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THE

# VISIONS

OF

DOM FRANCISCO

DE

## QUEVEDO VILLEGAS,

Knight of the Order of St. JAMES.

Made English

BY

Sir ROGER L'ESTRANGE, Kt.

The Eleventh Edition, Corrected.

LONDON,

Printed by W.B. for RICHARD SARE near Gray's-Inn-Gate in Holbourn, 1715.

# WISTONS

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## READERS,

## Gentle and Simple.



HIS Preface is meerly for Fafhion-sake, to fill a space, and please the Stationer; who says, tis neither usual nor handsome, to leap immediately from the

Title-Page to the Matter. So that in short, a Preface ye have, together with the Reason of it, both under One: but as to the Ordinary Mode and Pretence of Prefaces, the Translator defires to be Excus'd: For he makes a Conscience of a Lye, and it were a damn'd one, to tell ye, that he has publisht This either to Gratify the Importunity of Friends, or to Oblige the Publick; or for any other Reason of a hundred, that are commonly given in excuse of Scribling. Not but that he loves his Friends as well as any Man, and has taken their Opinion along with him. Nor, but that he loves the Publick too, (as many a Man does a Coy Mistress that has made his Heart ake.) But to pass from what had no effect upon him in this Publication, to that which over-rul'd him in it. It was pure Spite. For he has had hard Measure among the A 2 Physicians,

#### PREFACE.

Physicians, the Lawyers, the Women, &c. and Dom Francisco de Quevedo, in English, Revenges him upon all his Enemies. For it is a Satyr, that taxes Corruption of Manners, in all forts and degrees of People, without reflecting upon particular States or Persons. It is full of Sharpness and Morality; and has found so good Entertainment in the World, that it wanted only English of being baptiz'd into all Christian Languages.



#### THE

### FIRST VISION,

OF THE

# ALGOUAZIL (OF CATCHPOLE) POSSEST.



OING t'other Day to hear Mass at a Convent in this Town, the Door it feems was shut, and a World of People pressing and begging to get in. Upon Enquiry What the Matter was; they told me of a Demoniac to be exorcifed; (or dispessed) which made me put in for one, to see the Ceremony.

though to little Purpose; for when I had half smothered my felf in the Throng, I was e'en glad to get out again, and bethink my felf of my Lodging. Upon my way homeward, at the Streets-end, it was my fortune to meet a familiar Friend of mine of the fame Convent, who told me as before. Taking notice of my Curiofity, he bad me follow him; which I did, 'till with his Paffepar-tout, he brought me through a little back-door into the Church, and fo into the Vestry: Where we saw a wretched kind of a dog-look'd Fellow, with a Tippet about his Neck, as ill-ordered as you'd wish; his Cloaths all in tatters, his Hands bound behind him, roaring and tearing after a most hideous manner. Bless me, quoth I, (croffing my felf) what have we here? This (fays the good Father who was to do the Feat ) is a Man that's poffest with an Evil Spirit. That's a damn'd Lye, ( with respect of the Company, cryed the Devil that tormented him ) for this is not a Man possest with a Devil, but a Devil possest with a Man; and therefore you should do well to have a care what you fay; for it is most evident, both by the Question and Answer, that you are but a Company of Sots. You must understand, that we Devils, never enter into the Body of a Catchpole, but by force, and in spight of our Hearts; and therefore to speak properly, you are to fay, this is a Devil catchpol'd, and not a Catchpole bedevil'd.

And, to give you your Due, you Men can deal better with us Devils, than with the Catchpoles; for We flye from the Cross; whereas They make use of it, for a Cloak for their Villany.

But though we differ thus in our Humours, we hold a very fair Correspondence in our Offices; If we draw Men into Judgment and Condemnation, so do the Catchpoles; we pray for an increase of Wickedness in the World, so do they; nay and more zealoufly than we; for they make a Livelihood of it, and we do it only for Company. And in this, the Catchpoles. are worse than the Devils; they prey upon their own Kind, and worry one another. For our parts, we are Angels still, though black ones, and were turn'd into Devils only for aspiring into an equality with our Maker: Whereas the very Corruption of Mankind is the Generation of a Catchpole. So that, my good Father, your labour is but lost in plying this Wretch with Reliques; for you may as foon redeema Soul from Hell, as a Prey out of his Clutches. In fine, your Algonazils (or Catchpoles) and your Devils are both of an Order, only your Catchpole-Devils Wear Shoes and Stockings, and we go barefoot, after the Fashion of this reverend Father; and (to deal plainly) have a very hard time on't.

I was not a little furpriz'd to find the Devil fo great a Sophister; but all this notwithstanding, the Holy Man went on with his Exercism, and to stop the Spirit's Mouth, washt his Face with a little Holy-Water; which made the Demoniac ten times madder than before, and fet him a velping fo horridly, that it deafned the Company, and made the very Ground under us to tremble. And now, fays he, you may, perchance, imagine this Extravagance to be the Effect of your Holy-Water; but let me tell you, that meer Water it felf would have done the fame Thing; for your Catchpole hates nothing in this World like Water; I especially that of a Gray's-Inn Pump. But to conclude, They are so reprobated a fort of Christians, that they have quitted even the very Name of Misins, (by which they were formerly known) for that of Algonazils; the latter being of Pagan extraction, and more suitable to their Manners.

Come, come, fays the Father, there is no Ear, nor Credit to be given to this Villain; fet but his Tongue at Liberty, and you shall have him fall foul upon the Government, and the Ministers of Justice, for keeping the World in Order and suppressing Wickedness, because it spoils his Market. No more chopping of Logick, good Mr. Conjurer, says the Devil; for there's more in't than you are aware of; but if you'll do a poor Devil a good Office, give me my Dispatch out of this accurfed Algonazil; for I am a Devil, you must know, of Reputation and Quality, and

and shall never be able to endure the Gibes and Affronts will be put upon me at my return to Hell, for having kept this Rascal company. All in good time, said the Father, thou shalt have thy Discharge; that is to fay, in pity to this miferable Creature, and not for thy own Sake. But tell me now, what makes thee torment him thus? Nothing in the World, quoth the Devil, but a Contest betwixt him and me, which was the greater Devil of the Two.

The Conjurer did not at all relish these wild and malicious Replies; but to me the Dialogue was extreme pleasant, especially being by this time a little familiariz'd with the Devil. Upon which Confidence, my good Father, faid I, here are none but Friends; and I may speak to you as my Confessor, and the Confident of all the secrets of my Soul; I have a great mind with your leave, to ask the Devil a few Questions; and who knows but a Man may be the better for his Answers, though perchance contrary to his Intention? keep him only in the Interim from tormenting this poor Creature. The Conjurer granted my request, and the Spirit went on with his Babble. Well, fays he smiling, the Devil shall never want a Friend at Court, fo long as there's a Poet within the Walls. And indeed the Poets do us many a good turn, both by Pimping and otherwife; but it you, faid he, should not be kind to us (looking upon me) you'll be thought very ungrateful, confidering the Honour of your Entertainment now in Hell. I ask'd him then, what store of Poets they had? Whole Swarms, fays the Devil; fo many, that we have been forc'd to make more room for them; Nor is there any thing in Nature so pleasant as a Poet in the first Year of his probation; he comes ye laden forfooth, with Letters of Recommendation to our Superiours, and enquires very gravely for Charon, Cerberus, Thedamanthus, Eacus, Minos.

Well, faid I, but what's their Punishment? (for I began now to make the Poets Cafe my own. ) Their Punishments, quoth the Devil, are many, and fuited to the Trade they drive. Some are condemn'd to hear other Men's Works: (and this is the Plague of the Fidlers too.) We have others that are in for a Thousand Years, and yet still poring upon some old Stanza's they have made of Jealousie. Some again are beating their Forcheads with the Palms of their Hands, and even boring their very Nofes with hot Irons, in rage that they cannot come toa Refolution, whether they shall fay Face or Vilage; whether they shall fay fayl or Gaol; whether Cony or Cunny, because it cornes from Cuniculus, a Rabbet. Others are biting,

their Nails to the quick, and at their Wits end for a Rhime to Chimney, and dozing up and down in a brown ftudy, till they drop into some Hole at last, and give us trouble enough to get them out again. But they that fuffer the most, and fare the worst, are your Comick Poets, for Whoring so many Queens and Princesses upon the Stage, and coupling Ladies of Honour with Lacquies, and Noblemen with common Strumpets, in the winding up of their Plays; and for giving the Bastonado to Alexander and Julius Cafar in their Interludes and Farces. Now be it known unto you, that we do not lodge these with other Poets, but with Petty-Foggers and Atturneys, as common Dealers in the Mystery of Shifting, Shuffling, Forging, and Cheating. And now for the Discipline of Hell, you are to understand we have incomparable Harbingers and Quarter-Masters; insomuch that let them come in whole Caravans, as it happen'd t'other day, every Man is in his

Quarter before you can say what's this!

