibood of it, and we do it only for Company. And in this, the Catchpoles are worfe than the Devils; they prey upon their own Kind, and worry one another. For our parts, we are $A n-$ gets fill, though black ones, and were turn'd into Devils only for afpiring into an equality with our Maker: Whereas the very Corruption of Mankind is the Generation of a Catchpole. So that, my good Father, your labour is but loft in plying this Wretch with Reliques; for you may as foon redeem a Soul from Hell, as a Prey out of his Clutclics. In fine, your Alsouazils (or Catchpoles) and your Devils are both of an Order, only your Catchpole-Devils wear Shoes and Stackings, and we go barefoot, after the Fafhion of this reverend Father; and (to deal plainly) have a very hard time on't.
I was not a little furpriz'd to find the Devil fo great a Sophifter; but all this notwithfanding, the Holy Man went on with his Exorcifm, and to ftop the Spirit's Mouth, wafht his Face with a little Holy-Water; which made the Dersoniac ten times madder than before, and fet him a yelping fo horridly, that it deafned the Company, and made the very Ground under us to tremble. And now, fays he, you may, perchance, imagine this Extravagance to be the Effect of your Holy-Water; but let me tell you, that meer Water it felf would have done the fame Thing; for your Catchpole hates nothing in this World like Water; [efpecially that of a Gray's-Inn Pump.] But to conclude, They are fo reprobated a fort of Chriftians, that they have quitted even the very Name of Mifins, (by which they were formerly known) for that of Algowazils; the latter being of Pagan extraction, and more fuitable to their Manners.

Come, come, fays the Father, there is no Ear, nor Credit to be given to this Villain; fet but his Tongue at Liberty, and you fhall have him fall foul upon the Government, and the Minifters of Juftice, for keeping the World in Order and fuppreffing Wickednefs, becaufe it fpoils his Market. No more chopping of Logick, good Mr . Conjurer, fays the Devil; for there's more in't than you are aware of; but if you'll do a poor Devil a good Office, give me my Difpatch outeof this accurfed Alganazil; for Lam a Devil, you muft know, of Reputation and 2ralify,

## Of the Catchpole Possest.

and fhall never be able to endure the Gibes and Affronts will be put upon me at my return to Hell, for having kept this Rafcal company. All in good time, faid the Faither, thou fhalt have thy Difcharge, that is to fay, in pity to this miferable Creature, and not for thy own Sake. But tell me now, what makes thee torment him thus? Nothing in the World, quoth the Devil, buza Conteft betwixt him and me, which was the gratec Devil of the Two.
The Conjurer did not at all relifh thefe wild and malicious Replies ; but to me the Dialogue was extreme pleafant, efpecially being by this time a little familiariz'd with the Devil. Upon which Confidence, my good Father, faid I, here are none but Friends; and I may fpeak to your as my Confeffor, and the Confident of all the fecrets of my Soul; I have a great mind with your leave, to ask the Devil a few Queftions; and who knows, but a Man may be the better for his Anfwers, though perchance eontrary to his Intention? keep him only in the Interim from tormenting this poor Creature. The Conjurer granted my requeft, and the Spirit went on with his Babble. Well, fays he friling, the Devil fhall never want a Friend atcourt, fo long as there's a Poot within the Walls. And indeed the pocts do us many a good turn, both by Pimping and otherwife; but it you, frid he, fould noo be kind to us (looling upon me) you'll be thought very ungrateful, confidering the Honour of your Entertainment now in Hell. I ask'd him then, what fore of Poets they had ? Whole Swarms, faysothe Devil, fo many, that We have been forc'd to make more room for them; Nor is there any thing in Nature fo pleafant as a Poet in the firt Year of his probation; he comes ye laden forfooth, with Letters of Recommendation to our Superiours, and enquires very gravely for Charon, Cerberus, Thedamanthuss, Eacks, Minos.

Well, faid I, but what's their Punifhment ? (for I began now to make the Poots Care my own.) Their Punifhments, quoth the Devil, are many, and fuited to the Trade they drive. Some are condemn'd to hear other Men's Works: (and this is the Plague of the Fidiers too.) We have others that are in for a Thoufand Years, and yet ftill poring upon fome old Stanza's they have made of Jealoufic. Some again are beating their Forcheads with the Palms of their Hands, and even boring their very Nofes with hot Irons, in rage that they cannot come to a Refolution, whether they thall fay Face or Vifage; whether they fhall fay fayl or Gaols. whether Cony or cunny, becaufe it conzes from civioulus, a Rablet. Others are biting.

## The Firf Vision,

their Nails to the quick, and at their Wits end for a Rhime to Chimney, and dozing up and down in a brown fttdy, till they drop into fome Hole at laft, and give us trouble enough to get them ont again. But they that fuffer the molt, and fare the worft, are your Comick Poets, for Whoring fo many Queens and Princefles upon the Stage, and coupling Ladics of Honour with Lacquies, and Noblemen with common Strumpets, in the wiading up of their Plays; and for giving the Baftonado to Alexander and Fulius Cafar in their Interludes and Farces. Now be it known unto you, that we do not lodge thefe with other Poets, but with Petty-Foggers and Aiturneys, as common Dealers in the Myftery of Shifcing, Shuffling, Forging, and Cheating. And now for the Difcipline of Hell, you are to undeftand we have incomparable Harbingers and Quarter-Mafters; infomuch that let them come in whole Caravans, as it happen'd t'uther day, every Man is in his Qnarter before you can fay whet's this !

There came to us feveral Tradefmen; the firit of them a Poor Rogue that made Profeffion of drawing the LongBow; and him we were about to putamong the Armorers, but one of the Company moved and carried it, that fince be was fo good at Draughts, he might be fent to the clerks and Scriveners; a fort of People that will fit you with Draughts good and bad, of all forts and fizes, and to all purpofes. Anorher called himfelf a Cutter: We ask'd him whether in Wood or Stone? Neither, faid he, but in Cloth and Stuff, (Anglice a Taylor; ) and him we turn'd over to thofe that were in for Detraction and Calumny, and for cutting large Thong; out of other Men's Leather. There was a blind Follow would fain have been among the Poets, but (for likeliness fake) we quartered him among the Lovers. After him came a Sexton, or (as he ftiled himfelf) a Burier of the Dead; and then a Cook that was troubled in Confcience for putting off Cats for Hares: Thefe were difpatch'd away to the Paftry-Men. A matter of half a dozen Crack brain'd Fools we difpofed of among the Affrologers and Alchrmifts. In the Number, there was one notorious Murtherer, and him we pack'd away to the Gentlemen of the Faculty, the Phyficians. The Broken-Merchants we kennel'd with Fudas, for making ill Bargains. Corrupt Minifters and Magiftrates, with the Thief on the left Hand. The Embroylers of Affairs, and the Water-bearers, take up with the Vintners; and the Brokers with the fews. Upon the whole matter, the Polity of Hell is admirable, where every Man has his Place according to his condition.

As I remember (faid I) Syou were fpeaking e'en now concerning Lovers. Pray tell me, have ye many of them

## Of the Catchpole Possest.

in your Dominions? I ask, becaufe I am my felf a littie fubject to the Itch of Love, as well as Poetry. Love (fays the Devil) is like a great fpot of Oil, that diffufes itfelf every where, and confequently Hell cannot but befufficiently ftockt with that fort of Vermin. But let me tell you now, we have feveral forts of Lovers; fome doat upon Themfelves; others upon their Pelf: thefe upon their own Difcourfes; thofe upon their own Actions; and once in arr Age perchance, comes a Fellow that doats upon his own Wife; but this is very rare, for the Jades commonly bring their Husbands to repentance, and then the Devil may throw his Cap at them. But above all, for fport (if there can be any in Hell) commend me to thofe Gawdy Monfieurs, who by the variety of Colours and Ribbands: they wear, (Favours, as they call them) one would fwear, were only drefs'd up for a sample, or kind of $I n$ ventory of all the Gewgaws that are to be had for Love or Money at the Mercers. Others you fhall have fo overcharged with Perruque, that you'll hardly know the Head of a cavalicr, from the ordinary Block of a Tire.Woman: And fome again you'd take for Carriers, by their Pacquets and Bundles of Love-Letters; which being made combultible by the Fire and Flame they treat of, we are fo thrifty, as to employ upon the findging of their own Tails, for the faving of better Fuel. But Oh! the pleafant poftures of: the Maiden-Lover, when he is upon the Practice of the Gentle Lear, and embracing the Air for his Miftrefs! Others we have that are condemn'd for Feeling, and yct. never come to the Touch: Thefe pafs for a kind of Buffoon-. Pretenders; ever upon the Vigil, but never arrive at the: Eeftival. Some again have loft themfelves with 7 mdas for a Kiss.

One Story lower is the abode of contented Cucholds; a nafty Poifonous place, and ftrew'd all over with the Horns of Rams and Bulls, drc. Now thefe are fo well read in Woman, and know their Deftiny fo well before-hand, that: they never fo much as trouble their Heads for the matters. Ye come next to the Admirers of old Women; and thefe are Wretches of fo depraved an Appetite, that if they were: not kept tyed up, and in Chains, they'd Horfe the very Devils themjelves, and put Barabbas to his Trumps to defend his Buttocks: For the Tiuth is, whatever you may think of a Devil, he pafles with them for a very, adonis or Nam. ciffus.