There came to us several Tradesinen; the first of them a Poor Rogue that made Profession of drawing the Long-Bow; and him we were about to put among the Armorers, but one of the Company moved and carried it, that fince he was fo good at Draughts, he might be fent to the Clerks and Scriveners; a fort of People that will fit you with Draughts good and bad, of all forts and fizes, and to all purposes. Another called himself a Cutter: We ask'd him whether in Wood or Stone? Neither, faid he, but in Cloth and Stuff, (Anglice a Taylor; ) and him we turn'd over to those that were in for Detraction and Calumny, and for cutting large Thongs out of other Men's Leather. There was a blind Fellow would fain have been among the Poets, but (for likeliness sake) we quartered him among the Lovers. After him came a Sexton, or (as he stiled himfelt) a Burier of the Dead; and then a Cook that was troubled in Conscience for putting off Cats for Hares: These were dispatch'd away to the Pastry-Men. A matter of half a dozen Crack brain'd Fools we disposed of among the Astrologers and Alchymists. In the Number, there was one notorious Murtherer, and him we pack'd away to the Gentlemen of the Faculty, the Physicians. The Broken-Merchants we kennel'd with Judas, for making ill Bargains. Corrupt Ministers and Magistrates, with the Thief on the left Hand. The Embroylers of Affairs, and the Water-bearers, take up with the Vintners; and the Brokers with the Jews. Upon the whole matter, the Polity of Hell is admirable, where every Man has his Place according to his condition-As I remember (faid I) you were speaking e'en now

concerning Lovers. Pray tell me, have ye many of them

in your Dominions? I ask, because I am my self a little fubject to the Itch of Love, as well as Poetry. Love (fays the Devil) is like a great spot of Oil, that diffuses itself. every where, and confequently Hell cannot but be sufficiently flockt with that fort of Vermin. But let me tell you now, we have feveral forts of Lovers; fome doat upon Themselves; others upon their Pelf: these upon their own Discourses; those upon their own Actions; and once in an Age perchance, comes a Fellow that doats upon his own Wife; but this is very rare, for the Jades commonly bring their Husbands to repentance, and then the Devil may throw his Cap at them. But above all, for fport (if there can be any in Hell) commend me to those Gawdy Monsieurs, who by the variety of Colours and Ribbands. they wear, (Favours, as they call them) one would fwear, were only dress'd up for a Sample, or kind of Inventory of all the Gewgaws that are to be had for Love or Money at the Mercers. Others you shall have so overcharged with Perruque, that you'll hardly know the Head of a Cavalier, from the ordinary Block of a Tire Woman : And fome again you'd take for Carriers, by their Pacquets and Bundles of Love-Letters; which being made combustible by the Fire and Flame they treat of, we are fo thrifty, as to employ upon the findging of their own Tails, for the faving of better Fuel. But Oh! the pleasant postures of the Maiden-Lover, when he is upon the Practice of the Gentle Lear, and embracing the Air for his Mistress! Others we have that are condemn'd for Feeling, and yet never come to the Touch: These pass for a kind of Buffoon-Pretenders; ever upon the Vigil, but never arrive at the Festival. Some again have lost themselves with Judas for a Kis.

One Story lower is the abode of Contented Cuckelds; a nafty. Poisonous place, and strew'd all over with the Horns of Rams and Bulls, &c. Now these are so well read in Woman, and know their Destiny so well before hand, that they never so much as trouble their Heads for the matters. Ye come next to the Admirers of Old Women; and these are Wretches of so deprayed an Appetite, that if they were not kept tyed up, and in Chains, they'd Horse the very Devils themselves, and put Barabbas to his Trumps to desend his Buttocks: For the Truth is, whatever you may think of a Devil, he passes with them for a very Adon's or Nar-

cissus.

So much for your Curiofity, a word now for your Infruction. If you would make an Interest in Hell, you must give over that Roguish way ye have got of abusing the Devils in your Shews, Pictures and Emblems: One Miles while forfooth we are painted with claws or Talons, like Eagles or Griffons. Another while we are dreft up with Tails, like so many Hackney-Jades with their Fly-flaps; and now and then ye shall see a Devil with a Coxcomb. Now I will not deny but some of us may indeed be very well taken for Hermits and Philosophers. If you can help us in this Point, do; and we shall be ready to do ye one good Turn for another. I was asking Michael Angelo here a while ago, why he drew the Devils in his great Piece of the Last Judgment, with so many Monkey Faces, and Jack-Pudding Postures. His Answer was, that he followed his Fancy. without any Malice in the World, for as then, he had never feen any Devils; nor (indeed) did he believe that there were any; but he has now learned the contrary to his coft. There's another thing too we take extreamly ill, which is, that in your ordinary Discourses, ye are out with your Purse presently to every Rascal, and calling of him Devil. As for Example. Do you see how this Devil of a Taylor has spoil'd my Sute? How the Devil has made me Wait? How that Devil has couzen'd me, &c. Which is very ill done, and no small disparagement to our Quality, to be rank'd with Taylors: A Company of Slaves, that ferve us in Hell only for Brushwood; and they are fain to beg hard to be admitted at all: ThoughI confess they have Possession on their fides, and custom, which is another Law: Being in Possession of Theft, and stollen Goods; they make much more Conscience of keeping your Stuffs than your Holy-days, grumbling and domineering at every turn, if they have not the same respect with the Children of the Family. Ye have another trick too, of giving every thing to the Devil, that displeases ye; which we cannot but take very unkindly. The Devil take thee, fays one: a goodly Present I warrant ye; but the Devil has somewhat else to do, than to take and carry away all that's given him; if they'll come of themselves, let them come and welcome. Another gives that Whelp of a Lacquey to the Devil; but the Devil will have none of your Lacqueys, he thanks you for your Love; a pack of Rogues that are commonly worse than Devils; and to say the truth, they are good neither Rost nor Sodden. I give that Italian to the Devil, cryes a third; thank you for nothing: For ye shall have an Italian will chouse the Devil himself, and take him by the Nose like Mustard. Some again will be giving a Spaniard to the Devil; but he has been fo cruel wherever he has got footing, that we had rather have his room than his company, and make a Present to the Grand-Signior of his Numegs.

Here the Devil stopt, and in the same instant, there

happening.

happening a flight scuffle, betwixt a couple of conceited Coxcombs, which should go foremost: I turn'd to see the matter, and cast my Eye upon a certain Tax-gatherer, that had undone a Friend of mine; and in some fort to revenge: my felf of this As in a Lion's Skin, I ask'd the Devil, whether they had not of that fort of Blood-Suckers among the reft, in their Dominions? (an informing, projecting Generation of Men, and the very Bane of a Kingdom.) You know little (fays he) if you do not know these Vermin to be the right Heirs of Perdition, and that they claim Hell for their Inheritance: And yet we are now e'en upon the point of discarding them; for they are so pragmatical, and ungrateful, there's no enduring of them. They are at this present in Consultation about an Impost upon the High-way to Hell; and indeed Payments run. fo high already, and are so likely to increase too, that 'tis much fear'd in the end, we shall quite lose our Trading and Commerce. But if ever they come to put this in Execution, we shall be so bold, as to treat them next bout, to the Tune of Fortune my Foe, &c. and make them cool their Heels on the wrong fide of the Door, which will be worse than Hell to them; for it leaves them no retreat, being expel'd Paradife and Purgatory already. This Race of Vipers, faid I, will never be quiet, till they Tax the way to Heaven it felf. Oh, quoth the Devil, that had been done long fince, if they had found the Play worth the Candles; but they have had a Factor abroad now thefe half-score years, that's glad to wipe his Nose on his Sleeve still, for want of a Handkercher. But these new Impofitions, upon what, I pray ye, do they intend to levy them? For that (quoth the Devil) there's a Gentleman of the Trade at your Elbow, can tell you all; pointing to my old Friend the Publican. This drew the Eyes of the whole company upon him, and put him fo damn'dly out of Countenance, that he pluckt down his Hat over his Face, clapt his Tail between his Legs, and went his way; with which we were all of us well enough pleas'd, and then the Devil, went on. Well (faid the Devil, and laugh'd) my Voucher is departed, ye fee; but I think I can fay as much to this point as himself. The Impositions now to be fet on foot, are upon Bare-neck's Ladies, Patches, Mole-skins, Spanish Paper, and all the Mundus Muliebrish more than what is necessary and decent; upon your Tour à la mode, and Spring-Garden Coaches; excess in Apparel, Callations, Rich Furniture, your Cheating and Blasphemy, Gaming Ordinaries, and in general, upon whatsoeyer serves to advance our Empire; fo that without a Friend at Court, or some good Magistrate to help us out at a dead Lift, A 6

and stick to us, we may e'en put up our Pipes, and you'll find Hella very Defart. Well, said I, and methinks I see nothing in all this, but what is very reasonable; for to what end serves it, but to corrupt good Manners, stir up ill Appetites, provoke and encourage all sorts of Debauchery, destroy all that is Good and Honourable in Human Society, and chalk out in effect the ready way to the Devil?

But you said something e'en now of Magistrates; I hope, (said i) there are no Fudges in Hell. You may as well imagine (cry'd the Spirit) that there are no Devils there; for let me tell you (Friend of mine) your Corrupt Fudges are the great Spawners that supply our Lake; for what are those Millions of Catchpoles, Prostors, Atturneys, Clerks, Barristers, that come sailing to us every day in Shoals, but the Fry of such Judges! Nay, sometimes, in a lucky year, for Cheating, Forging, and Forswearing, we can hardly find Cask to put them in.

From hence now, (quoth I) would you infer, that there's no Juffice upon the face of the Earth. Very right (quoth the Devil) for Afrea (which is the fame thing) is fled long fince to Heaven. Do not ye know the flory? No (faid I.) Then (quoth the Devil) mind me and I'll

tell ye it.