So much for your Curiofity, a word now for your In . itruction. If you would make an Intereft in Hell, your muft give over that Roguifh vay ye have got of abuling. the Devils in your Shews, Piotures and Emblems: Ove:

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 The Firft Vision,while forfooth we are painted with claws or Talons, like Eagles or Griffons. Another while we are dreft up with Tails, like fo many Hackney-Jades with their Fly-flaps; and now and then ye fhall fee a Devil with a coxcomb. Now I will not deny but fome of us may indeed be very well taken for Hermits and Pbiloophers. If you can helpus in this Point, do; and we fhall be ready to do ye one good Turn for another. I was asking Michael Angelo here a while ago, why he drew the Devils in his great Piece of the Laft Fudgment, with fo many Monkey Faces, and fack-Pudding Poftures. His Anfwer was, that he followed his Fancy, without any Malice in the World, for as then, he had never feen any Devils; nor (indeed) did he believe that there were any; but he has now learned the contrary to his coft. There's another thing too we take extreamly ill, which is, that in your ordinary Difcourfes, ye are out with your Purfe prefently to every Rafcal, and calling of him Devil. As for Example. Do you fee how this Dewil of a Taylor has fpoil'd my Sute? How the Devil has made me Wait? How that Devil has couzen'd me, oc. Which is very ill done, and no fmall difparagement to our Quality, to be rank'd with Taylors: A Company of Slaves, that ferve us in Hell only for Brufhwood; and they are fain to beg hard to be admitted at all: ThoughI confefs they have Paffeffion on their fides, and Cuffom, which is another Law: Being in Poffeffion of Theft, and follen Goods; they make much more Confcience of keeping your Stufs than your Holy-days, grumbling and dominecring at every turn, if they have not the fame refpect with the Children of the Family. Ye have another trick too, of giving every thing to the Devil, that difpleafes ye; which we cannot but take very unkindly. The Devil take thee, fays one: a goodly Prefent I warrant ye; but the Devil has fomewhat elfe to do, than to take and carry away all that's given him; if they'll come of themfelves, let them come and welcome. Another gives that Whelp of a Lacquey to the Devil; but the Devil will have none of your Lacqueys, he thanks you for your Love; a pack of Rogues that are commonly worfe than Devils; and to fay the truth, they are good neither Roft nor Sodden. I give that Italian to the Devil, cryes a third; thank you for nothing: For ye fhall have an Italian will choufe the Devil himfelf, and take him by the Nofe like Muftard. Some again will be giving a Spaniard to the Devil; but he has been focruel wherever he has got footing, that we had rather have his room than his company, and make a Prefent to the Grand-Signior of his Nurnegs.

Here the Devil ftopt, and in the fame inftant, there happenirg

## Of the Catchpole Possest. II

happening a flight fcuffle, betwixt a couple of conceited Coxcombs, which fhould go foremoft: I turn'd to fee the: matter, and caft my Eye upon a certain Tax-gatherer, that had undone a Friend of mine; and in fome fort to revenge: my felf of this $4 f f$ in a Lion's Skin, I ask'd the Devil, whether they had not of that fort of Blood-Suckers among: the reft, in their Dominions? (an informing, projecting Generation of Men, and the very Bane of a Kingdom.) You know little (fays he) if you do not know thefe Vermin to be the right Heirs of Perdition, and that they claim Hell for their Inheritance: And yet we are now e'en upon the point of difcarding them; for they are fo pragmatical, and ungrateful, there's no enduring of them. They are at this prefent in Confultation about an: Impoft upon the High-way to Hell; and indeed Payments runs fo high already, and are fo likely to increafe too, that "tis: much fear'd in the end, we fhall quite lofe our Trading and Commerce. But if ever they come to put this in Exccution, we fhall be fo bold, as to treat themnext bout, to the Tune of Fortune my Fot, \&Fc. and make them. cool their Heels on the wrong fide of the Door, which will be worfe than Hell to them; for it leaves them no retreat, being expel'd Paradife and Purgatory alveady. This Race of Vipers, faid I, will never be quiet, till they Tax the way to Heaven it felf. Oh, quoth the Devil, that had been. done long fince, if they had found the Play worth the Candles; but they have had a Factor abroad now thefe half-fcore years, that's glad to wipe his Nofe on his Sleeve. ftill, for want of a Handkercher. But thefe new Impofitions, upon what, I pray ye, do they intend to levy: them? For that (quoth the Devil) there's a Gentleman of the Trade at your Elbow, can tell you all; pointing; to my old Friend the Publican. This drew the Eyes of the whole company upon him, and put him fo damn'dly out of Countenance, that he pluckt down his Hat over his Face, clapt his Tail between his Legs, and went his way; with which we were all of us well enough pleas² $d_{2}$ and then the Dezil, went on. Well (faid the Devil, and laugh'd) my Voucher is departed, ye fee; but I think I can fay as much to this point as himfelf. The Impofitions now to be fet on foot, are upon Bare-neck'd Laties, Patchs. es, Mole-skias, Spanifo Paper, and all the Mundus Muliebris? more than what is neceffary and decent; upon your Toust à la mode, and Spring-Garden coaches; excefs in Apparel, Collations, Rich Eurniture, your Cheating and Bla/phemy, Garsing ordinaries, and ingeneral, upon whatfoever ferves to artvance our Empire; fo that without a Fricnd at Court, or fome good Magiftrate to help us out at a dead Lift,

## 12 The Firft Vision,

and ftick to us, we may e'en put up our Pipes, and you'll find Hell a very Defart. Well, faid I, and methinks. I fee nothing in all this, but what is very reafonable; for to what end ferves it, but to corrupt good Manners, ftir up ill Appetites, provoke and encourage all forts of Debauchery, deftroy all that is Good and Honourable in Human Society, and chalk out in effect the ready way to the Devil?

But you faid fomething e'en now of Magiftrates; I hope, (faid 1) there are no fudses in Hell. You may as well imagine (cry'd the Spirit) that there are no Devils there; for let me tell you (Friend of minc) your Corrupt Fudges are the great Spowners that fupply our Lake; for whatare thofe Millions of Catchpoles, Proctors, Atturneys, Clerks, Barrifters, that come failing to us every day in Shoals, but the Ery of fuch fudges! Nay, fometimes, in a lucky year, for Cheating, Forging, and Forfwearing, we can hardly find Cask to put them in.

From hence now, (quoth I) would you infer, that there's no fuffice upon the face of the Earth. Very right (quoth the Devil) for Afrea (which is the fame thing) is fled long fince to Heaven. Do not ye know the ftory? No (faid I.) Then (quoth the Devil) mind me and I'll tell ye it.

Once upon a time Truth and Fufice came together to take up their Quarters upon the Eartl, but the one being naked, and the other very fevere and plain dealing, they could not meet with any body that would receive them. At laft, when they had wander'd a long time like Vagabonds in the open Air; Truth was glad to take up her Lodging with a Mute; and $\overline{7}$ uffice, perceiving that though her name was much ufed for a Cloak to Knavery, yet that fhe her felf was in no Efteem, took up a refolution of returning to Heaven: and in order to her Journey, fhe bad adieu in the firft Place to all Courts, Palaces, and great Cities, and went into the Country, where fhe met with Come few poor fimple Cottagers, that gave her Entertainment ; but Malice and Perfecution found her out in the end, and fhe was banifhed thence too. She prefented her felf in many Places, and People ask'd her what fie was! She anfwered them, Fufice, for fhe would not lye for the matter. Fuftice: (cry'd they) fie is a franger to us; tell her bere's nothing for her, and fout the Door. Upon the'fe repulfes, the took wing, and away fhe went to Heaven, hardly leaving fo much as the bare print of her footfteps behind her. Her Name however is not yet forgotten, and fhe's. Pietured with a Scepter in her Hand, and is ftill called fofice; but call her what yout will, fhe makes as good a

Fire in Hell as a Taylor; and for flight of Hand, puts down. all the Jilts, Cheats, Picklocks and Trepanners in the World: To fay the Truth, Avarice is grown to that height, that Men employ all the faculties of Soul and Body to Rob, and Deceive. The Leacher, does not he fteal away the Honour of his Miftrefs? (though with her Confent) the Attarney pick your Pockets, and fhew you a Law for't? The Comedian gets your Money and your time, with. reciting other Men's Labours; the Lover cozens you with. his Eyes; the Eloquent with his Tongue; the Valiant with his Arm; the Mufcian with his Voice and Fingers; the Aftrologer with his Calculations; the Apothecary with Sicknefs and Health; the Surgeon with Blood; and the Phyfician. with Death it felf. And in fome fort or other, they are all Cheats; but the Catchpole (in the name of fuftice) abufes you with bis whole Man; He watches you with his Eyes; follows you with his Feet; Seizes with his Hands; accufes with his Tongue : and in fine, put it in your Litany, From Catchpoles, as well as Devils, Libera nos, Domine.

But how comes it (faid I) that you have not coupled the Women with the Thieves? for they are both of a Trade. Not a Word of Women as ye love me, (quoth the Devil) for we are fo tired out with their Importunities, fo deafen'd with the Eternal Clack of their Tongues, that we ftart at the very thought of them. And to fay the Truth, Hell were no ill Winter-Quater, if it were not fooverftock'd with that fort of Cattel. Since the Death of the Witch of Endor, it has been all their Bufinefs to improve themfelves in Subtilty and Malice, and to fet us together by the Ears among our felves. Nay fome of them are confident enough to tell us to our Teeth, that when we have done our worft, they'll give us a Rowland for our oliver. Only this comfort we have, that they are a cheaper Plague to vs, than they are to You; for we have no Exchanges, Hide Parks, or Spring-Gardens in our Territories.

You are well ftored then with Women, I fee, but of which have you moft? (faid I) Handfom, or Ill-favoured? Oh , of the Ill-favoured, lix for one (quoth the Devil; ) For your Beauties can never want Gallants to lay their Appetites; and many of them, when they come at laft to have their Bellies full, e'cn give aver the fport, Repent and 'fcape. Whereas no body will touch the Ill-favoured withont a pair of Tongs; and for want of Water to quench their Fire, they come to us fuch Skeletons, that they are enough to affright the Devilhimfelf. For they are moft commonly old, and accompany their latt Groans with a Curfe upon, the vounger that are to furvive them, I carried away one t'other day of Threefcore and Ten,
that I took juft in the nick, as the was upon a certain Exercife to remove obitructions: And when I came to land her; Alas for thee poor Woman! What a tertible fit had fhe got of the Tooth-Ach: When upon fearch, the Devil a Toorh had the left in her Head, only fhe belied her Chops, to fave her Credit.

You have exceedingly fatisfied me, (faid I) in all your Anfwers: But pray'e once again, what ftore of Beggars. have ye in Hell? Poor People, 1 mean: Poor (quoth the Devil, ) who are they? Thofe ( faid I) that have no Poffeffions in the World: How can that be, (quoth he) that thofe fhould be daman'd, that have nothing in the World, when Men are only damn'd for cleaving to't? And briefly, I find none of their Names in our Books, which is no wonder: for he that has nothing to trult to, fhall be left by the Devil himfelf in time of need. To deal plainly. with you, where have you greater Devils, than your Flatterers, falle Friends, lewd Company, envious Perfons? than a Son, a Brother, or a Relation that lies in wait for your Life, to get your Fortune; that mourns over you in your Sicknefs, and wifhes you already at the Devil? Now the Poor have none of this; they are neither flatter'd nor envy'd, nor befriended, nor accompanied: There's no gapingfor their Poffeffions; and in fhort, they are a fort of People that live well, and die better; and there are fome of them that would not exchange their Rags for Royalty it felf: They are at Liberty to go and come at pleature, be it War or Peace; free from Cares, Taxes, and publick Duties. They fear no Judgments or Executions, but live as inviolable, as if their Perfons were Saered. Morcover they take no thought for to morrow, but fetting a juft value on their hours, they are good Hufbands of the prefent; confidering that what is paft is as good as Dead, and what's to come, vncertain. But they fay, When the Devil Preaches, the World is near an End.

The Divine Hand is in this (faid the Holy Man that performed the Exorcijm) Thou art the Father of Lyes; and yet deliver'ft Truths, able to mollify and convert a Heart of Stone. But do not you miftake your felf (quoth the Devil) to fuppofe that your Converion is my bufinefs; for I fpeak thefe Truths to aggravate your Guilt, and that you may not plead Ignorance another day, when you fhall be called to anfwer for your Tranfgreffions. ${ }^{2}$ Tis true, moit of you fhed Tcars at parting, but 'tis the Apprehenfion of Death, and notrue Repentance for your Sins, that works upon you: For ye are all a pack of Hypocrites: Or if at any time you eatertain thofe Reflexions, your trouble is, That your Body will not hold out ; and

## Of the Catchpole Possest. I5.

then forfooth you pretend to pick a quarrel with the Sine it felf. Thou art an Impofor (faid the Religious) for there are many Righteous Souls, that draw their Sorrow from another Fountain. But I perceive you have a mind to amufe us, and make us lofe time, and perchance your own hour is not yet come to quit the Body of this miferable Creature; however, I conjure thee in the name of the moft High, to leave tormenting him, and to Fold thy peace. The Devil obey'd; and the good Father applying himfolf to us, My Maiters (fays he) though I am abfolutely of opinion, that it is the Devil that has talkt to us. all this while through the Organ of this unhappy Wretch; yet he that well weighs what has been faid. may doubtlefs reap fome benefit by the Difcourfe. Wherefore without conlidering whence it came; Remember, that Saul (although a wicked Prince) Prophefied; and that Honey has been drawn out of the Mouth of a Lyon. Withdraw then, and I fhall make it my Prayer (as 'tis my Hope ) that this fad and prodigious Spectacle may lead you to a true fight of your Errors, and in the end, to amendment of Life.

## The end of the Firfl Vi/bon.

THE

## SECOND VISION,

O F
Death and her Empire.
 E A N Souls dò naturally breed fad Thoughts, and in Solitude, they gather together in Troops to aflault the Unfortunate; which is the Tryal (according to my obfervation) wherein the Coward does moft betray himfelf; and yet cannot I for my Life, when I am alone, avoid thofe Accidents and Surprizes in my felf, which I condemn in others. I have fometime, upor reading the Grave and Severe Lumetius, been feiz'd with a frange $\operatorname{damp} ;$
damp ; whether from the ftriking of his Counfels upon my Paffions, or fome Tacite Reflection of Shame upon my felf, I know not. However, to render this Confeffion of my Weaknefs the more excufable, I'll begin my Difcourfe with fomewhat out of that Elegant and Excellent Poet. "Put the cafe (fays he) that a Voice from Heaven frould Jpeak "to any of us aftcr this manner; What do'ft thowail, O Mortal "Man, or to what purpoofe is it to Spend tly Life in Groans and Com"plaints, wnder the Apprebenfion of Death? Where are thy paft "Pears and Pleafizes? Are they not vanijb"d and lof in the Flux of "Time, as if thou hadff put Water into a Sieve? Bethink thy felf "then of a Retreat, and leave the World with the fame Content and: "Satisfaction, as thon woulddft do a plentiful Table, and a jolly. "Company upon a full Stomaib. Poor Eool that thow art: "Thus to macerate and torment thy felf, when thou may']/ enjoy thy "Heart at eafe, and polfess thy Soul with Repofe and Conafort, \&cc. This paffage brought into my mind the words of fob, Cbap. 14. and I was carried on from one Meditation to another, till at length, I fell faft afleep over my Book, which I afcribed rather to a favourable Providence, than to my natural Difpofition. So foon as my Soul felt her felf at liberty, fhe gave me the entertainment of this following Comedy, my Fancy fupplying both the Stage and the Company.
In the firt Scene enter'd a Troop of Phyfcians, upons their Mules, with deep Foot-cloths; marching in no very good OIder, fometime fart, fometime flow and to fay the truth, moft commonly in a huddle. They were all wrinkled and wither'd about the Eyes; I fuppofe with cafting fo- many four looks upon the Pifs- Pots and Clofeftools of their Patients; bearded like Goats; and their Faces fo over-grown with Hair, that their Fingers could hardly find the way to their Mouths: In the Left-hand they held the Reins, and their Gloves roul'd up together; and in the Right a Staff a la mode, which they carried rather for Countenance than Correction? (for they underfteod no other Menage than the Heel) and all along Head and Body went too, like a Baker upon his Panniers. Diwers of them I obferved, had huge Gold Rings upon their Fingers, and fet with Stones of fo large a fize, that they, could hardly feel a Patient's Pulfe, without minding him of his Monument. There were more than a good many of them, and a world of puny Practicers at their Heels, that came out Graduates, by converfing rather with the Mules than the Doitors? Well! faid I to my felf, if there goes no more than this to the making a Pbyficin, it is nos: marvel we pay fo dear for their Experience.
After thefe, follow'd a long Trwin of Mowastobn':. Apothe-
caries, laden with Pefles and Mortars, Suppofitories, Sparulas, Glifer-Pipes, and Syringes, ready charg'd, and as mortal as Gun-fhot, and feveral Titled Boxes, with Remedies without, and Poyfons within. Ye may obferve, That when a Patient comes to die, the Apothecary's Mortar Rings the Pafling-Bell, as the Prieft's Requiem finifhes the bufinefs. An Apothecary's Shop is (in effect) no other than the Phyfcian's Armery, that fupplies him with Weapons; and (to fay the truth,) the Inftruments of the Apothecary and the Soldict, are much of a Quality? What are their Boxes but Petards? Their Syringes, Pijtols; and their Pills, but Bullets? And after all, conlidering the ir Purgative Medicines, we may properly enough call their Shops Purgatory; and why not their Perfons Hell? Their Patients the Damn'd? And their Mafters the Devils? Thefe Apothecaries were in facquets, wrought all over with Pxs, truck through like wounded Hearts, and in the form of the firft Character of their Preforiptions; which (as they tell us) fignifies Recipe (Take Thou,) but we find it to ftand for Recipio (I Take.) Next to this Figure they write, Ana, ana, which is as much as as to fay, An $A / s$, An $A / s$; and after this march the ounces and the Scruples; an incomparable Cordial to a dying Man; the former to difpatch the Eody, and the latter, to put the Soul into the High-way to the Devil. To liear them call over all their Simples, would make you fwear, they were raifing fo many Devils. There's your opopanax, Buphtalmus, Ajtaphylinos, Alectorolophos, Ophiof corodon, Anemasphorus, \&xc.

And by all this formidable Bombaft, is meant nothing in the World but a few paltry Roots, as Carrots, Turneps, Skirrits, Radifh, and the like. But they have the old Proverb at their Finges's end; He that knows thee will never buy thee: And therefore every thing mult be made a Myftery, to hold their Patients in ignorance, and keep up the Price of the Market. And were not the very names of their Medicines fufficient to fright away any Diftemper, 'ris to be fear'd the Remedy would prove worfe than the Difeafe. Can any pain in nature, think ye, have the confidence to look the Phyfician in the Face, that comes arm'd with a Drug made of Man's Greafe? Though difguis'd under the name of Mummy, to take off the Horror and Difguft of it: Or to ftay for a dreffing with Dr. Whachum's Plaifter, that fhall fetch up a Man's Leg to the fize. of a Mill-polt? When I faw thele People herded with the Phyficians, methought the old fluttifh Proverb that fays, There is agreat diftance between the, Pulfe and the Ar $f c$, was much to blame for making fuch a difference in their Dignities, for I find none at all; but the Phyjcian slips in a trice from the Pulfe to the Stool and Vrinal, according to the Doctrine
of Galen, who fends all his Difciples to thofe unfavoury Oracles: From whofe hands, the Devil himfelf, if he were Sick, would not receive fo much as a Glifter. Oh! thefe curfed and lawlefs Arbitrators and Difpofers of our Lives! That without either Confcience or Religion, divide our Souls and Bodies, by their damn'd Poy fonous Potions, Scarifications, Incifions, Exceffive Bleedings, \&xc. which are but the feveral ways of executing their Tyranny and Injuftice upon us.