Once upon a time Truth and Justice came together to take up their Quarters upon the Earth, but the one being naked, and the other very fevere and plain dealing, they could not meet with any body that would receive them. At last, when they had wander'd a long time like Vaga-bonds in the open Air; Trush was glad to take up her Lodging with a Mute; and Justice, perceiving that though her name was much used for a Cloak to Knavery, yet that fhe her felf was in no Esteem, took up a resolution of returning to Heaven: and in order to her Journey, she bad adjeu in the first Place to all Courts, Palaces, and great Cities, and went into the Country, where she met with Some few poor simple Cottagers, that gave her Entertainment; but Malice and Perfecution found her out in the end, and the was banished thence too. She presented her felf in many Places, and People ask'd her what she was! She answered them, Justice, for she would not lye for the matter. Justice! (cry'd they) she is a stranger to us; tell her here's nothing for her, and shut the Door. Upon these repulses, she took wing, and away she went to Heaven, hardly leaving fo much as the bare print of her footsteps behind her. Her Name however is not yet forgotten, and she's Pictured with a Scepter in her Hand, and is still called 70flice; but call her what you will, she makes as good a Fire Fire in Hell as a Taylor; and for flight of Hand, puts down all the Jilts, Cheats, Picklocks and Trepanners in the World: To fay the Truth, Avarice is grown to that height, that Men employ all the faculties of Soul and Body to Rob, and Deceive. The Leacher, does not he steal away the Honour of his Miftress? (though with her Confent ) the Atturney pick your Pockets, and shew you a Law for't? The Comedian gets your Money and your time, with reciting other Men's Labours; the Lover cozens you with his Eyes; the Eloquent with his Tongue; the Valiant with his Arm; the Musician with his Voice and Fingers; the Aftrologer with his Calculations; the Apothecary with Sickness and Health; the Surgeon with Blood; and the Physician. with Death it felf. And in some fort or other, they are all Cheats; but the Catchpole (in the name of Justice) abuses you with his whole Man; He watches you with his Eyes; follows you with his Feet; feizes with his Hands; accuses with his Tongue: and in fine, put it in your Litany, From Catchpoles, as well as Devils, Libera nos, Domine.

But how comes it (faid I) that you have not coupled the Women with the Thieves? for they are both of a Trade. Not a Word of Women as ye love me, ( quoth the Devil ) for we are so tired out with their Importunities, so deafen'd with the Eternal Clack of their Tongues, that we ffart at the very thought of them. And to fay the Truth. Hell were no ill Winter-Quarter, if it were not so overstock'd with that fort of Cattel. Since the Death of the Witch of Endor, it has been all their Business to improve themfelves in Subtilty and Malice, and to fet us together by the Ears among our felves. Nay fome of them are confident enough to tell us to our Teeth, that when we have done our worst, they'll give us a Rowland for our Oliver. Only this comfort we have, that they are a cheaper Plague to Us, than they are to You; for we have no Exchanges, Hide-

Parks, or Spring-Gardens in our Territories.

You are well stored then with Women, I fee, but of which have you most? (faid I) Handsom, or Ill-favoured? Oh, of the Ill-favoured, in for one (quoth the Devil;) For your Beauties can never want Gallants to lay their Appetites; and many of them, when they come at last to have their Bellies full, e'en give over the sport, Repent and 'scape. Whereas no body will touch the Ill-favoured without a pair of Tongs; and for want of Water to quench their Fire, they come to us fuch Skeletons, that they are enough to affright the Devil himself. For they are most commonly old, and accompany their last Groans with a Curfe upon the younger that are to furvive them. I carried away one t'other day of Threescore and Ten, that

that I took just in the nick, as she was upon a certain Exercise to remove obstructions: And when I came to land her; Alas for thee poor Woman! What a tertible sit had she got of the Tooth-Ach! When upon search, the Devil a Tooth had she left in her Head, only she belied her Chops,

to fave her Credit.

You have exceedingly fatisfied me, (faid I) in all your Answers: But pray'e once again, what store of Beggars: have ye in Hell? Poor People, I mean: Poor ( quoth the Devil, ) who are they? Those (faid I) that have no Possessions in the World: How can that be, (quoth he) that those should be damn'd, that have nothing in the World, when Men are only damn'd for cleaving to't? And briefly, I find none of their Names in our Books, which is no wonder; for he that has nothing to trust to, shall be left by the Devil himself in time of need. To deal plainly. with you, where have you greater Devils, than your Flatterers, false Friends, lewd Company, envious Persons? than a Son, a Brother, or a Relation that lies in wait for your Life, to get 'your Fortune; that mourns over you in. your Sickness, and wishes you already at the Devil? Now the Poor have none of this; they are neither flatter'd nor envy'd, nor befriended, nor accompanied: There's no gaping for their Possessions; and in short, they are a fort of People that live well, and die better; and there are fome of them that would not exchange their Rags for Royalty it self: They are at Liberty to go and come at pleasure, be it War or Peace; free from Cares, Taxes, and publick Duties. They fear no Judgments or Executions, but live as inviolable, as if their Persons were Saered. Moreover they take no thought for to morrow, but ferting a just value on their hours, they are good Hufbands of the prefent; confidering that what is past is as good as Dead, and what's to come, Uncertain. But they fay, When the Devil Preaches, the World is near an End.

The Divine Hand is in this (faid the Holy Man that performed the Exercifn) Thou art the Father of Lyes; and yet deliver It Truths, able to mollify and convert a Heart of Stone. But do not you miftake your felf (quoth the Devil) to suppose that your Conversion is my business; for I speak these Truths to aggravate your Guilt, and that you may not plead Ignorance another day, when you shall be called to answer for your Transgressions. This true, most of you shed Tears at parting, but 'tis the Apprehension of Death, and no true Repentance for your Sins, that works upon you: For ye are all a pack of Hypocrites: Or if at any time you entertain those Reslexions, your trouble is, That your Body will not hold out; and

then

then forfooth you pretend to pick a quarrel with the Sin it felf. Thou art an Impostor (faid the Religious) for there are many Righteous Souls, that draw their Sorrow from another Fountain. But I perceive you have a mind to amuse us, and make us lose time, and perchance your own hour is not yet come to quit the Body of this miferable Creature; however, I conjure thee in the name of the most High, to leave tormenting him, and to hold thy peace. The Devil obey'd; and the good Father applying himself to us, My Masters (fays he) though I am absolutely of opinion, that it is the Devil that has talkt to us all this while through the Organ of this unhappy Wretch; yet he that well weighs what has been faid, may doubtless reap some benefit by the Discourse. Wherefore without confidering whence it came; Remember, that Saul (although a wicked Prince) Prophesied; and that Honey has been drawn out of the Mouth of a Lyon. Withdraw then, and I shall make it my Prayer (as'tis my Hope ) that this fad and prodigious Spectacle may lead you to a true fight of your Errors, and in the end, to amendment of Life.

The end of the First Vision.

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## SECOND VISION,

OF

### DEATH and her EMPIRE.



E A N Souls do naturally breed fad Thoughts, and in Solitude, they gather together in Troops to affault the Unfortunate; which is the Tryal (according to my observation) wherein the Coward does most betray himself; and yet cannot I for my Life, when I am alone, a-

void those Accidents and Surprizes in my self, which I condemn in others. I have sometime, upon reading the Grave and Severe Lucratus, been seiz'd with a strange damp;

damp; whether from the striking of his Counsels upon my Passions, or some Tacite Reflection of Shame upon my felf, I know not. However, to render this Consession of my Weakness the more excusable, I'll begin my Discourse with somewhat out of that Elegant and Excellent Poet.

"Put the case (says he) that a Voice from Heaven should speak to any of us after this manner; What do'st thou ail, O Mortal Man, orto what purpose is it to spend thy Life in Groans and Complaints, under the Apprehension of Death? Where are thy past Tears and Pleasure?

"Tears and Pleasures? Are they not vanished and lost in the Flux of Time, as if thou hadst put Water into a Sieve? Bethink thy self then of a Retreat, and leave the World with the same Content and."

"Satisfaction, as thou wouldst do a plentiful Table, and a jolly "Company upon a full Stomach. Poor Fool that thou art: "Thus to macerate and torment thy felf, when thou may if enjoy thy. "Heart at ease, and possess it you with Repose and Comfort, &Co.

This passage brought into my mind the words of Job, Chap. 14. and I was carried on from one Meditation to another, till at length, I fell fast asleep over my Book, which I ascribed rather to a favourable Providence, than to my natural Disposition. So soon as my Soul felt her felf at liberty, she gave me the entertainment of this following Comedy, my Fancy supplying both the Stage and the

Company.

In the first Scene enter'd a Troop of Physicians, upon their Mules, with deep Foot-cloths; marching in no very good Order, sometime fast, sometime slow and to say the truth, most commonly in a huddle. They were all wrinkled and wither'd about the Eyes; I suppose with casting so many four looks upon the Piss Pots and Closestools of their Patients; bearded like Goats; and their Faces fo over-grown with Hair, that their Fingers could hardly find the way to their Mouths: In the Left-hand they held the Reins, and their Gloves roul'd up together; and in the Right a Staff à la mode, which they carried rather for Countenance than Correction? (for they underfreed no other Menage than the Heel) and all along Head and Body went too, like a Baker upon his Panniers. Divers of them I observed, had huge Gold Rings upon their Fingers, and fet with Stones of so large a fize, that they, could hardly feel a Patient's Pulse, without minding him of his Monument. There were more than a good many of them, and a world of puny Practicers at their Heels, that came out Graduates, by conversing rather with the Mules than the Dollors? Well! faid I to my felf, if theregoes no more than this to the making a Physician, it is no marvel we pay so dear for their Experience.