In the tail of thefe, came the Surgeons, laden with Pincers, Crane-bills, Catbeters, Defquamatories, Dilaters, Sciffers, Saws; and with them fo horrid an Outcry of 'Cut, Tear, open, Saw, Flay, Burn, that my Bones were ready to creep one into another, for fear of an Operation.

The next that came in, I fhould have taken by their Mein, for Devils difguis'd, if I had not fpyed their Chains of Rotten Teeth, which put me in fome hope they might be Tooth-Drawers, and fo they prov'd; which is yet oue of the lewdeft Trades in the World; for they are good for nothing but to depopulate our Mouths, and make usold before our time. Let a Man but yawn, and ye fhall liave one of thefe Rogues examining his Grinders, and theres's not a found Tooth in your Head, but he had rather fee't at his Girdle, than in the place of it's Nativity: Nay, rather than fail, he'll pick a quarrel with your Gums. But that which puts me out of all Patience, is to fee the fe Scoundrels asks twice as much for drawing an Old. Tooth, as would: have bought me a New One.

Certainly (faid I to my felf) we are now palt the worft, unlefs the Devil himfelf come next: And in that inftant, I heard the Brufhing of Guitars, and the Ratling of Citterns, Raking over certain Paffacailles and Sarabands. Thefe are a Kennel of Borbers, thought I, or Illl be hanged; and any Man that lad ever feen a Barber's Shop, might have told you as much without a Conjurer, both by the Mulick, and by the very Infruments, which are as propera part of a Barber's Furniture, as his Comb-cafes, and Wabballs. It was to me a pleafant Entertainment, to fee them lathering of $4 / f f^{\prime}$ 's Heads, of all forts and izes, and their Cuftomers all the while winking and fputtering over their Bafons.

Prefently after thefe, appear'd a Confort of loud and tedious Talkers, that Tir'd and Deafn'd the Company with their forill and reflefs Gaggle: But as one told me, thefe were of feveral forts. Some they call'd Swimmers from the motion of their Arms in all their Difcourfes, which was juft as if they had been Padling. Others they call'd Apes, (and we Mimicks) thefe were perpetually making of Mopps, and

## Of Death and her Empire. ig:

Mowes, and a thoufand Antick Ridiculous Geftures, in derifion and imitation of Others. In the Third place, were Make-bates, and Sowers of Diffention, and thefe were ftill Kolling their Eyes (like a Bartlemy Puppet, without fo much as moving the Head) and Leering over their Shoulders, to furprize People at unawares in their Familiarities, and Privacies, and gather matter for Calsmny and Detraction. The Lyars follow'd next; and the fe feem'd to be a jolly contented fort of People, well fed, and well cloathed; and having nothing elfe to truft to, methought it was a ftrange Trade to live upon. Inced not tell you, that they are never without a full Audience, fince all Fools and Impertinents are of their Congregations.

After thefe, came a Company of Medlers; a Pragmatical Infolent Generation of Men, that will have an Oar in every Boat, and are indeed the Bane of honeft Converfation, and the Troublers of all Companies and Affairs; The moft Proftitute of all Flatterers; and only devoted to their own Profit. I thought this had been the laft Scene, becaufe no more came upon the Stage for a good while; and indeed I wonder'd that they came fo late themfelves, but one of the Bablers told me (un-ask'd) that this kind of Serpent carrying his Venom in his Tail, it feem'd reafonable, that being the moft Poyfonous of the whole Gang, they fhould bring up the Rear.
I began then to take into thought what might be the meaning of this Oglio of People of feveral Conditions and Humours met together; but I was quickly diverted from that Confideration, by the Apparition of a Creature which look't as if 'twere of the Feminine Gender. It was a Perfon, of a thin and flender make, laden with Crowns, Garlands, Scepters, Scythes, Sheep-books; Pattins, Hob-nail'd-Shoess. Tiaras, Straw-Hats, Miters, Monmouth-Caps, Embroideries, Skins, Silk, Wool, Gold, Lead, Diamonds, Shells, Pearl, and Pebles: She was drefs'd up in all the Colours of the Rainbow; fhe had one Eye fhut, the other open; Young on the one fide, and Old o'the other. I thought at firft, fhehad been a great way off, when indeed fhe was very near me; and when I took her to be at ny Chamber-Dour, fhe was at my Bed's-head. How to unriddle this Myltery I knew not; nor was it poffible for me to make out the meaning of an Equipage fo Extravagant, and fo Fantaftically put to together. It gave me no affright however, but on the contrary I could not forbear laughing; for it came juit then into my mind, that Ihad formerly feen in Italy a Farce, where the Mimick, pretending to come fromthe other World, was just thus Accoutred, and never was any thing more Nonfenfically pleafant. I held as long.
long as I could, and at laft, I ask'd what fhe was? She anfwerd me, I am Death. Death! (the very word brought my Heart into my Mouth; ) and I befeech you, Madam, quoth I, ( with great Humility and Refpect ) whither is your Honour a going? No farther (faid fhe) for now I have found you, I am at my Journey's end. Alas, Alas! and muft I die then, (faid I.) No, no, (quoth Death) but Ill take thee Quick along with me: For fince fo many of the Dead have been to vilit the Living, it is but cqual for once, that one of the Living fhould Return a Vifit to the Dead. Get up then, and come along, and never hang an Arfe for the matter: For what you will not do willingly, you fhall do inspite of your Teeth. This put me in a cold Fit ; but without more delay, up I ftarted, and defired leave only to put on my Breeches. No, no, (faid fhe) no matter for Cloaths, no body wears them upon this Road; wherefore come away, naked as you are, and you'll travel the better. So up I gor, without a word more, and follow'd her, in fuch a Terror and Amazement, that I was but in an ill Condition to take a ftrist Account of my Paffage; yet I remember, that upon the way, I told her, Madam, under Correction, you are no more like the Deaths that I have feen, than an Apple's like an oyfer: Our Death is Pictur'd with a Scytbe in her Hand, and a Carcafs of Boncs, as clean, as if the Crows had pick'd it. Yes, yes, (faid fhe) turning fhort upon me, 1 know that very well; but in the mean time your Defigners, and Painters, are but a company of Buzzards. The Bones you talk of, are the dead, or otherwife the mifertble Remainders of the Living; but let me tell you, that you your felves are your own Death, and that which you call Death, is but the Period of your Life, as the firft moment of your Birth, is the beginning of your Death: And effectually, ye Die Living, and your Bones are no more than what Death has left, and committed to the Grave. If this were rightly underftood, every Man would find a Memento Mori, or a Death's.sHeat in his own Looking-glafs, and confider every Houfe with a Family in't, but as a Sepulchre fill'd with dead Bodies; a Truth which you little dream of, though within your daily View and Experience. Can you imagine a Death elfewhere, and not in your felves? Belicy't y'are in a fhameful Mittake, for you your felves are Skelctons before ye are aware.
But, Madam, under favour, what may all thefe People be that keep your Lady fhip Company? And fince you are Death (as you fay, ) how comes it, that the Bablers, and Make-bates, are nearer your Perfon, and more in your good Graces, than the Phyficians? Why (fays fhe) there
are more People Talk'd to Death, and difpatch'd by Bablers, than by all the peftilential Difeafes in the World. And then your Make-bates, and Mediers, kill more than your Phyfcians, though (to give the Gentlemen of the Faculty their due ) they labour Night and Day for the Enlargement of our Empire: For you mult underftand, that though Difermper'd Humours make a Man Sick, 'tis the Phyfician kills him ; and he looks to be well paid for't too; (and 'tis fit that every Man fhould live by his Trade: ) So that when a Man is ask'd, what fuch or fuch a one dy'd of, he is not prefently to make Anfwer, that he dy'd of a Fever, Plurify, the Plaguc, Purples, or the like; but that He dyed of the Doctor. In one Point, however, I muft needs acquit the Phyfcian; ye know that the ftile of Right Honourable, and Right Worjhipful, which was heretofore appropriated only to Perfons of Eminent Degree and Quality, is now in our Days ufed by all forts of little People; nay, the very Barefoot Fryars, that live under Vows of Humility and Mortification, are ftung with this Itch of Title and Vain-glory. And your ordinary Trades-men, as Vintners, Taylors, Majons, and the like, mult be all, dreft up forfooth in the Right Wor/bipful; whereas your Phyfician does not fo much Court Honour of Appellation, (though if it fhould Rain Dignities, he might be perfwaded happily to venture the wetting ) but fits down contented with the Honour of difpoling of your Lives and Moneys, without troubling himfelf about any other fort of Reputation.

The Entertainment of thefe Lectures, and Difcourfes, made the way feem fhort and pleafant, and we were juft now entring into a Place, betwixt Light and Dark; and of horror enough, if Death and I had not by this time been very well acquainted. Upon one fide of the Paffage, I faw three moving Figures, Arm'd, and of Hwman Jbape: and fo alike, that I could not fay which was which. Juft oppofite, on the other fide, a Hideous Monfter, and thefe Three to One, and One to Three, in a Fierce, and Obftinate Combat. Here Death made a ftop, and faceing about, ask'd me, if I knew thefe People. Alas! No, (quoth I) Heaven be prais'd, I do not, and I fhall put it in my Litany, that I never may. Now to fee thy Ignorance, cry'd Death; Thefe are thy old Acquaintance, and thou haft hardly kept any other Company, fince thou wert born. Thoofe Three, are, the World, the Flefh, and the Devil; the Capital Enemies of thy Soul: And they are fo like one another, as well in Quality, as Appearance, that effectually, whoever has One, has All. The Proud and Ambitious Man thinks he has got the World, but it proves the Devil. The Leacher, and the Epicure, peffwade themfelves, that they

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Bave gotten the Fleff, and that's the Devil too; and in fine, thus it fares with all cther kinds of Extravagants. But what's he here, faid I, that appears in fo many feveral fhapes, and fights againft the other Three? That (quoth Death) is the Devil of Money, who maintains, that He himfelf Alone, is equivalent to them Three, and that wherever He comes, there's no need of Them. Againft the World He argues from their own Confeffion, and Experience: For it paffes for an Oracle, that there's no World but Money; be that's out of Muzey, is out of the World. Takeaway a Man's Money, and take away his Life. Money anfwers all things. Againft the Second Enemy, he pleads that Money is the Flejb too; witnefs the Girls and the Ganimedes it procures, and maintains. And againft the Third, He urges, that there's nothing to be done without this Devil of Money. Love does much, but Money does all: And Money will make the Pos bool, though the Devil Pifs in the Fire. So that for ought I fee (quoth I) the Devil of Money has the better end' of the Staff.

After this, advancing a little farther, I faw on one Hand Fudgment, and Hell on the other (for fo Death called them.) Upon the fight of Hell, making a ftop, to take a ftricter Survey of it; Death ask'd me what it was I look'd at? I cold her, it was Hell; and I was the more intent upon it, becaufe I thought I had feen it fomewhere elfe before. She queftion'd me, where? I told her, that I had feen it in the Corruttion and Avarice of Wicked Magittrates; in the Pride and Haughtinefs of Grandees; in the Appetites of the Voduptuous; in the Lewd Defigns of Ruine and Revenge; in the Souls of Opprefors; and in the Vanity of divers Princes. Buthe that would fee it whole, and entire, in one Subject, muft go to the Hypocrite, who is a kind of a Religious Broker, and puts oost at Five and Forty per cent. the very Sacraments, and Ten Commandments.

I am very glad too (faid I) that I have feen fudyment as I find it here, in it's Purity ; for that which we call Judgment in the World, is a meer Mockery: If it were like this, Men would live otherwife than they do. To conclude; If it be expected that our Fudges fhould govern Themfelves and Us by this fudgment, the World's in an ill. Cafe, for there's but little of it there. And to deal plainly, as matters are, I have no great Maw to go home again; for'tis better being with the Dead, where there's Juffice, than with the Living, where there's none.

Our next ftep was into a fair and fpacious Plain, encompafs'd with a huge Wall, where he that's once in, muft never look to come out again. Stophere (quoth Death) for we are now come to my fudgment-Seat, and here it is that I give Audience. The Wall were hung with Sighs and

Groans, Ill-News, Fears, Doubts and Surprizes. Tears did not there avail, either the Lover or the Beggar; but Grief and Care were without both Meafure and Comfort; and ferv'd as Vermine, to gnaw the Hearts of Eraperors and Princes, feeding upon the Infolent and Ambitious, as their proper Nourifhment. I faw Envy there dreft up in a Widow's Vail, and the very Picture of the Governante of one of your Noblemen's Houfes. She kept a continual $F a / z$ as to the Shambles, Preying only upon ber felf, and could not but be a very flender Gentlewoman, upon fo fpare a Diet. Nothing came amifs to her Teeth, (Good or Bad) which made the whole Set of them Yellow and Retten; and the Reafon was, that though fhe bit, and fet hermark upon the Good, and the Sound, fhe could never fwallow it. Under her, fate Difcord; the Legitimate Iffue of her own Bowels. She had formerly convers'd much with Married People; but finding no need of her there, away fhe went to Colleges and corporations, where it feems they had more already than they knew what to do withal: And then fhe betook her felf to Courts and Palaces, and officiated there, as the Devils Liewtenant. Next to Her, was Ingratitude, and fhe out of a certain Pafte made up of Pride and Malice, was moulding of New Devils. I wasextream glad of this Difcovery, being of Opinion, till now, that the Ungrateful had been the $D e_{-}$ vils themfelves, becaufe I read, that the Angels that foll, were made Devils for their Ingratitude. To be fhort, the whole Place Eccho'd with Rage and Curres. What a Devil have we bore to do? (faid I) does it Rain Curfes in this Countroy? With that, a Death at my Elbow ask'd me, what a Devil could I expect elfe, in a place where there were fo many Matchmakers, Atturncys and Common-Barrctters, who are a-Pack of the moft Accurfed Wretches in Nature? Is there any thing. more common in the World, than the Exclamations of Husbands and Wives? Oh! That damn'd Devil of a Pander: A beavy Curfe upon that Bitch of a Bewd that ever brought us together. The Pillory and Ten thoufand Gibbets to boot, take that Pick-Pocket Atturney, that advifed me to this Law-fuit, be's ruin'd me for ever. But pray'e (faid I) what do all thefe Match-makers and Atturneys here together? Do they come for idudience? Death Was here a little quick upon me, and called me Fool for fo impertinent a Queftion. If there were no Match-makers (faid fhe) we fhould not have the Tenth Part of thefe Skeletons and Defperado's. Am not I here, the fifth Husband of a Woman yet living in the World, that bopes to fend twice as many more after me, and drink Maudlin at the Fifteenth's Funeral? You fay well, (faid I) as to the bulineis of Match-makers; but why fo many Pctty Eoggers, I pray'e? Nay then I perceive, (quoth $D_{\text {eath }}$ ) now you have a mind to feizeme; for that rafcally

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rafcally fort of Caterpillars have been my undoing. Had not a Man better die by the Common-Hangman, than by the Hand of an Atturney, to be killed by Falfities, 2 enirks, Cavils, Delays, Exceptions, Cheats, Circumventions? Yes, yes, and it mult not be deny'd, that thefe Makers of Matches, and Splitzers of Caufes, are the principal Support of this Imperial Throne.

At thefe words I rais'd my Eyes, and faw Death feated in her Chair of State, with abundance of little Deaths crowding about her; as the Death of Love, of Cold, Hunger, Fear, and Laughter; all, with their feveral Enfigns and Devices. The Death of Love, I perceived, had very little Brain, and to keep her felf in Countenance, fhe kept company with Pyramus and Thisbe; Hero and Leander, and fome Amadis's and Palmerins d'oliva; all Embalm'd, fteep'd in good Vinegar, and well dry'd. I faw a great many other forts of Lovers too, that were brought, in all Appearance, to their laft Agonies; but by the fingular Miracle of felfIntereft recover'd to the Tune of

## Will, if looking Well won't moveber, <br> Looking Ill prevail?

The Death of Cold, was attended hy a many Prelates, Bifoops, Abbots, and other Ecclefiaficks; who had neither Wives, nor Children, nor indeed any body elfe that cared for them, farther than for their Fortunes. Thefe, when they come to a Fit of Sichness, are Pillag'd, even to their Sheets and Bedding, before ye can fay a Pater-Nofter. Nay, many times theyare ftript, e'er they are laid, and deftroy'd for want of Cloaths to keep them warm.

The Death of Hunger was encompaffed with a Multitude of Avaritious Mijers, that were Cording up of Trunks; Bolting of Doors and Windows; Locking up of Cellars and Garrets; and Nailing down of Trap-Doors; Burying of Pots of Moncy, and ftarting at every Breath of Wind they heard. Their Eyes were ready to drop out of their Heads for
$\Rightarrow$ want of Sleep, their Mouths and Bellies complaining of their Hands; and their Souls turn'd into Gold and Silver; (the Idols they ador'd.)

The Death of Fear had the moft Magnificent Train and Attendance of all the reft, being accompanied with a great number of $V$ furpers and Tyrants, who commonly do Juttice upon Themfelves, for the Injuries they have done to Others: Their own Confciences doing the Office of Tormentors, and Avenging their publick Crimes by their private Sufferings, for they live in a perpetual Anguifh of Thought, with Fears and Jealonfies.