After thefe, follow'd a long Train of Mountebank Apothe-

caries, laden with Peftles and Mortars, Suppositories, Spatulas, Gliffer-Pipes, and Syringes, ready charg'd, and as mortal as Gun-shot, and several Titled Boxes, with Remedies without, and Poylons within. Ye may observe, That when a Patient comes to die, the Apothecary's Mortar Rings the Passing-Bell, as the Priest's Requiem finishes the business. An Apothecary's Shop is (in effect ) no other than the Physician's Armery, that Supplies him with Weapons; and (to fay the truth, ) the Instruments of the Apothecary and the Soldier, are much of a Quality? What are their Boxes but Petards? Their Syringes, Pistols; and their Pills, but Bullets? And after all, confidering their Purgative Medicines, we may properly enough call their Shops Purgatory; and why not their Persons Hell? Their Patients the Damn'd? And their Masters the Devils? These Apothecaries were in Facquets, wrought all over with Rs, struck through like wounded Hearts, and in the form of the first Character of their Prescriptions; which ( as they tell us) fignifies Recipe ( Take Thou, ) but we find it to stand for Recipio (I Take.) Next to this Figure they write, Ana, ana, which is as much as as to fay, An Ass, An As; and after this march the Ounces and the Scruples; an incomparable Cordial to a dying Man; the former to difpatch the Body, and the latter, to put the Soul into the High-way to the Devit. To hear them call over all their Simples, would make you fwear, they were raifing fo many Devils. There's your Opopanax, Buphtalmus, Aftaphylinos. Alectorolophos, Ophioscorodon, Anemosphorus, & C.

And by all this formidable Bombast, is meant nothing in the World but a few paltry Roots, as Carrots, Turneps, Skirrits, Radish, and the like. But they have the old Proverb at their Finger's end; He that knows thee will never buy thee: And therefore every thing must be made a My-ftery, to hold their Patients in ignorance, and keep up the Price of the Market. And were not the very names of their Medicines sufficient to fright away any Distemper, 'tis to be fear'd the Remedy would prove worse than the Disease. Can any pain in nature, think ye, have the confidence to look the Physician in the Face, that comes arm'd with a Drug made of Man's Greafe? Though difguis'd under the name of Mummy, to take off the Horror and Difgust of it : Or to stay for a dressing with Dr. Whachum's Plaister, that shall fetch up a Man's Leg to the fize of a Mill-post? When I saw these People herded with the Physicians, methought the old fluttish Proverb that fays, There is a great distance between the Pulse and the Arse, was much to blame for making fuch a difference in their Dignities, for I find none at all; but the Physician skips in a trice from the Pulse to the Stool and Vrinal, according to the Doctrine of Galen, who sends all his Disciples to those unsavoury. Oracles: From whose hands, the Devil himself, if he were Sick, would not receive so much as a Glister. Oh! these cursed and lawless Arbitrators and Disposers of our Lives! That without either Conscience or Religion, divide our Souls and Bodies, by their damn'd Poysonous Potions, Scarifications, Incisions, Excessive Bleedings, &c. which are but the several ways of executing their Tyranny and Injustice upon us.

In the tail of these, came the Surgeons, laden with Pineers, Crane-bills, Catheters, Desquamarories, Dilaters, Scissors, Saws; and with them so horrid an Outery of Cut, Tear, Open, Saw, Flay, Burn, that my Bones were ready to creep.

one into another, for fear of an Operation.

The next that came in, I should have taken by their Main, for Devils disguis'd, if I had not spyed their Chains of Rotten Teeth, which put me in some hope they might be Tooth-Drawers, and so they prov'd; which is yet one of the lewdest Trades in the World; for they are good for nothing but to depopulate our Mouths, and make usold before our time. Let a Man but yawn, and ye shall have one of these Rogues examining his Grinders, and there's not a sound Tooth in your Head, but he had rather see't at his Girdle, than in the place of it's Nativity: Nay, rather than fail, he'll pick a quarrel with your Gums. But that which puts me out of all Patience, is to see these Scoundrels ask twice as much for drawing an Old Tooth, as would have bought me a New One.

Certainly (faid I to my felf) we are now past the worst, unless the Devil himself come next: And in that instant, I heard the Brushing of Guitars, and the Ratling of Gitterns, Raking over certain Passacilles and Sarabands. These are a Kennel of Barbers, thought I, or I'll be hang'd; and any Man that had ever seen a Barber's Shop, might have told you as much without a Conjurer, both by the Musick, and by the very Instruments, which are as proper a part of a Barber's Furniture, as his Comb-cases, and Wasballs. It was to me a pleasant Entertainment, to see them lathering of Assaciation, of all sorts and sizes, and their Customers all the while winking and sputtering over their

Basons.

Prefently after these, appear'd a Consort of loud and redions Talkers, that Tir'd and Deasn'd the Company with their shrill and restless Gazgle: But as one told me, these were of several sorts. Some they call'd Swimmers from the motion of their Arms in all their Discourses, which was just as if they had been Padling. Others they call'd Apes, (and we Mimicks) these were perpetually making of Mopps, and Mowes.

Mowes, and a thousand Antick Ridiculous Gestures, in derition and imitation of Others. In the Third place, were Make-bates, and Sowers of Dissention, and these were still Rolling their Eyes (like a Bartlemy Puppet, without so much as moving the Head) and Leering over their Shoulders, to surprize People at unawares in their Familiarities, and Privacies, and gather matter for Calumny and Detrastion. The Lyars follow'd next; and these seem'd to be a jolly contented fort of People, well fed, and well cloathed; and having nothing else to trust to, methought it was a strange Trade to live upon. Inced not tell you, that they are never without a full Audience, since all Fools and Impertinents are of their Congregations.

After these, came a Company of Medlers; a Pragmatical Insolent Generation of Men, that will have an Oar in every Boat, and are indeed the Bane of honest Conversation, and the Troublers of all Companies and Affairs; The most Prostitute of all Flatterers; and only devoted to their own Prost. I thought this had been the last Scene, because no more came upon the Stage for a good while; and indeed I wonder'd that they came so late themselves, but one of the Bablers told me (un-ask'd) that this kind of Serpent carrying his Venom in his Tail, it seem'd reasonable, that being the most Poysonous of the whole

Gang, they should bring up the Rear.

I began then to take into thought what might be the meaning of this Oglio of People of Several Conditions and Humours met together; but I was quickly diverted from that Confideration, by the Apparition of a Creature which look't as if 'twere of the Feminine Gender. It was a Perfon, of a thin and flender make, laden with Crowns, Garlands, Scepters, Scythes, Sheep-hooks; Pattins, Hob-nail'd-Shoes, Tiaras , Straw-Hats , Miters , Monmouth-Caps , Embroideries, Skins, Silk, Wool, Gold, Lead, Diamonds, Shells, Pearl, and Pebles: She was dress'd up in all the Colours of the Rainbow; she had one Eye shut, the other open; Young on. the one fide, and Old o'the other. I thought at first, she had been a great way off, when indeed the was very near me; and when I took her to be at my Chamber-Door, she was at my Bed's-head. How to unriddle this Mystery I knew not; nor was it possible for me to make out the meaning of an Equipage fo Extravagant, and fo Fantastically put to together. It gave me no affright however, but on the contrary I could not forbear laughing; for it came just then into my mind, that I had formerly feen in Italy a Farce, where the Mimick, pretending to come from the other World, was just thus Accourred, and never was any thing more Nonfenfically pleafant. I held as long

long as I could, and at last, I ask'd what she was? She anfwer'd me, I am Death. Death! (the very word brought my Heart into my Mouth; ) and I befeech you, Madam, quoth I, ( with great Humility and Refpect ) whither is your Honour a going? No farther (faid she ) for now I have found you, I am at my Journey's end. Alas, Alas! and must I die then, (said I.) No, no, (quoth Death) but I'll take thee Quick along with me: For since so many of the Dead have been to visit the Living, it is but equal for once, that one of the Living should Return a Visit to the Dead. Get up then, and come along, and never hang an Arse for the matter: For what you will not do willingly, you shall do in spite of your Teeth. This put me in a cold Fit; but without more delay, up I started, and defired leave only to put on my Breeches. No, no, (faid she) no matter for Cloaths, no body wears them upon this Road; wherefore come away, naked as you are, and you'll travel the better. So up I got, without a word more, and follow'd her, in such a Terror and Amazement, that I was but in an ill Condition to take a strict Account of my Paffage; yet I remember, that upon the way, I told her, Madam, under Correction, you are no more like the Deaths that I have feen, than an Apple's like an Oyster: Our Death is Pictur'd with a Scythe in her Hand, and a Carcass of Bones, as clean, as if the Crows had pick'd it. Yes, yes, (faid she) turning short upon me, I know that very well; but in the mean time your Defig-ners, and Painters, are but a company of Buzzards. The Bones you talk of, are the dead, or otherwise the miserable Remainders of the Living; but let me tell you, that you your felves are your own Death, and that which you call Death, is but the Period of your Life, as the first moment of your Birth, is the beginning of your Death: And effectually, ye Die Living, and your Bones are no more than what Death has left, and committed to the Grave. If this were rightly understood, every Man would find a Memento Mori, or a Death's-Head in his own Looking-glass, and consider every House with a Family in't, but as a Sepulchre fill'd with dead Bodies; a Truth which you little dream of, though within your daily View and Experience. Can you imagine a Death elsewhere, and not in your selves? Believ't y'are in a shameful Mistake, for you your selves are Skeletons before ye are aware.

But, Madam, under favour, what may all these People be that keep your Ladyship Company? And since you are Death (as you say,) how comes it, that the Bablers, and Make-bates, are nearer your Person, and more in your good Graces, than the Physicians? Why (says she) there.

have

are more People Talk'd to Death, and dispatch'd by Bablers, than by all the pestilential Diseases in the World. And then your Make-bates, and Medlers, kill more than your Physicians, though (to give the Gentlemen of the Faculty their due ) they labour Night and Day for the Enlargement of our Empire: For you must understand, that though Distemper'd Humours make a Man Sick, 'tis the Physician kills him; and he looks to be well paid for't too; (and 'tis fit that every Man should live by his Trade:) So that when a Man is ask'd, what fuch or fuch a one dy'd of, he is not presently to make Answer, that he dy'd of a Fever, Pluris, the Plague, Purples, or the like; but that He dyed of the Doctor. In one Point, however, I must needs acquit the Physician; ye know that the stile of Right Honourable, and Right Worshipful, which was heretofore appropriated only to Persons of Eminent Degree and Quality, is now in our Days used by all forts of little People; nay, the very Barefoot Fryars, that live under Vows of Humility and Mortification, are stung with this Itch of Title and Vain-glory. And your ordinary Trades-men, as Vintners, Taylors, Majons, and the like, must be all drest up for footh in the Right Worshipful; whereas your Physician does not so much Court Honour of Appellation, (though if it should Rain Dignities, he might be perswaded happily to venture the wetting ) but fits down contented with the Honour of disposing of your Lives and Moneys, without troubling himfelf about any other fort of Reputation.

The Entertainment of these Lectures, and Discourses, made the way feem fhort and pleafant, and we were just now entring into a Place, betwixt Light and Dark; and of horror enough, if Death and I had not by this time been very well acquainted. Upon one fide of the Passage, I saw three moving Figures, Arm'd, and of Human shape: and so alike, that I could not fay which was which. Just oppo-fite, on the other side, a Hideous Monster, and these Three to One, and One to Three, in a Fierce, and Obstinate Combat. Here Death made a stop, and faceing about, ask'd me, if I knew these People. Alas! No, (quoth I) Heaven be prais'd, I do not, and I shall put it in my Litany, that I never may. Now to fee thy Ignorance, cry'd Death; These are thy old Acquaintance, and thou hast hardly kept any other Company, fince thou wert born. Those Three, are, the World, the Flesh, and the Devil; the Capital Enemies of thy Soul: And they are fo like one another, as well in Quality, as Appearance, that effectually, whoever has One, has All. The Proud and Ambitious Man thinks he has got the World, but it proves the Devil. The Leacher, and the Epicure, perswade themselves, that they have gotten the Flesh, and that's the Devil too; and in fine, thus it fares with all other kinds of Extravagants. But what's he here, faid I, that appears in fo many feveral shapes, and fights against the other Three? That ( quoth Death ) is the Devil of Money, who maintains, that He himself Alone, is equivalent to them Three, and that wherever He comes, there's no need of Them. Against the World He argues from their own Confession, and Experience; For it passes for an Oracle, that there's no World but Money; he that's out of Money, is out of the World. Take away a Man's Money, and take away his Life. Money answers all things. Against the Second Enemy, he pleads that Money is the Flesh too; witness the Girls and the Ganimedes it procures. and maintains. And against the Third, He urges, that there's nothing to be done without this Devil of Money. Love does much, but Money does all: And Money will make the Pos boyl, though the Devil Pifs in the Fire. So that for ought I fee (quoth I) the Devil of Money has the better end of the Staff.

After this, advancing a little farther, I faw on one Hand Judgment, and Hell on the other (for fo Death called them.) Upon the fight of Hell, making a ftop, to take a firiter Survey of it; Death ask'd me what it was I look'd at? I told her, it was Hell; and I was the more intent upon it, because I thought I had seen it somewhere else before. She question'd me, where? I told her, that I had seen it in the Corruption and Avarice of Wicked Magistrates; in the Pride and Haughiness of Grandees; in the Appenies of the Voluptuous; in the Lewd Designs of Ruine and Revenge; in the Souls of Oppressors; and in the Vanity of divers Princes. But he that would see it whole, and entire, in one Subject, must go to the Hypocrite, who is a kind of a Religious Broker, and puts out at Five and Forty per cent. the very Sacraments, and Ten Com-

mandments.

I am very glad too (faid I) that I have feen Judgment as I find it here, in it's Purity; for that which we call Judgment in the World, is a meer Mockery: If it were like this, Men would live otherwise than they do. To conclude; If it be expected that our Judges should govern Themselves and Us by this Judgment, the World's in an ill Case, for there's but little of it there. And to deal plainly, as matters are, I have no great Maw to go home again; for 'ris better being with the Dead, where there's Justice, than with the Living, where there's none.

than with the Living, where there's none.

Our next step was into a fair and spacious Plain, encompass'd with a huge Wall, where he that's once in, must never look to come out again. Stop here (quoth Death) for we are now come to my Judgment-Seat, and here it is that I give Judience. The Wall were hung with Sighs and

Groans,

Groans, Ill-News, Fears, Doubts and Surprizes. Tears did not there avail, either the Lover or the Beggar: but Grief and Care were without both Measure and Comfort; and ferv'd as Vermine, to gnaw the Hearts of Emperors and Princes, feeding upon the Infolent and Ambitious, as their proper Nourishment. I saw Envy there drest up in a Widow's Vail. and the very Picture of the Governante of one of your Noblemen's Houses. She kept a continual Fast as to the Shambles, Preying only upon her felf, and could not but be a very stender Gentlewoman, upon so spare a Diet. Nothing came amiss to her Teeth, (Good or Bad) which made the whole Set of them Tellow and Rotten; and the Reason was, that though she bit, and fet her mark upon the Good, and the Sound, she could never swallow it. Under her, sate Difeord; the Legitimate Islue of her own Bowels. She had formerly convers'd much with Married People; but finding no need of her there, away she went to Colleges and Corporations, where it feems they had more already than they knew what to do withal: And then she betook her self to Courts and Palaces, and officiated there, as the Devils Lieutenant. Next to Her, was Ingratitude, and she out of a certain Paste made up of Pride and Malice, was moulding of New Devils. I was extream glad of this Discovery, being of Opinion, till now, that the Ungrateful had been the Devilsthemselves, because I read, that the Angels that fell, were made Devils for their Ingratistude. To be short, the whole Place Eccho'd with Rage and Curfes. What a Devil have we here to do? (faid I) does it Rain Curses in this Countrey? With that, a Death at my Elbow ask'd me, what a Devil could I expect elfe, in a place where there were fo many Matchmakers, Atturneys and Common-Barretters, who are a Pack of the most Accursed Wretches in Nature? Is there any thing more common in the World, than the Exclamations of Husbands and Wives? Oh! That damn'd Devil of a Pander: A heavy Curfe upon that Bitch of a Bawd that ever brought us together. The Pillory and Ten thousand Gibbets to boot, take that Pick-Pocket Atturney, that advised me to this Law fuit, he's ruin'd me for ever. But pray'e (faid I) what do all these Match-makers and Atturneys here together? Do they come for Audience? Death was here a little quick upon me, and called me Fool for fo impertinent a Question. If there were no Match-makers (faid she) we should not have the Tenth Part of these Skeletons and Desperado's. Am not I here, the fifth Husband of a Woman yet living in the World, that hopes to fend twice as many more after me, and drink Maudlin at the Fifteenth's Funeral? You fay well, (faid I) as to the business of Match-makers; but why fo many Petty Foggers, I pray'e? Nay then I perceive, (quoth Death) now you have a mind to seize me; for that rascally

rascally fort of Caterpillars have been my undoing. Had not a Man better die by the Common-Hangman, than by the Hand of an Atturney, to be killed by Falsines, Quirks, Cavils, Delays, Exceptions, Cheats, Circumventions? Yes, yes, and it must not be deny'd, that these Makers of Matches, and Splitters of Causes, are the principal Support of this Imperial Throne.

At these words I rais'd my Eyes, and saw Death seated in her Chair of State, with abundance of little Deaths crowding about her; as the Death of Love, of Cold, Hunger, Fear, and Laughter; all, with their several Ensigns and Devices. The Death of Love, I perceived, had very little Brain, and to keep her self in Countenance, she kept company with Pyramus and Thisbe; Hero and Leander, and some Amadis's and Palmerins &Oliva; all Embalm'd, steep'd in good Vinegar, and well dry'd. I saw a great many other forts of Lovers too, that were brought, in all Appearance, to their last Agonies; but by the singular Miracle of self-Interest recover'd to the Tune of

Will, if looking Well won't moveher, Looking Ill prevail?

The Death of Cold, was attended by a many Prelates, Bi-foops, Abbots, and other Ecclefiaficks; who had neither Wives, nor Children, nor indeed any body else that cared for them, farther than for their Fortunes. These, when they come to a Fit of Sickness, are Pillag'd, even to their Sheets and Bedding, before ye can say a Pater-Noster. Nay, many times they are stript, e'er they are laid, and destroy'd for want of Cloaths to keep them warm.

The Death of Hunger was encompassed with a Multitude of Avaritious Misers, that were Cording up of Trunks; Bolting of Doors and Windows; Locking up of Cellars and Garrets; and Nailing down of Trap-Doors; Burying of Pots of Money, and starting at every Breath of Wind they heard. Their Eyes were ready to drop out of their Heads for want of Sleep, their Mouths and Bellies complaining of their Hands; and their Souls turn'd into Gold and Silver; (the

Idols they ador'd.)

The Death of Fear had the most Magnificent Train and Attendance of all the rest, being accompanied with a great number of Viripers and Trains, who commonly do Justice upon Themselves, for the Injuries they have done to Others: Their own Consciences doing the Office of Tormentors, and Avenging their publick Crimes by their private Sufferings, for they live in a perpetual Anguish of Thought, with Fears and Jealouses.