TheDeath of Laughter was the laft of all, and furrounded with a Throng of People, bajh to Believe, and fow to Re-
pent; Living without fear of 7uffice, and Dying without hope of Mercy. Thefe are they that pay all their Debts and Duties. with a Jeft. Bid any of them give every Man bis duc, and return what be bas either Borrow'd, or wrongfully taken, his Anfwer is, row'd make a Man die with Laughong. Tell him, my Friend, you are now in Years, your Dancing Days are done, and your Body is worn out ; what fhowid fuch a Scare-Crow as you are, do with a Bedfellew? Give over your Bawdy Havnts for flame, and dan't make a Glory of a Sin, when you are paft the Pleafiure of it, and your felf upon all Accompts contemptible into the Bargain. This Fellow (fays he) would make a Man break bis Heart with Langhing. Come, come, fay your Prayers, and bethink your felf of Eternity, you have one Foot in the Grave already, and 'tis high time to fit your felf for the ocher World.' Thon wilt abjolutely kill me with Laughing. Itell thee, I'm as found as a Roack, and I do not remember that ever I was better in $m y$ Life. Others there are, that, let a Man advife them upon their Death-Beds, and even at the laft Gafp, to fent for a Divine, or to make Some handfome Settlement of their Eftates. Alas, alas! they'll cry; I have been as bad as this many a time beforc, and (with Falfaffe's Hoffefs) I hope in the Lord there's no need to think of bim yet. Thefe Men are lolt for ever, before they can be brought to underftand their danger. This Vifion wrought it rangely upon me, and gave me all the Pains and Marks imaginable of a true Repentance. Well, (faid I) fince fo it is, that Man has but one Life allotted him, and fo many Deatbs; but one way into the World, and fo many Millions out of it, I will certainly at my Return, make it more my Care than it has been to Live with a good Confcience, that I may die with Comfort.
The laft Words were fcarce nut of my Mouth, when the cryer of the Court with a loud Voice, called out, The Dead, The Dead ; Appear the Deatd. And fo immediately, I faw the Earth begin to Move, and gently opening it felf, to make way, firft for Heads and Arms, and then by Degrees for the whole Bodies of Men and Women that came out, half muffled in their Night-Caps, and ranged themfclves in excellent Order, and with a profound filence. Now (fays Death) let every one fpeak in his Turn; and in the inftant, up comes one of the Dead to my very Beard, with fo much Fury and Menace in his Face and Action, that I would have given him half the Teeth in my Head for a Compolition. Tibefe Devils of the World (quoth he) what would they be at? My Mafters, cannot a Poor Wretch be quiet in bis Grave for ye? But ye muft be cafting your Scorns upon him, and charging bim with things that upon my Soul, he's as innocent of, as ${ }^{\text {the }}$ Child that's Unborn. What burt has be done any of you (ye Scoundrels you,) to be thus abusfed? And I befeech you, sir.
faid I, (under your favourable Correction) who may you be? For I confefs I lave not the Honour either to know or to underftand ye. I am (quoth he) the Vnfortunate Tony, that has been in his Grave now this many a fair Year, and yet your Wife Wrorbbips forfooth, have not Wit enough to make your Sclues and your Company merry, but Tony muft. fill be one balf of your Entertaiament and Difcourfe. When any Man plays the Fool or the EXtravagant, prefently be's a Tony. Who drew this or that ridichlous Piece? Tony. Such or fuch a one wias never well Taught: No, he had a Tony to his Mafter. But let me tell ye, he that thall call your Wifdoms to fhrift, and take a ftrict Accompt of your Words and Astions, will upon the Upfhot find you all a Company of Tonys: And in effect, the Greator Impertinents. As for inftance, Did I ever male ridiculous Wills ( as you do) tooblize others to Pray for a Man in his Grave, that never Pray'd for Himfelf in his Lifa? Did I ever Rebel againf? my Superiours? Or, was I cver foerrant a Coxcomb, es by colouring my Cheeks and Hair, to imagine that I could reform Nature, and male my felf young again? Can ye Say, that I ever put an Oath to a Lye; or broke a Jolemn Promife, as yous do every Day that goes quer your Heads? Did I cver enflave my felf to Moncy? Or, on the other fide make Ducks and Drakes with it? And Squander it away in Gaming, Revelling, and Whoring? Didmy Wife ever wear the Breeches? Or, did Iever marry at all to be reveng'd of a falfe Miftrees? Was I ever So very a Fool as tobelieve any Man was'd se True to me, Wwho had 'Betray'd his Friend? Or, to venture alt my Hopes zpon the Wheel of Eortune? Did I ever envy the felicity of a Court-Life, that fells and spends all for a Glance: What ploafure did 1 ever take in the lewd Difcourfes of. Hereticks and Libertines? Or did 1 ever Lift my felf in the Party, to get the name of a Gifted Brother? Who ever faw me infolent to my Inferiors, or bafely fervile to my Betters? Did I cuer go to a Conjuser, or to your Dealers in Nativities and Horofcopes upon any occafion of Lofs or Death? Now if yous your felves be guilty of all thefe Eopperies, and I innocent, I befecch ye where's the Tony? So that you fee Tony is not the Tony you take him for. But (to Crown his other Vertues) he is alfo endued with fo large a ftock of Patience, that whoever needed it, had it for the asking; unlefs it were fuch as came to borrow Money; or in Cafes of Women that claim'd Marriage of him; or Laquais that would be making fort with his Bauble; and to thefe, He was as refulute as fobn Florio.

While we were upon this Difcourfe, another of the Dead came marching up to me, with a Spanifh Pace and Gravity; and giving me a touch o' the Elbow; Look in my Face (quoth he with a ftern Countenance) and know, Sir. that you are not now to bavoto do with a Tony. I befeech yout Lordinip (faid I, faving your Reverence) let me know

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your Honour, that I may pay my Refpects accordingly; for I muft confefs, I thonght all People here had heen, Hail Eellow well met. I am call'd (quoth he) by Mortals, Quen Dick; and whether you know me or not, I'm fure you think and talk of me often enough; and if the Devil did not poffefs ye, you would let the Dead alone, and content your felves to profecute one another. Ye can't fee a High-crown'd Hat, a Threadbare Cloak, a Basket Hilt Sword, or a Dudgean Dagger; nay, not fo much as a reverend Matron, wellifricken in years, but prefently ye cry, this or that's of the Mode or Date of 2ueen Dick: If ye were not every Mother's Child of ye ftark mad, ye would confefs that 2ueen Dick's were Golden Days to thofe ye have had fince, and 'tis an eafy matter to prove what I fay. Will ye fee a Morher now teaching lier Daughter a Leffon of good Government? Child, (fays the) you know that Modefty is the great Ornament of your Sex; whoreforc be fore, when ye come in Company, that you don't fand faring the Men in the Face, as if ye were looking Babies in their Eyes; but rather look a little downward, as a Fafinon of Bchaviour, more fuitable to the obligations of your Sex. Downward! (fays the Girl, ) I befeech you, Madam, Excufe me: This was well enough in the Days of 2 meen Dick, when the poor Creatures knew no hetter. Let the Men lools downward towards the Clay of which they were made; but Man was our Original, and it will become us to keep our Eyes upon the matter, from whence we came. If a Father give his Son in charge, to Worfbip his Creator; to Jay his Prayers Morning and Evening; to give Thanks before and after Meat; to have a care of Garaing and Swearing. Ye fhall have the Son make Anfwer, That'tis true, this was practis'd in the time of Queen Dick, but it is now quite out of Mode: And in plain Englijh, Men are better known now a-days by their Atheifm and Blajphemy than by their Beards.

Hcreupon, 2 ueen Dick withdrew, and then appear'd a large Glafs-Bottle, wherein was Luted up (as I heard) a famous Necromedncer, hackt and minc'd according to his own Order, to render him immortal. It was boyling upon a Quick Fire, and the Flefh by little and little began to piece again, and made firft an Arm, then a Thigh, after that a Leg, and at laft there was an entire Body that raiz'd it felf upright in the Bottle. Blefs me (thought I!) what's here ? A Man made of a Pottage, and brought into the World out of the Belly of a Bottle? This Vilion affrighted me to the very Heart; and while I was yet panting and trembling, a Voice was heard out of the Glafs. In what year of our Lord are we? 1536. (quoth I) And Welcome, faid he ; for 'tis the bappy Year I have longed for So
many a Day. Who is it, I pray'e, (quoth I) that I now fee and hear in the Belly of this Bortle? I am (faid he) the great Necromancer of Europe; and certainly you cannot but have heard both of my Operations in General, and of this particular Defign. I have heard talk of you from a Child (quoth I) but all thofe Stories I took only for old Wive's Fables. You are the Man then it feems: I muft confers that at firft, at a diftance I took this Bottle for the Veffel that the ingenious Rablais makes mention of; but coming near enough to fee what was in it, I did then imagine it might be fome Philofoplser, by the Fire; or fome Apothecary doing Penance for his Errors. In fine, it has coft me many a heavy Step to come hither; and yet tofee fo great a Rarity I cannot but think my Time and Pains very well beftow'd. The Necromancer call'd to me then to unftop the Bottle; and as I was breaking the Clay to open it, Hold, hold, a little, he cry'd; and I prithee tell me firft, how goes fquares in Spain? What Money? Force? Credit? The Plate Fleets go and come (faid I) reafonably well; but the Foreigners that come in for thein fnips, have half fpoil'd the Trade. The Genoefes run out as far as the Mountains of Potofi, and have almoft drain'd them dry. My Child, (quoth he) That Trade can never be fecure and open, folong as Spain has any Enemy that's Potent at Sea. And for the Genoefes, they'll tell' you this is no injuftice at all; but on the contrary, a new. way of quitting old fcores, and juftifying his Catholick Majefty for a good Pay-mafter. I am no Enemy to that Nation, but upon the Account of their Vices and Encroachments; and I confefs, rather than fee thefe Rafcals profper, I'd turn my felf into a Boxillon again, as ye faw me juft now; nay, I did not care if 'twere into a Powder, though I ended my days in a Tobacco-Box. Good Sir, (faid I) comfort your felf, for thefe People are as miferable as you'd wifh them. You know they are Cavaliers and Signiors already, and now (forfooth) they have an Itch upon them to be Princes: A vanity that gnaws them like acancer; and by drawing on great Expences, breeds a Worm in their Traffick, fo that you'll find little but Debt and Extravagance at the foot of the Account. And then the Devil's in them for a Wench, infomuch, that 'tis well, if they bring both ends together; for what's gotten upon the Change, is fpent in the Stews.

This is well (quoth the Necromancer) and I'm glad to hear it. Pray'e tell me now, what Price bears Honow and Honeffy in the World?. There's much to be faid (quothl) upon that Point; but in brief, there was never more of it in Talk, nor lefs in Effect. Upon my Honefty, cries the

Tradefman; upon my Honour, fays his Lord/hip: And in a word, every Man has it, and every thing is it, in fome difguife or other: But duly conlidered, there's no fuch thing upon the Face of the Earth. The Thief fays, 'tis more Honowrable to Take than Beg. He that asks an Alms, pleads, that 'tis Homefter to Beg than Steai. Nay, the Falfe Witneffes and Murtherers themfelves, ftand upon their Points, as well as their Neighbours, and will tell ye that a Man of Honour will rather be buried alive, than Submit, (though they will not always do as they fay.) Upon the whole matter, every Man fets upa court of Honowr within bimjelf; pronounces every Thing Honourable that ferves his Purpofe, and laughs at them that think otherwife. To fay the Truth, all things are now Top fe Turvie. "A good Faculiy in Lying is a fair ftep to Preferment; and to pack a Game at Cards, or helpthe Frail Die, is become the Mark and Glory of a Cavelier. The spaniards were heretofore, I confefs, a very brave and well-govern'd People: But they have Evil rongues among them now a-days, that fay they might e'en go to School to the Indians to learn Sobricty and Virue. For they are not really Sober, but at their own Tables, which indeed, is rather Avarice, than Moderation; for when they Eat or Drink at another Man's Coft, there are no greater Gluttons in the Woild; and for Fuddling, they fhall make the beit Pot-Companion in Switzerland knock under the Table.

The Necromancer went on with his Difcourfe; and ask'd me what ftore of Lawyers and Atturneys in Spainat prefent? I told him, that the whole World fwarm'd with them, and that there were of feveral forts; fome, by Profeffion, - others, by Intrufion, and Prefumption, and fome again by Study; but not many of the laft, though indeed fufficient of every kind to make the People pray for the Egyptian Locuffs and Caterpillars, in Exchange for that Vermine. Why then (quoth the Necromancer) if there be fuch Plagues abroad, Ithink I had beft e'en keep where I am. It is with Fuffice (faid I) as with Sick-Men; in time paft, when we had fewer Doctors, (as well of Law, as of Phyfick) we had more Right, and more Health: But we are now deftroy'd by Multitudes, and Confultations, which ferve to no other end, than to enflame both the Diffemper, and the Reckoning. Iuffice as well as Truth, went naked, in the days of old; one fingle Book of Laws and Ordinances, wasenough for the beft Order'd Government in the World. But the, Fuftice of our Age, is Trickt up with Bills, Parcbments, Writs, and Labels; and furnifh'd with Millions of Codes, Digefts, Pandects, Pleadings, and Reports; and what's their Ufe, but to make Wrangling a Science? And to Embroil us in Seditions, Suits, and endlefs Trouble and Confulion? We have had more

Books Publifh'd this laft Twenty Years, than in a Thoufand before; and there hardly paftes a Term without a New Author, in Four or Five Volumes at leaft, under the Titles of Gloffes, Commentaries, Cafes, Fudyments, \& cc. And the great Strife is, who writes Moft, not Bef?; fo that the whole Bulk, is but a Body without a Soul, and fitter for a Church-yard than a Study. To fay the Truth, thefe Lawyers and Solicitors, are but fo many Smock-Merchants, Sellers of Wind, and Froublers of the Publick Peace. If there were no Atturneys, there would he no Suits; if no Suits, no Cheats, no Serjeants, no Catchpoles, no Prifons; if no Prifons, no Fredges; no Fudges, no Paffion; no Paffion, no Bribery or Subornation.

See now what a Train of Mifchiefs one wretched PettyFogger draws after him! If you goto him for Counfel, he Hears your Story, Reads your Cafe, and tells you very gravely: Sir, this is a nice Point, and would be well handled; We?ll fee what the Law fays. And then he runs ye over with his Eye and Finger, a matter of a hundred Volumes, grumbling all the while like a Cat, that Claws in her play'twixt Jeft and Earneft. At laft down comes the Book, he fhews the Law, bids you leave your Papers, and he'll ftudy the Queftion. But your Caufe is very good (fays he) by what I fee already; and if you'll come again in the Evening or to Morrow Morning, l'll tell ye more. But pardonme, Sir, now I think on't, I am retain'd upon the bufinefs of the Fens, it cannot be till Monday Next, and then I'm for ye. When ye are to part, and that you come to the Greafing of his Fift; (the teft thing in the World both for the Wit and Memory,) Good Lord! Sir, (fays he) what do yous mean? I befeech you, Sir; Nay pray'e, Sir; and if he fpies you drawing back, the Paw opens, feizes the Gold, and goad Morrow Countryman. Say'ft thou me fo? (quoth the good Fellow in the Glafs) ftop me up clofe again as thou loveft me then, for the very Air of thefe Rafcals will Poyfon me, if ever I put my Head out of this Bottle, till the whole Race of them be extinct. In the mean time take this for a Rule: He that would thrive by Law, muft Fee bis Enemy's Comacil as well ashis own.

But now ye talk of great Cheats; what News of the Fenetians? Is Venice ftill in the World or no? In the World, do ye fay? Yes, marry is't (faid I) and ftands juft where it did. Why then (quoth he) I prithee give it to the Devil from me as a token of my Love; for'tis a Prefent equal to the fevereft Revenge. Nothing can ever deftroy that Republick bit Confcience; and then you'll fay 'tis like to be Long-liv'd; fow if every Man had his own, it would not beleft worth a Groat. To fpeak freely, 'tis an
odd kind off Common-Wealth: 'Tis the very Anfe-Gut, the Drain and Sink of Monarchies, both in War and Peace. It helps the Turk to Vex the Chriftians, and the Cbriftians to Gall the Turk, and maintains it felf to torment both. The $\mathrm{In}_{-}$ habitants are neither Moors, nor Chriftians, as appears by a Venetian Captain, in a Combat againft a Chriftian Enemy : Stand to't, my Mafers (fays he) $\mathrm{re}_{e}$ were Venctians before Te were Cbrifrians.

Enough, enough of this, cry'd the Necromancer, and tell me, how fland the People affected? What Malccontents and Mutineers? Mutiny (faid 1) is fo univerfal a Difeafe, that every Kingdom is (in effect) but a great Hofpital, or rather a Bedlam (for all Men are mad) to entertain the difaffected. There's no Itirring for Me then (quoth the Necromancer) but pray'e commend me however to thofe bufy Fools, and tell them, that carry what Face they will, there's Vanity and Ambition in the Pad, Kings and Princes, have in their Nature much of 2 vich-filver. They are in perpertual Agitation, and without any Repofe. Prefs thein too hard, (that is to fay beyond the Bounds of Duty and Reafon) a nd they are loft. Ye may obferve, that your cilders, and great Dealers in 2 wick-filucr, are generally troubled with the Pal $\bar{x}$; and fo fhould all Subjeits Tremble, that have to do with $M a j e f f$; and better to do it at firfts out of Refpett, than afferward, upon Force and Neceffty.
But before I fall to pieces again, as you faw me e'en now, (for better fo than worfe) Ibefech ye, one word more, and it fhall be my laft : Who's King of Spain now? You know (faid I) that Philip the Third is dead: Right (quoth he) a Piince of incomparable Piety and Virtue, or my Stars deceive me. After him, (faid 1) came Pbilip the IV. If it be fo (quoth he) break, break my Bottle immedjately, and help me out; for I am refolv'd to try my Fortunc in the World once again, under the Reign of that Glorious Prince. And with that word, he da th'd the Glafs to pieces againft a Rock, crept out of his Cafe, and away he ran. I had a good mind to have liept him Company; but as I was juit about to fart, Let him go, let him go, cry'd one of the Dead; (and laid hold of my Arm, ) he has Devilifh Heels, and you'il never overtake him.
So Iftaid, and what fhould I fee next but a wondrous Old Man, whofe Name might have been Bucphatus by his Head, and the Hair on his Face might very well have ftuffed a couple of cufhions: Take him together, and you'l find his Pieture in the Map, among the Savages. I need not tell ye that I fared upon bim fufficiently; and he taking iotice of it, came to me, and told me; Friend. (fay
he) my Spirit tells me, that you are now in pain to know who I am; underftand that my Name is Noftradamus. Are you the Author then (quoth 1) of that Gallimanfry of Prophefies, that's Publifh d in your Name? Gallimaufry, fay'it thou? Impudent and Barbarous Rafcal that thou art, to defpife Myfteries that are above thy reach, and to revile the Secretary of the Stafs, and the Interpreters of the Deftinies: Who is fo brutal as to doubt the maning of thefe Lines?

> From fecond Caufes, this I gather, Nought foall befal us, Good or Ill, Either upon the Land or Water, But what the great Difpofer will.

Reprobate and befotted Villains that ye are; What greater Bleffing could betide the World, than the Accomplifhment of this Prophecy? Would it not eftablifh Juftice and Holinefs, and fupprefs all the Vile Suggeftions and Motions of the Devil? Men would not then any longer fet their Hearts upon Avarice, Cozening, and Extortion, and make Money their God; that Vagabond Money, that's perpetually trotting up and down like a wand ring Whore, and takes up moft commonly with the unworthy, leaveing the Pbilofopbers, and Prophets, which are the very Oracles of the Heavens, (fuch as Nofltadamus) to go bare-foot. But let's go on with our Prophecies, and fee if they be fo frivolous and dark, as the World reports them.

> When the marry'd Jalt marry,
> Then the Feolous will be forry;
> And though Fools will be talking,
> To keep their Tongues walking;
> No Man runs well I find,
> But with's Elbows bebind,

This gave me fuch a fit of Laughing, that it made me caft my Nofe up into the Air, like a Stonc-Horfe that - hath got a Mare in the Wind: Which put the Aftrologer out of all patience. Buffoon, and Dog-Whelp, as ye are (quoth he) there's a Bone for you to pick; you muft be inarling and fnapping at every thing. Will your Teeth ferve you now to fetch out the Marrow of this Prophefy? Hear then in the Devil's Name, and be mannerly: Hear, and Learn, I fay, and let's have no more of that Grinning, unlefs ye have a mind to leave your Beard behind ye. DQ ye imagine that all that are married, marry? No, not the one half of them. When you are married, the Pricft has done his part; but after that, to marry, is to do the Duty of a Husband. Alack, how many marry'd Men live as if

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they were fingle! and how many Batchelors on the other fide, as if they were marry'd: after the Morle of the Times. And Wedlock to divers Couples, is no other than a more fociable ftate of Virginity. Here's one half of my Prophecy expounded already; now for the reft. Let me fee you run a little for Experiment, and try if you carry your Elbows before or behind. You'll tell me perhaps, that this is ridiculous, becaufe every body knows it. A pleafant Shift: As if Truth were the worfe for being plain. The things indeed that you deliver for Truths, are for the moft part meer Foolêries and Miftakes; and it were a hard matter to put Truth in fuch a Drefs as would pleafe ye. What have ye to fay now, either againft my Prophecy or my Argument? Not a Syllable, Iwarrant ye, and yet fomewhat there is to be faid; for there's no Rule without an Exception. Does not the Phyfician carry his Elbow before him, when he puts back his Hand to take his Patient's Money? And away he's gone in a trice, fo foon as he has made his Purchafe. But to proceed, here's another of my Prophecies for ye.