The Death of Laughter was the last of all, and surrounded with a Throng of People, basy to Believe, and sow to Re-

pent,

faid

pent; Living Without fear of Justice, and Dying Without hope of Mercy. These are they that pay all their Debts and Duties with a left. Bid any of them give every Man his due, and return what he has either Borrow'd, or wrongfully taken, his Answer is, Tou'd make a Man die with Laughing. Tell him. my Friend, you are now in Years, your Dancing Days are done, and your Body is worn out; what should such a Scare-Crow as you are, do with a Bedfellow? Give over your Bawdy Haunts for stame, and don't make a Glory of a Sin, when you are past the Pleasure of it. and your self upon all Accompts contemptible into the Bargain. This Fellow (fays he) would make a Man break his Heart with Laughing. Come, come, fay your Prayers, and bethink your felf of Eternity, you have one Foot in the Grave already, and 'tis high time to fit your felf for the other World. Thou wilt absolutely kill me with Laughing. Itell thee, I'm as found as a Roach, and I do not remember that over I was better in my Life. Others there are, that, let a Man advise them upon their Death-Beds, and even at the last Gasp, to send for a Divine, or to make some handsome Settlement of their Estates. Alas, alas! they'll cry; I have been as bad as this many a time before, and (with Falftaffe's Hostes) I hope in the Lord there's no need to think of him yet. These Men are lost for ever, before they can be brought to understand their danger. This Vision wrought strangely upon me, and gave me all the Pains and Marks imaginable of a true Repentance. Well, (faid I) fince so it is, that Man has but one Life allotted him, and so many Deaths; but one way into the World, and so many Millions out of it, I will certainly at my Return, make it more my Care than it has been to Live with a good Conscience, that I may die with Comfort.

The last Words were scarce out of my Mouth, when the Cryer of the Court with a loud Voice, called out, The Dead, The Dead; Appear the Dead. And fo immediately, I faw the Earth begin to Move, and gently opening it felf, to make way, first for Heads and Arms, and then by Degrees for the whole Bodies of Men and Women that came out, half muffled in their Night-Caps, and ranged themselves in excellent Order, and with a profound filence. Now (fays Death) let every one speak in his Turn; and in the instant, up comes one of the Dead to my very Beard, with fo much Fury and Menace in his Face and Action, that I would have given him half the Teeth in my Head for a Composition. These Devils of the World (quoth he) what would they be at? My Masters, cannot a Poor Wretch be quiet in his Grave for ye? But ye must be casting your Scorns upon him, and charging him with things that upon my Soul, he's as innocent of, as the Child that's Unborn. What hurt has he done any of you (ye Scoundrels you, ) to be thus abused? And I befrech you, Sir,

faid I. (under your favourable Correction ) who may you be? For I confess I have not the Honour either to know or to understand ye. I am (quoth he) the Unfortunate Tony, that has been in his Grave now this many a fair Year, and yet your Wife Worships for sooth, have not Wit enough to make your Schoes and your Company merry, but Tony must still be one half of your Entertainment and Discourse. When any Man plays the Fool or the Extravagant, presently be's a Tony. Who drew this or that ridiculous Piece? Tony. Such or such a one was never well Taught: No, he had a Tony to his Malter. But let me tell ye, he that shall call your Wisdoms to shrift, and take a strict Accompt of your Words and Actions, will upon the Upshot find you all a Company of Tonys: And in effect, the Greater Impertinents. As for instance, Did I ever make ridiculous Wills ( as you do ) to oblige others to Pray for a Man in his Grave, that never Pray'd for Himself in his Life? Did I ever Robel against my Superiours? Or, was I ever fo errant a Coxcomb, as by colouring my Cheeks and Hair, to imagine that I could reform Nature, and make my felf young again? Can ye fay, that I ever put an Oath to a Lye; or broke a solemn Promise, as you do every Day that goes over your Heads? Did I ever enflave my felf to Money? Or, on the other side make Ducks and Drakes with it? And squander it away in Gaming, Revelling, and Whoring? Did my Wife ever wear the Breeches? Or, did I ever marry at all to be reveng'd of a false Mistres? Was I ever fo very a Fool as to believe any Man would be True to me, who had Betray'd his Friend? Or, to venture all my Hopes upon the Wheel of Fortune? Did I ever envy the felicity of a Court-Life, that fells and spends all for a Glance: What pleasure did I ever take in the lewd Discourses of Hereticks and Libertines? Or did I ever List my self in the Party, to get the name of a Gifted Brother? Who ever faw me insolent to my Inferiors, or basely servile to my Betters? Did I ever go to a Conjurer, or to your Dealers in Nativities and Horoscopes upon any occasion of Loss or Death? Now if you your felves be guilty of all these Fopperies, and I innocent, I beseech ye where's the Tony? So that you see Tony is not the Tony you take him for. But (to Crown his other Vertues) he is also endued with so large a stock of Patience, that whoever needed it, had it for the asking; unless it were such as came to borrow Money; or in Cases of Women that claim'd Marriage of him; or Laquais that would be making fport with his Bauble; and to these, He was as resolute as John Florio.

While we were upon this Difcourse, another of the Dead came marching up to me, with a Spanish Pace and Gravity; and giving me a touch o' the Elbow; Look in my Face (quoth he with a stern Countenance) and know, Sirkhat you are not now to have to do with a Tony. I beseech your Lordship (said I, saving your Reverence) let me know

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your Honour, that I may pay my Respects accordingly; for I must confess, I thought all People here had been, Hail Fellow well met. I am call'd (quoth he ) by Mortals, Queen Dick; and whether you know me or not, I'm fure von think and talk of me often enough; and if the Devil did not possess ye, you would let the Dead alone, and content your selves to prosecute one another. Ye can't fee a High-crown'd Hat, a Threadbare Cloak, a Basket Hilt Sword, or a Dudgeon Dagger; nay, not fo much as a reverend Matron, well stricken in years, but presently ye cry, this or that's of the Mode or Date of Queen Dick. If ye were not every Mother's Child of ye stark mad, ye would confess that Queen Dick's were Golden Days to those ve have had fince, and 'tis an eafy matter to prove what I fay. Will ye fee a Mother now teaching her Daughter a Leffon of good Government ? Child, (fays the) you know that Modesty is the great Ornament of your Sex; wherefore be sure, when ye come in Company, that you don't stand staring the Men in the Face, as if ye were looking Babies in their Eyes; but rather look a little downward, as a Fashion of Behaviour, more suitable to the Obligations of your Sex. Downward! (fays the Girl, ) I befeech you, Madam, Excuse me: This was well enough in the Days of Queen Dick, when the poor Creatures knew no better. Let the Men look downward towards the Clay of which they were made; but Man was our Original, and it will become us to keep our Eyes upon the matter, from whence we came. If a Father give his Son in charge, to Worship his Creator; to say his Prayers Morning and Evening; to give Thanks before and after Meat; to have a care of Gaming and Swearing. Ye shall have the Son make Answer, That'tis true, this was practis'd in the time of Queen Dick, but it is now quite out of Mode: And in plain English, Men are better known now a-days by their Atheism and Blasphemy than by their Beards.

Hereupon, Queen Dick withdrew, and then appear'd a large Glass-Bottle, wherein was Luted up (as I heard) a famous Neeromancer, hackt and mine'd according to his own Order, to render him immortal. It was boyling upon a Quick Fire, and the Flesh by little and little began to piece again, and made first an Arm, then a Thigh, after that a Leg, and at last there was an entire Body that raiz'd it self upright in the Bottle. Bless me (thought I!) what's here? A Man made of a Pottage, and brought into the World out of the Belly of a Bottle? This Vision affrighted me to the very Heart; and while I was yet panting and trembling, a Voice was heard out of the Glass. In what year of our Lord are we? 1636. (quoth I) And Welcome, said he; for 'tisthe happy Tear I have longed for so

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many a Day. Who is it, I pray'e, (quoth I) that I now fee and hear in the Belly of this Bottle? I am (faid he) the great Necromancer of Europe; and certainly you cannot but have heard both of my Operations in General, and of this particular Defign. I have heard talk of you from a Child (quoth I) but all those Stories I took only for old Wive's Fables. You are the Man then it feems: I must confess that at first, at a distance I took this Bottle for the Vessel that the ingenious Rablais makes mention of; but coming near enough to fee what was in it. I did then imagine it might be some Philosopher, by the Fire; or some Apothecary doing Penance for his Errors. In fine, it has cost me many a heavy Step to come hither; and yet to see So great a Rarity I cannot but think my Time and Pains very well bestow'd. The Necromancer call'd to me then to unifop the Bottle; and as I was breaking the Clay to open it, Hold, hold, a little, he cry'd; and I prithee tell me first, how goes squares in Spain? What Money? Force? Credit? The Plate Fleets go and come (faid I) reasonably well; but the Foreigners that come in for their fnips, have half spoil'd the Trade. The Genoeses run out as far as the Mountains of Potofi, and have almost drain'd them dry. My Child, (quoth he) That Trade can never be fecure and open, fo long as Spain has any Enemy that's Potent at Sea. And for the Genoeses, they'll tell you this is no injustice at all; but on the contrary, a new way of quitting old scores, and justifying his Catholick Majesty for a good Pay-master. I am no Enemy to that Nation, but upon the Account of their Vices and Encroachments; and I confess, rather than see these Rascals prosper, I'd turn mv felf into a Bouillon again, as ye faw me just now; nay, I did not care if 'twere into a Powder, though I ended my days in a Tobacco-Box. Good Sir, (faid I) comfort your felt, for these People are as miserable as you'd wish them. You know they are Cavaliers and Signiors already, and now (forfooth) they have an Itch upon them to be Princes: A vanity that gnaws them like a cancer; and by drawing on great Expences, breeds a Worm in their Traffick, fothat you'll find little but Debt and Extravagance at the foot of the Account. And then the Devil's in them for a Wench, infomuch, that 'tis well, if they bring both ends together; for what's gotten upon the Change, is fpent in the