> Many Women fball be Mothers, And their Babbies, Their N'own Daddies.

What fay ye to this now? Are there not many Husbands do ye think (if the truth were known) that Father more Cbildren than their own? Believe me (Friend) a Man bard nedd bave good Security upon a Woman's Belly; for Children are commonly made in the Dark, and 'tis no eafy Matter to know the Workman, efpecially having nothing but the Woman's bare word fort. This is meant of the Court of $\angle A \int f f a n c e$; and whoever interprets my Prophefies, to the Prejudice of any Perfon of Honour, abufes me. You little think what a World of our Gay Folks in their Concless and fix, with Lacquies at their Heels, by the Dozens, will be found at the laft day, to be only the Baftards of fome Pages, Gentlemen-Ufiers, or Valets de Chambre of the Family; nay, perchance the Phyfician may have had his Hand in the wrong Box, and in cafe of a neceffity, good ufe has been made of a lufty coadman. Little do you think (I fay) how many Noble Families upon that grand Difcovery, will be found extinct for want of Iffue.
I am now convinc'd (faid I to the Matbematician) of the Excellency of your Prediftions; and I perceive (fince you have been pleas'd to be your own Interpreter) that they have more weight in them than we were aware of. Ye hall have one more (quots he) and I have done.

## 34 The Second Vision,

> This rear, if $l^{\prime}$ ve any skill ${ }^{3}$ th ' Weather, Shall many a one take Wing with a Feather.

I dare fay that your Wit will ferve ye now to imagine, that I'm talking of Rooks and fack-daws; but I fay, no; I fpeak of Lawyers, Atturneys, Clerks, Scriveners, and their Fellows, that with the Daff of a Pen can defeat their Clients of their Eftates, and fly away with Them when they have done.

Upon thefe Words, Nofradamus vanifht, and fome body plucking me behind, I turn'd my Face upon the moit meager, melanclfolick Wretch that ever was feen, and cover'd all in white. For Pity's fake, (fays he) and as you are a good Chriftian, do but deliver me from the Perfecution of thefe Impertinents and Bablers that are now tormenting me, and I'll be your Slave for ever, (cafting himfelf at my Feet in the fame Moment, and crying like a Child.) And what art thou (quoth I) for a miferable Creature? I am (fays he) an antient and an honeft Man, although defam'd with a thoufand Reproaches and Slanders: And in fine, fome call me Another, and others Somebody; and doubtlefs ye cannot but have heard of me, as Somebody fays, crys one, that has nothing to fay for himfelf; and yet till this inftant, I never fo much as open'd my Mouth. The Latins call me Quidam, and make good ufe of me to fill up Lines and ftop Gaps. When ye go back again into the World, I pray'e do me the favour to own that you have feen me, and to juftifie me for one that never did, and never will either Speak or Write any thing, whatever fome Tatling Idiots may pretend. When they bring me into 2 uarrels and Brawls, I am call'd forfooth, $A$ certam Perfon: In their Intriegucs, I know not who: And in the Pulpit, A certain Austhor: And all this, to make a Myftery of my Name, and lay all their Fooleries at my Door. Wherefore I befeech ye helpme; which I promis'd to do. And fo this Vifion withdrew to make place for another.

And that was the moft frightful piece of Antiquity that ever Eye beheld in the fhape of an old Woman. She came nodding towards me, and in a hollow ratling Tone, (for the fpoke more with her Chops than her Tongue, Pray'e, (fays fhe) Is there not Somebody come lately bither froma the other World? This Apparition, thought I , is undoubtedly one of the Devil's Scare-Crows. Her Eyes were fo funk in their Sockets that they looke like a pair of Dice in the bottom of a couple of Red-boxes. Her Cheeks and the Solee of her Feet, were of the fagne Complexion. Her Mouth was pale and open too, the better to receive the Difillations of licr Nofe. Her Chin was cover'd with a kind of Goofedown, as

## Of Death and her Emplre.

Toothlefs as a Lampeey; and the Flaps of her Cheeks were like and Ape's Bags: Her Head dane'd, and her Voice at every word kept time to't. Her Body was Veil'd, or rather wrapt up in a fhooud of crape. She had a crutch in one Hand, which ferv'd her for a supporter; and a Refary in t'other, of fuch a length, that as fhe was ftooping over it, a Man would liave thought fthe had been Fifhing for Deatb's-Hends. When I had done gaping upon this Epitome of paft Hyes; Hola: Gransom, (quoth Is gond hutily in her Ear, taking forgranted that (he was deaf) what's your Pleafue with me? With that flae gave a Grunt, and being much in wrath to be called Grainum, clapt a pair of Spectacles upon her Nofe, and Pinking through thein, I am, quoth the, neither Deaf not Grannm, but may be called by my Name as well as my Neighbours; (giving to underitand, that Women will take it ill to be called Uld, even in their very Graves.) As fhe fpake, the came ftill nearer me, with her Eyes dropping, and the fimell about her perfectly of a dead Body. I begos ${ }^{3}$ her pandon for what was pait, and for the future her Name, that I might be fure to keep my fulf within the bounds of Refpect. I am call'd (fays fhe) Doukgnd, or Madam the Gouvernante. How's that, quoth I, in a great Amazement? Have ye any of thofe Cattle in this Country? Let the Inhabitants pray heartily for Peace then; and all listle enough to keep them quiet. But to fee my Miftake now, I thought the Women hadnot died when they came to be Gouvernantes, and that for the punifhment of a wicked World the Gouvernatites had been immora tal. But I am now better intorm'd, and very glad truly to meet with a Perfon I have heard fo much talk of. For with us, whe but Madain the Gowvernante at every turn? De you fee that Mumping Hay, cries one? Come here, ye Damn'd fade, cries another. That old Bawrd, fays athird, has forgoten, I warrant ye, that ever fhe was a Whore : And now fee if we du not remember ye. You do fo, and l'm in your debt for your remembrance, the Great Devii be your Pay-Mafter, ye Son of a Whore, you: Are there no more Gouvernantes than my felf? Sure thete are, and ye may have youv Choice without affronting me. Well, well, (faid 1) havera little patience, and at my returi I'll try if I can put things in better order. But in the mean time, what bulinefs have you here? Her Reverence upon this was a littlequalified, and toid me, that the had now been Eight hundred Years in Hell, upon a defign to erect an Order of the Gouvernantes; but the right Worflaipfol she Devil-commiffioners, are not as yet come to any Refolation ypon the Point. For, fay they, if yout Gowvenhites fhould c me once to fettle here, there would need no other Tork
mentors, and we fhould be but fo many facks out of Office. And befides, we fhould be perpetually at Daggers-drawing about the Brands and Candle-Ends, which they would ftill be filching, and laying out of the way; and for us to have our Fuel to feek, wotrld be very inconvenient. I have been in Purgatory too (he faid) upon the fame Project; but there fo foon as ever the $y$ fet Eye on me, all the Souls cry'd out unanimoully, Libera nos, $\mathrm{wrc.}^{\text {. As for Heaven, }}$ that's no Place for Quarrels, Slanders, Difquiets, Heart-burnings, and confequently none for $M e$. The Dead are none of my Friends neither, for they grumble, and bid me let them alone as they do me, and be gone into the World again if I pleafe, and there (they tell me) I may play the Gowvernante in facula fecculorum. But truly I had rather be here at my eafe than fpend my Life crumpling, and brooding over a Carpet at a Bed-fide, like a thing of Clouts, to fecure the Poultry of the Family from ftrange Cocks, which would now and then have a brufh with a Virgin Pullet, but for the care of the Gowvernantes. And yet 'tis fhe, good Woman, bears all the blame in cafe of any Mifcarriage: The Gowvernante was prefently of the Plot, fhe bad a feeling in the Causfe, a Finger in the Pye: And ${ }^{\text {'tis }}$ the, in fine, that muit anfwer for all. Let but a Sock, an old Hankercher, the greafie Lining of a mafque, or any fuch frippery piece of bufinefs be miffing; ask the Gowvernante for this or for that. And in fhore, they take us certainly for fo many Storks and Ducks, to gather up all the filth about the Houfe. The Scrvants look upon us as Spies and Tell-tales: My Coufin forfooth, and t'other's Aunt dares nor come to the Houfe for fear of the Gouvernante. And indeed I have made many of them Crofs themfelves that took me for a Ghoft. Our Mafters the y curfe us toos for embroiling the Family. So that I have rather chofen to take up here betwixt the Dead and the Living, than to return again to my Charge of a Dowegna, the very found of the Name being more terrible than a Gibbet; as appears by one that was lately travelling from Madrid to Vailladolid, and asking where he might lodge that Night? Anfwer was made, at a fmall Village call'd Dousgnas. But is there no other Place (quoth he) within fome reafonable diftance, either fhort, or beyondit? They told him, No, unlefs it were at Gallows. That fhall be my 2 narter then, (quoth he) for a Thoufand Gibbets are not fo bad to me as one Doriegna. Now you fee how we are abus'd, (quoth the Governante) I hope you'll do us fome Right when it lies in your Power.

She would have talk'd me to Death, if I had not givep her the flip upon the removing of her Spectacles; but