This is well (quoth the Necromancer) and I'm glad to hear it. Pray'e tell me now, what Price bears Honour and Honefty in the World? There's much to be faid (quoth l) upon that Point; but in brief, there was never more of it in Talk, nor less in Effett. Upon my Honefty, cries the Tradelman:

Tradesman; upon my Honour, fays his Lordship; And in a word, every Man has it, and every thing is it, in some disguife or other: But duly confidered, there's no fuch thing upon the Face of the Earth. The Thief favs, 'tis more Honourable to Take than Beg. He that asks an Alms, pleads, that 'tis Honester to Beg than Steal. Nay, the False Witneffes and Murtherers themselves, stand upon their Points, as well as their Neighbours, and will tell ye that a Man of Honour Will rather be buried alive, than Submit, (though they will not always do as they fay.) Upon the whole matter, every Man fets up a Court of Honour within himfelf; pronounces every Thing Honourable that ferves his Purpose, and laughs at them that think otherwife. To fay the Truth, all things are now Topfie Turvie. A good Faculty in Lying is a fair step to Preferment; and to pack a Game at Cards, or help the Frail Die, is become the Mark and Glory of a Cavalier. The Spaniards were heretofore, I confess, a very brave and well-govern'd People: But they have Evil Tongues among them now a-days, that fay they might e'en go to School to the Indians to learn Sobriety and Virtue. For they are not really Sober, but at their own Tables, which indeed, is rather Avarice, than Moderation; for when they Eat or Drink at another Man's Cost, there are no greater Gluttons in the World; and for Fuddling, they shall make the best Pot-Companion in Switzerland knock under the Table.

The Necromancer went on with his Discourse; and ask'd me what store of Lawyers and Atturneys in Spain at present? I told him, that the whole World fwarm'd with them, and that there were of feveral forts; fome, by Profession, others, by Intrusion, and Presumption, and some again by Study; but not many of the last, though indeed sufficient of every kind to make the People pray for the Egyptian Looufts and Caterpillars, in Exchange for that Vermine. Why then (quoth the Necromancer) if there be fuch Plagues abroad, I think I had best e'en keep where I am. It is with Inflice (laid I) as with Sick-Men; in time part, when we had fewer Doctors, (as well of Law, as of Phylick) we had more Right, and more Health: But we are now destroy'd by Multitudes, and Consultations, which serve to no other end, than to enflame both the Distemper, and the Reckoning. Justice as well as Truth, went naked, in the days of Old; one fingle Book of Laws and Ordinances, was enough for the best Order'd Government in the World. But the Justice of our Age, is Trickt up with Bills, Parchments, Writs, and Labels; and furnish'd with Millions of Codes, Digests, Pandetts, Pleadings, and Reports; and what's their Use, but to make Wrangling a Science? And to Embroil us in Seditions, Suits, and endless Trouble and Confusion? We have had more B 3 Books

Books Publish'd this last Twenty Years, than in a Thoufand before; and there hardly passes a Term without a New Author, in Four or Five Volumes at least, under the Titles of Glosses, Commentaries, Cases, Judgments, &c. And the great Strife is, who writes Most, not Best; so that the whole Bulk, is but a Body without a Soul, and fitter for a Church-yard than a Study. To say the Truth, these Lawyers and Solicitors, are but so many Smeak Merchants, Sellers of Wind, and Troublers of the Publick Peace. If there were no Atturneys, there would he no Suits; if no Suits, no Cheats, no Serjeants, no Catchpoles, no Prisons; if no Prisons, no Judges; no Judges, no Passion, no Bribery or Subornation.

See now what a Train of Mischiefs one wretched Petty-Fogger draws after him! If you go to him for Counfel, he Hears your Story, Reads your Cafe, and tells you very gravely: Sir, this is a nice Point, and would be well handled; We'll see what the Law fays. And then he runs ye over with his Eye and Finger, a matter of a hundred Volumes, grumbling all the while like a Cat, that Claws in her play 'twixt Jest and Earnest. At last down comes the Book, he shews the Law, bids you leave your Papers, and he'll study the Question. But your Cause is very good (fays he) by what I fee already; and if you'll come again in the Evening or to Morrow Morning, I'll tell ye more. But pardon me, Sir, now I think on't, I am retain'd upon the business of the Fens, it cannot be till Monday Next, and then I'm for ye. When ye are to part, and that you come to the Greafing of his Fift; (the best thing in the World both for the Wit and Memory, ) Good Lord! Sir, (fays he) what do you mean? I beseech you, Sir; Nay pray'e, Sir; and it he fpies you drawing back, the Paw opens, feizes the Gold, and good Morrow Countryman. Say'ft thou me fo? (quoth the good Fellow in the Glass) stop me up close again as thou lovest methen, for the very Air of these Rascals will Poyfor me, if ever I put my Head out of this Bottle, till the whole Race of them be extinct. In the mean time take this for a Rule : He that would thrive by Law, must Fee his Enemy's Council as well as his own.

But now ye talk of great Cheats; what News of the Venetians? Is Venice still in the World or no? In the World, do ye say? Yes, marry is't (said I) and stands just where it did. Why then (quoth he) I prithee give it to the Devil from me as a token of my Love; for 'tis a Present equal to the severest Revenge. Nothing can ever destroy that Republick but Conscience; and then you'll say 'tis like to be Long-liv'd; for if every Man had his own, it would not be left worth a Groat. To speak freely, 'tis an

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odd kind off Common-Wealth: 'Tis the very Arse-Gut, the Drain and Sink of Monarchies, both in War and Peace. It helps the Turk to Vex the Christians, and the Christians to Gall the Turk, and maintains it self to torment both. The Inhabitants are neither Moors, nor Christians, as appears by a Venetian Captain, in a Combat against a Christian Enemy: Stand to't, my Masters (says he) To were Venetians before To were Christian Enemy.

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Enough, enough of this, cry'd the Necromancer, and tell me, how stand the People affected? What Malecontents and Mutineers? Mutiny (faid I) is fo univerfal a Difeafe, that every Kingdom is (in effect) but a great Hospital, or ra-ther a Bedlam (for all Men are mad) to entertain the difaffected. There's no stirring for Me then (quoth the Necromancer) but pray'e commend me however to those bufy Fools, and tell them, that carry what Face they will, there's Vanity and Ambition in the Pad. Kings and Princes, have in their Nature much of Quick-filver. They are in perpetual Agitation, and without any Repose. Press thein too hard, (that is to fay beyond the Bounds of Dury and Reafon) and they are loft. Ye may observe, that your Gilders, and great Dealers in Quick-filver, are generally troubled with the Palfy; and so should all Subjects Tremble, that have to do with Majesty; and better to do it at first, out of Respect, than afterward, upon Force and Necessity.

But before I fall to pieces again, as you saw me e'en now, (for better so than worse) I besech ye, one word more, and it shall be my last: Who's King of Spain now? You know (said I) that Philip the Third is dead: Right (quoth he) a Prince of incomparable Piety and Virtue, or my Stars deceive me. After him, (said I) came Philip the IV. If it be so (quoth he) break, break my Bottle immediately, and help me out; for I am resolv'd to try my Fortune in the World once again, under the Reign of that Glorious Prince. And with that word, he dash'd the Glass to pieces against a Rock, crept out of his Case, and away he ran. I had a good mind to have kept him Company; but as I was just about to start, Let him go, let him go, cry'd one of the Dead; (and laid hold of my Arm.) he has Devilish Heels, and you'll never overtake

So I staid, and what should I see next but a wondrous Old Man, whose Name might have been Bucephalus by his Head, and the Hair on his Face might very well have stuffed a couple of Cushions: Take him together, and you'll find his Picture in the Map, among the Savages. I need not tell ye that I stared upon him sufficiently; and he tak-

not tell ye that I stared upon him sufficiently; and he takin z notice of it, came to me, and told me; Friend (say B 4 he) my Spirit tells me, that you are now in pain to know who I am; understand that my Name is Nostradamus. Are you the Author then (quoth I) of that Gallimansiry of Prophesses, that's Publish d in your Name? Gallimansiry, say'st thou? Impudent and Barbarous Rascal that thou art, to despise Mysteries that are above thy reach, and to revile the Secretary of the Stars, and the Interpreters of the Destinies: Who is so brutal as to doubt the meaning of these Lines?

From second Causes, this I gather, Nought shall befal us, Good or Ill, Either upon the Land or Water, But what the great Disposer will.

Reprobate and befotted Villains that ye are; What greater Bleffing could betide the World, than the Accomplishment of this Prophecy? Would it not establish Justice and Holines, and suppress all the Vile Suggestions and Motions of the Devil? Men would not then any longer fet their Hearts upon Avarice, Cozening, and Extortion, and make Money their God; that Vagabond Money, that's perpetually trotting up and down like a wandring Whore, and takes up most commonly with the unworthy, leaveing the Philosophers, and Prophets, which are the very Oracles of the Heavens, (such as Nostradamus) to go bare-soot. But let's go on with our Prophecies, and see it they be so frivolous and dark, as the World reports them.

When the marry'd shalt marry,
Then the fealous will be forry;
And though Fools will be talking,
To keep their Tongues walking;
No Man runs well I find,
But with's Elbows behind,

This gave me such a fit of Laughing, that it made me cast my Nose up into the Air, like a Stone-Horse that hath got a Mare in the Wind: Which put the Astrologer out of all patience. Bustoon, and Dog-Whelp, as ye are (quoth he) there's a Bone for you to pick; you must be inarling and snapping at every thing. Will your Teeth serve you now to setch out the Marrow of this Prophessy? Hear then in the Devil's Name, and be mannerly: Hear, and Learn, I say, and let's have no more of that Grinning, unless ye have a mind to leave your Beard behind ye. Do ye imagine that all that are married, marry? No, not the one half of them. When you are married, the Prics' has done his part; but after that, to marry, is to do the Duty of a Husband. Alack, how many marry'd Men live as it

they were fingle! and how many Batchelors on the other fide, as if they were marry'd! after the Mode of the Times. And Wedlock to divers Couples, is no other than a more sociable state of Virginity. Here's one half of my Prophecy expounded already; now for the rest. Let me see you run a little for Experiment, and try if you carry your Elbows before or behind. You'll tell me perhaps, that this is ridiculous, because every body knows it. A pleasant Shift: As if Truth were the worse for being plain. The things indeed that you deliver for Truths, are for the most part meer Fooleries and Mistakes; and it were a hard matter to put Truth in such a Dress as would please ye. What have ye to fay now, either against my Prophecy or my Argument? Not a Syllable, I warrant ye, and yet somewhat there is to be faid; for there's no Rule without an Exception. Does not the Physician carry his Elbow before him, when he puts back his Hand to take his Patient's Money? And away he's gone in a trice, fo foon as he has made his Purchase. But to proceed, here's another of my Prophecies for ye.

Many Women shall be Mothers, And their Babbies, Their N'own Daddies.

What fay ye to this now? Are there not many Husbaids do ye think (if the truth were known) that Father more Children than their own? Believe me (Friend) a Man had need have good Security upon a Woman's Belly; for Children are commonly made in the Dark, and 'tis no eafy Matter to know the Workman, especially having nothing but the Woman's bare word for't. This is meant of the Court of Assignmes; and whoever interprets my Prophesies, to the Prejudice of any Person of Honour, abuses me. You little think what a World of our Gay Folks in their Coaches and six, with Lacquies at their Heels, by the Dozens, will be found at the last day, to be only the Eastards of some Pages, Gentlemen-Usbers, or Valets de Chambre of the Family; nay, perchance the Physician may have had his Hand in the wrong Box, and in case of a necessity, good use has been made of a suffy Coachman. Little do you think (I say) how many Noble Families upon that grand Discovery, will be found extinct for want of Issue.

I am now convinc'd (faid I to the Mathematician) of the Excellency of your Predictions; and I perceive (fince you have been pleas'd to be your own Interpreter) that they have more weight in them than we were aware of Ye shall have one more (quoth he) and I have done.

This Year, if I've any skill i'th' Weather, Shall many a one take Wing with a Feather.

I dare say that your Wit will serve ye now to imagine, that I'm talking of Rooks and Jack\_daws; but I say, no; I speak of Lawiers, Atturneys, Clerks, Serveners, and their Fellows, that with the Dash of a Pen can defeat their Clients of their Estates, and sy away with Them when they have

done.

Upon these Words, Nostradamus vanisht, and some body plucking me behind, I turn'd my Face upon the most meager, melancholick Wretch that ever was feen, and cover'd all in white. For Pity's fake, (fays he) and as you are a good Christian, do but deliver me from the Persecution of these Impertinents and Bablers that are now tormenting me, and I'll be your Slave for ever, (casting himself at my Feet in the same Moment, and crying like a Child.) And what art thou (quoth I) for a miscra-ble Creature? I am (says he) an antient and an honess Man, although defam'd with a thousand Reproaches and Slanders: And in fine, fome call me Another, and others Somebody; and doubtless ve cannot but have heard of me. as Somebody fays, crys one, that has nothing to fay for himself; and yet till this instant, I never so much as open'd my Mouth. The Latins call me Quidam, and make good use of me to fill up Lines and stop Gaps. When ye go back again into the World, I pray'e do me the favour to own that you have feen me, and to justifie me for one that never did, and never will either Speak or Write any thing, whatever fome Tatling Idiots may pretend. When they bring me into Quarrels and Brawls, I am call'd forfooth, A certain Person: In their Intriegues, I know not who: And in the Pulpit, A certain Author: And all this, to make a Mystery of my Name, and lay all their Fooleries at my Door. Wherefore I befeech ye help me; which I promis'd to do. And fo this Vision withdrew to make place for another.

And that was the most frightful piece of Antiquity that ever Eye beheld in the shape of an Old Woman. She came modding towards me, and in a hollow ratling Tone, (for she spoke more with her Chops than her Tongue,) Pray'e, (says she) Is there not somebody come lately hither from the other World? This Apparition, thought I, is undoubtedly one of the Devil's Scare-Crows. Her Eyes were so sundoubted in their Sockets that they look tlike a pair of Dice in the bottom of a couple of Red-boxes. Her Cheeks and the Soles of her Feet, were of the same Complexion. Her Mouth was pale and open too, the better to receive the Difilations of ler Nose. Her Chin was cover'd with a kind of Goose-down, as

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Toothless as a Lamprey; and the Flaps of her Cheeks were like and Ape's Bags: Her Head dane'd, and her Voice at every word kept time to't. Her Body was Veil'd, or rather wrapt up in a throud of Grape. She had a Crutch in one Hand, which ferv'd her for a Supporter; and a Rofary in t'other, of fuch a length, that as she was stooping over it, a Man would have thought the had been Fishing for Death's Heads. When I had done gaping upon this Epitome of past Ages; Hola! Grannum, (quoth I, good lustily in her Ear, taking for granted that the was deaf) what's your Pleasure with me? With that she gave a Grunt, and being much in wrath to be called Gramum, clapt a pair of Spectacles upon her Nofe, and Pinking through them, I am, quoth the, neither Deaf nor Grannam, but may be called by my Name as well as my Neighbours; (giving to understand, that Women will take it ill to be called Old, even in their very Graves. ) As the spake, the came still nearer me, with her Eyes dropping, and the finell about her perfectly of 2 dead Body. I begg'd her pardon for what was pait, and for the future her Name, that I might be fure to keep my felf within the bounds of Respect. I am call'd (says the) Donegna, or Madam the Gouvernante. How's that, quoth I, in a great Amazement? Have ye any of those Cattle in this Country? Let the Inhabitants pray heartly for Peace then; and all little enough to keep them quiet. But to fee my Mistake now, I thought the Women had not died when they came to be Gowvernantes, and that for the punishment of a wicked World the Gouvernantes had been immora tal. But I am now better inform'd, and very glad truly to meet with a Person I have heard so much talk of. For with us, who but Madam the Gouvernante at every turn? Do you fee that Mumping Hag, cries one? Come here, ye Darn'd fade, cries another. That Old Bawd, fays a third, has forgotten, I warrant ye, that ever the was a Whore : And now fee if we do not remember ye. You do fo, and I'm in your debt for your remembrance, the Great Devil be your Pay-Master, ye Son of a Whore, you: Are there no more Gouvernantes than my felf? Sure there are, and ye may have your Choice without affronting me. Well, well, (faid I) have a little patience, and at my return I'll try if I can put things in better order. But in the mean time, what bulinel's have you here? Her Reverence upon this was a little qualified, and told me, that she had now been Eight hundred Years in Hell, upon a delign to erect an Order of the Gouvernantes; but the right Worshipful the Devil-Commissioners, are not as yet come to any Resolution upon the Point. For, fay they, if your Gowvernances should ome once to fettle here, there would need no other Tormentors

mentors, and we should be but so many Jacks out of Office. And besides, we should be perpetually at Daggers-drawing about the Brands and Candle-Ends, which they would still be filching, and laying out of the way; and for us to have our Fuel to feek, would be very inconvenient. I have been in Purgatory too (The faid) upon the fame Project: but there so soon as ever the y fer Eye on me, all the Souls cry'd out unanimously, Libera nos, &c. As for Heaven, that's no Place for Quarrels, Slanders, Disquiets, Heart-burnings, and consequently none for Me. The Dead are none of my Friends neither, for they grumble, and bid me let them alone as they do me, and be gone into the World again if I please, and there (they tell me) I may play the Gouvernante in facula faculorum. But truly I had rather be here at my eafe than fpend my Life crumpling, and brooding over a Carpet at a Bed-fide, like a thing of Clouts, to fecure the Poultry of the Family from strange Cocks, which would now and then have a brush with a Virgin Pullet, but for the care of the Gowvernantes. And yet 'tis she, good Woman, bears all the blame in case of any Miscarriage: The Gouvernante was presently of the Plot, she had a feeling in the Cause, a Finger in the Pye: And 'tis she, in fine, that must answer for all. Let but a Sock, an old Hankercher, the greafie Lining of a masque, or any fuch frippery piece of bufiness be missing; ask the Gowvernante for this or for that. And in short, they take us certainly for so many Storks and Ducks, to gather up all the filth about the House. The Servants look upon us as Spies and Tell-tales: My Coufin forfooth, and t'other's Aunt dares nor come to the House for fear of the Gowvername. And indeed I have made many of them Groß themselves that took me for a Ghoft. Our Mafters they curfe us too; for embroiling the Family. So that I have rather chosen to take up here betwixt the Dead and the Living, than to return again to my Charge of a Donegna, the very found of the Name being more terrible than a Gibbet; as appears by one that was lately travelling from Madrid to Vailladolid, and asking where he might lodge that Night? Answer was made, at a small Village call'd Donegnas. But is there no other Place (quoth he) within some reasonable distance, either short, or beyond it? They told him, No, unless it were at a Gallows. That shall be my Quarter then, (quoth he) for a Thousand Gibbets are not so bad to me as one Douegna. Now you fee how we are abus'd, (quoth the Governante) I hope you'll do us fome Right when it lies in your Power.

She would have talk'd me to Death, if I had not given her the slip upon the removing of her Spectacles; but

could